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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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INSURANCE
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Jute Strikers' 'No' To Govt's Offer

SPINWAM UNDER FIRE

Sequel To Concentration Of Forces By Hostile Tribesmen

NEW DELHI: April 13.

Considerable number of bodies of hostile tribesmen are concentrated in the Spinwam area, and a scouts' post at Spinwam was heavily fired on during the day on the 11th and 12th instant. A civilian lorry proceeding to Razmak was fired on at Shini Algad in the evening of April 11, but the hostile men were driven off by Khassadars.

Some Borakhel Wazir Khassadars, returning to Razmak, were fired on at the same place on the same day by a gang of Torikhel, but successfully resisted the attack.—A. P.

FUND FOR SPANISH RELIEF

A.I.C.C. Remits £50 To London Committee

ALLAHABAD: April 13.

The foreign department of the All-India Congress Committee has remitted £50 to Spain India Committee, London, towards Spanish relief work.—United Press.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR SURRENDER?

Rebels Preparing For Attack On Madrid

BAYONNE, April 13.

The shortage of food, it is believed, will play an important part in bringing about the collapse of the Basque resistance at Bilbao.

It is significant that, although the Insurgent offensive has halted, no heavy counterattacks are reported.

Rumours of negotiations for surrender, though denied in Bilbao have been current. The surrender of Bilbao would mean that the Government forces in Santander and those besieging Oviedo would be taken in the Flank. With the collapse of the Government resistance in the north, large forces of men and important naval contingents would be released for the attack on Madrid and Valencia and to blockade the southern coast. —Reuter.

Six Govt. Tanks Captured?

SALAMANCA, April 13

Enormous losses by the International brigades on the Madrid Front are claimed by an Insurgent communique which states that Government attacked strongly after artillery operations in Cerrodelaguila, Cuestadelas and Perdices.

They were supported by Russian tanks but retreated in disorder. Six tanks were captured and two destroyed. The fleeing soldiers were again subject to machinegun fire by their own rearguard as well as by the Insurgents with the result that they were decimated.

Rebels Get Reinforcements

MADRID, April 13.

The insurgents have received considerable reinforcements on the Madrid front where they launched a vigorous counter offensive.—Reuter

THREE CONGRESSMEN ARRESTED AT HAZARI BAGH?

PATNA, April 13.

A telephonic message has been received to-day at Sadaqat Ashram, headquarters of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee, to the effect that three Congress workers were arrested at Hazaribagh under section 188.

Details are lacking.—United Press.

A. P.

Ford To Face Imprisonment

Sequel To Anti-Union Pronouncements

Supreme Court's Decision On Wagner Act Clears Issue

WASHINGTON, April 13.

Mr. Henry Ford might conceivably have to go to prison for his recent anti-Union pronouncements.

This is a result of yesterday's Supreme Court decision that the Wagner Act is constitutional.

Mr. Ford has consistently refused to recognise the Union bargaining in his factories. The Wagner Act provides imprisonment where an employer refuses "to bargain collectively with the proper representatives of his employees."

It is reported, however, that the pronouncements of Mr. Ford last week that he would not recognise any collective bargaining agency were only made after legal advice that there was not the slightest chance of a court holding the pronouncements to contravene the Wagner Act.

Mr. Madden, the Administrator of the Act, on the other hand, opined yesterday that Mr. Ford is "definitely a subject" for the Act. —Reuter's Special.

RS. 10 LAKHS FOR PUNJAB PEASANTS

Revenue Remissions, Sequel To Havoc Caused By Hailstorm

LAHORE, April 13.

Ten lakhs of rupees remissions of Land Revenue and Water rate will be granted by the Government to the peasants, according to a statement made by the Revenue Minister, on account of the havoc caused by a recent hailstorm.

The Minister added that a conference of District officers would be held shortly to consider about further relief. He added, 300 villages in five districts were affected—A. P.

TWO KILLED IN AIR CRASH

NEW DELHI, April 13.

Wapitik 1301 of No. 27(B) Squadron crashed near Miranshah Aerodrome at 9-50 a.m. to-day resulting in the death of pilot officer J. B. Pascode Well and R. W. Gibbs. —United Press.

MAHATMA LEAVES FOR HUDLI

WARDHA: April 13.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan has left for Hudli to attend the Gandhi Sewa Sangha Conference of the All-India Village Industries Association.

Mahatma Gandhi and party leave for Hudli to-morrow.—A. P.

When Gandhiji Will Pass Through Poona

POONA: April 13.

Mahatma Gandhi will be making an eight hours' stay here on April 15, when he passes through Poona, 'en route' to Belgaum, to attend the Gandhi Seva Sangh Conference and the annual meeting of the All-India Village Industries Association which is being held in Hudli village.

Mahatma Gandhi and party will arrive in Poona from Wardha at noon on Thursday and will leave the same night by the Bangalore Mail.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan arrives here to-morrow and will stay for the day and then proceed onwards with Mahatma Gandhi.—A.P.

WILL VICEROY FIND WAY OUT?

Sir M. Usman's Hopes And Fears

MADRAS: April 13.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, Sir Mahomed Usman, K.C. I.E., ex-Acting Governor of Madras, said:

"The present political situation in the country is a very serious one and damaging to it. It is the desire of every body that the majority party should undertake its responsibility and carry on the administration. Without going into the merits of the case, the solution which the country so badly requires can be found by statesmanlike action.

"I sincerely trust that the Viceroy will soon find a way to such a solution."—A. P.

CAPITULATIONS CONFERENCE

Nahas Pasha Elected President

MONTREUX, April 13.

The Egyptian Capitulations Conference which opened yesterday with a declaration by Nahas Pasha, which is generally welcomed as moderate and conciliatory, leaving the door open for negotiations, was resumed this morning when the heads of the various delegations made replies

Mr. Euan Wallace said that Britain was of opinion that, from the fact all the Capitulatory Powers had accepted the invitations to attend the Conference, they agreed in principle with its avowed aim. He said that a rational solution of the problem was a transitional period in which the mixed courts would continue to function and also deal with cases at present coming before the consular courts.

Other speakers, including the French, Norwegian, American and Italian delegates expressed sympathy with the aims of the Conference.

The Public Session concluded and the conference will now work in committee.

Three chief points on which the negotiations ventre will be the duration of the Transition period, the proposal to estiablish a majority of Egyptian judges in the mixed courts and a proposal immediately to suspend the fiscal immunity of foreigners.

Nahas Pasha was elected President of the Conference.—Reuter.

Bengal Deadlock To Continue

Workers Demand Recognition Of Union & Restoration Of Wage-Cut

CALCUTTA: April 13.

A Press bulletin issued by the All-Bengal Jute Workers' Central Strike Committee states:—

"A deputation of about 40 workers and representatives of the Central Strike Committee waited on the Chief Minister and the Minister in charge of Labour yesterday when the Hon'ble Ministers informed the deputationists that there had been a change of Government involving a change of policy and that the present Government would try to meet the grievances of the workers even if they go back to work unconditionally.

"They also stated that they had a talk with the Jute Mill Association which gave this assurance that their grievances would be sympathetically considered if they go back to work.

"Finally the Ministers advised the strikers to call off the strike on the following assurance given by them in writing on behalf of the Government:—

(1) All, without exception, to be taken in.

(2) No victimisation owing to taking part in the strike;

(3) An Impartial Board of Conciliation or Court of Enquiry to be appointed to investigate into the demands of the workers and to give effect to its recommendations within a fortnight.

"The deputationists insisted on the inclusion of the workers' representatives in the Board of Conciliation or Court of Enquiry and the withdrawal of the order under section 144 at once, promulgated in the jute mill areas".

Enquiries in Labour circles show that the workers are not prepared to join work until their minimum demands, namely, recognition of their Union, no victimisation, restoration of the wage cut of 1932 and security of service are accepted immediately. — United Press.

STOP PRESS.

In Rhineland Again

METZ: April 13.

Across the Frontier from Lorraine, French people are watching with some anxiety the construction of German fortifications in the former demilitarised Rhineland.

The Germans are doubling the Maginot Line with a series of hidden tank traps.

It is also reported that they are mining the bridges, including those in Saar-Brucken.

The Line covers a number of centres of the rich coal-bearing region of the Saar. It also runs through Palatinate from Pirmasens to Kaiserlantern, which section is being most rapidly completed while large barracks are stated to be in the course of construction in Neunkirchen.—Reuter.

BR. BOARD OF TRADE & SPAIN

LONDON: April 13.

Following intimation by Gen. Franco the Board of Trade announced to-night that mining by Insurgent warship will be intensified between Sacratif and Cape Falco in the Mediterranean and between Cape Vidiod and Cape Malhichaco in the Bay of Biscay.—Reuter.

Leaders' Challenge To Governors

CALL LEGISLATURES OR ORDER FRESH ELECTIONS

Congress Sure Of Winning More Recruits To Its Ranks

On Tuesday, the last day of the National Week, Congress leaders sounded a clarion call to the electorate to be ready for fresh elections at any time in the near future, in view of the political situation in the country.

Two public meetings were held on Tuesday night, one at Bhuleshwar, under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, and the other at Dana Bunder, Mandvi, under the auspices of the Mandvi District Congress Committee. Both the meetings were largely attended.

"Censure Puppet Ministry"

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel speaking at Mandvi exhorted the electorate all over the Province to hold meetings in the nook and corner of every village and express their want of confidence in the puppet ministry.

Within Six Months!

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai speaking at Bhuleshwar declared that, if the Congressmen found that they could serve the nation by accepting offices, no considerations of prestige would have held them back from doing so. But without the Delhi formula, the Congress could not take up offices. Within the next six months, the fate of the New Constitution would be sealed. If the Governor took charge of the administration of the Province, the victory of the Congress would be complete.

BULWARKS OF CONGRESS

Bhulabhai On Awakening Of Masses

A public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee was held at Popatwadi, Kalbadevi, on Tuesday night, with Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai in the Chair.

Sjt. Bhulabhai said that the National Week was observed to commemorate an event which had since stirred thousands of souls, had almost the same significance to thousands of Indians. To-day the spirit of nationalism was steadily growing and people were slowly realising that their individual interests were almost identical with the interests of the nation. The consciousness of nationhood had dawned on the masses and had left its deep impress in their activities. To-day the Congress continued to progress from strength to strength, though the people did not as yet realise what their strength really meant.

Continuing the speaker said that events in India as perhaps in the other parts of the world, were moving rapidly and it was necessary for every man and woman to follow their trend closely and study the political situation in India. It was not necessary that every one should understand the intricacies of the national problem, but it was essential that they should have a fair knowledge of the fundamental principles on which the freedom movement was based.

Therefore, it was but natural that on that day, the last day of the National Week during which only a few years ago, stirring things had happened in the Punjab, they should take stock of the political situation in the country and find out for themselves whether they had marched forward or receded back.

ELECTION POINTERS

Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai next referred to the recent elections. The world was surprised at the success of the Congress, for there was every indication that people outside India knew little of the Congress and its strength. Several Governors in the Provinces thought that very few Congress-

(Continued On Page 12—Col. 6)

WHO REPRESENTS THE NATION?

Sardar's Challenge To Governors

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel presided at a public meeting held on Tuesday night at Dana Bunder, Mandvi, to observe the last day of the National Week.

Sardar Vallabhbhai said that the National Week reminded the people of the Jalianwalla Baug tragedy, in which the blood of the Hindus, the Muslims and the Sikhs flowed in one stream. It was a memorable occasion and they could not do better than review their past struggles and ascertain where exactly they stood.

Mahatma Gandhi, continued the speaker, went to the Round Table Conference as the sole representative of the Indian National Congress. But in London his claim that the Congress represented the people of India was disputed. He came back to fight another battle, while the politicians hammered out a constitution which was rejected by the people of India. And the Congress took up the challenge in earnest and while rejecting the constitution, the Congress took advantage of the new franchise and proved beyond doubt and dispute that the Congress and Mahatma Gandhi did represent the nation.

ONLY COURSE LEFT FOR CONGRESS.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel declared that the Congressmen were not anxious to accept offices, while they did not wish to shirk their responsibility. The Congress stipulated its terms and embodied its programme in the resolutions adopted in Delhi, and for one week, all sections of opinion in the country appeared to have approved them. But the Governors expressed inability to give the required assurance and the only course left for the Congress was to refuse to form the ministries.

It was the misfortune of this country that men could be found to form what were called the "Interim" Ministers. Their position was not different from that of regular paid servants of the British bureaucracy and their action deserved condemnation.

HOLLOW PROGRAMME.

The programme of the interim ministry, said Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, was hollow. If the ministers thought that by their programme they could torpedo the Congress position, they were mistaken, for the Congressmen were made of sterner stuff. Till recently Mr. Jamnadas Mehta organised "Famine Relief" fund as Mayor of Bombay. Why was he silent now, as Finance Member, when the ryots were being put to much hardship and were called to pay the assessment?

If these Ministers felt that what they were doing was right, why were they afraid of facing the legislatures?

He exhorted the electorate to be alert and not to be caught napping. And on behalf of the electorate he issued a challenge to the Governors to call the legislatures or order fresh elections.

Mr. K. M. Munshi speaking at the meeting expressed the view that if there were fresh elections, Congressmen would be returned to the legislatures with added strength.

ANXIOUS FOR SETTLEMENT

Influential Madras Move To Approach Mahatma And Viceroy

MADRAS: April 13.

According to the "Madras Mail" preliminary conversations are taking place among the leading non-Congressmen in the city with regard to the holding of a meeting to decide on the best manner of approaching the Viceroy and Mahatma Gandhi to get over the present impasse.

Similar conversations, says the paper, are proceeding among the leading members of the Justice Party to devise ways and means to appeal to the Viceroy and the Congress to end the present deadlock and bring about reconciliation.—United Press.

Non-Congress M. L. A's.' Meeting

MADRAS: April 13.

There will be a meeting of the members of the non-Congress Party in the Madras Legislature on Sunday, May 2, next at Rangaswamy Memorial Hall, Mambalam. —United Press.

PENTANGULAR CRICKET TOURNAMENT?

Hindu Gymkhana Meeting

At a meeting held at the Hindu Gymkhana lately the question of the Pentaugular Cricket Tournament was taken up and the Committee was of opinion that instead of raising "The Rest", a combined side drawn from European and Indian Christian players should be added, the tournament being on communal basis.

BOSE CHALLENGES BENGAL MINISTRY

CALCUTTA, April 13.

An impassioned appeal to his countrymen to take a vow on the last day of the National Week that they would in no way co-operate with the working of the new Constitution but help the Congress in every possible way to combat it, was made by Mr. Sarat Bose, Leader of the Congress Party in the Bengal Assembly, addressing a huge public meeting at Deshbandhu Park this evening in connection with the celebration of the National Week.

Mr. Bose challenged the new Ministry in Bengal to agree to an immediate summoning of the Legislatures but he was afraid that the Ministers would not have that courage to agree to such step.—United Press.

ASIATIC BILL SURPRISE

CAPE TOWN: April 13.

Reuter is reliably informed that the Asiatic Bill will not be proceeded with this session.

The Prime Minister will make a statement to-morrow.—A. P.

TABULATED ADLETS
Low-Cost Advertisements
INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under the heading "Automobile" "Bicycles and Motorcycles". "Books and Magazines", "Cameras and Optical Goods," "Dressmaking", "Employment Agencies", "Educational", "Household Furnishings", "Jewellery", "Machinery and Equipment", "Musical Instrument", "Miscellaneous", "Patents" "Radio", "Real Estate", "Situation Vacant", "To Rent", "Travel" "Typewriter", "Wanted Items", etc. are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word and the minimum charge being Re. 1 for 16 words. When special heading is desired Annas four extra will be charged per line.

REDUCTION: Until further notice for all bona-fide tabulated adlets advertisers, the following concession is allowed, provided the total number of insertion required in one week is ordered at a time and cash payment is made with the order:

Once in a week ..... Full rate
Thrice and over in a week..25 per cent

HOW TO REMIT MONEY: All postal orders should be made payable to "The Bombay Chronicle" and crossed. The advertiser should send the Receipt Coupon, with the letter containing Tabulated Adlet advertisement All money orders should bear the signature of issuing officer and the stamp of issuing office. Crossed cheques are accepted and should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" but insertion of the advertisement will be withheld until cashed Registered post should be used when currency notes and stamps are sent for payment.

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona-fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in spite of not being necessary for publication.

HOW TO SEND REPLIES: Replies to advertisements should be addressed carefully as follows: "Advt Box No....., "The Bombay Chronicle". Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. To prevent mistakes and to avoid misdelivery the Box No. ..... should be written very distinctly and as the specimen shown above.

BOX NO. When Box No. is given to the advertisements of private nature the five words "Box No..... "Bombay Chronicle" will be charged for

REDIRECTING REPLIES: For redirecting replies to our Mofussil advertisers no extra charge is made.

LOCAL ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No..... by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m. to 6 p.m

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserves the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

UNCLAIMED REPLIES: After 30 days all unclaimed replies will be destroyed.

LOSS IN TRANSIT: "The Chronicle" does not assume any responsibility for replies lost or mislaid in transit

REPETITION IN "SENTINEL": Tabulated Adlets appearing in "The Chronicle" will be charged at half the price if inserted in the "Sentinel" same day.

To ensure prompt publication of your Tabulated Adlets, cash payment strictly in advance is necessary.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Salesman to Secure Orders for an every-day household necessity. Bright prospects for really energetic persons. Apply Box No. 2641, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two energetic young men, must be graduates of Bombay University to do outdoor calling as representatives. Apply stating salary required to Box No. 2656, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A whole time Governess and Tutoress to teach all school subjects for a girl in an Indian accomplished family, with prospects for a continental tour with the girl. Boarding and lodging free. Apply till April 15, '37, with photo and copies of testimonials and minimum pay acceptable, etc., to Box No. 8034, "Bombay Chronicle."

Golden opportunity for the educated unemployed. To represent a leading purely National Indian Life Office. Liberal terms of commission recently revised. Apply personally or write to: The Tropical Insurance Co., Hornby Road, Fort. (5236).

Wanted—Applications for the post of an Organiser on salary basis. Apply to the Branch Secretary, Empire of India Life Assurance Co., Ltd., Chowta Bridge, Surat. (7989)

Wanted a Lady Doctor holding L.C.P.S. Diploma with experience in child welfare and maternity work, of at least 5 years. Applications stating age, caste, and minimum salary expected should reach the undersigned not later than 20th April. V. M. Durve, President, Kalyan Municipality. (5730).

Wanted a B.A. (Sanskrit Hon.), B.T., and an undergraduate knowing Drill and Drawing. State experience and salary. Apply Box No. 8048, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Insurance Expert in Life, Fire as Manager. Apply with testimonials, salary, to: The Jubilee Insurance Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 828, Mombasa, (Kenya, B. E. Africa), (8011).

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Extensively experienced Stenographer with first-class European references, knowing Book-keeping, desires permanent situation in good concern. P. A. Risbud, 6, Dhaswadi, Thakurdwar, Bombay, No. 2.

Smart, young, experienced Stenotypist, knowing Accounts. Prepared to go anywhere. Low remuneration. V. Sivaramakrishnan, C|o Mr. K. N. Rama Iyer, Postal Appg. Dept., Irwin House, Bombay.

A B.Com. Advanced Accountancy and Auditing—Optional; German Second language; 30 Speed in Typewriting. G. R. K. Murty, C|o Y. S. Rao, B.A., M.L., Vakil, James Street, Secunderabad, (Deccan).

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Ayurvedic doctor with twelve years' experience in the profession seeks any position. Prefer to act as family doctor to some influential families in Bombay or work in any charitable institution. Apply to Box No. 2616 "Bombay Chronicle."

Dyeing, Bleaching, Finishing and Mercerising Master desires suitable post. Sound practical and theoretical knowledge in Cotton, Silk, Wool, Course and Fine. Expert in Chemistry, erection and organisation. Knowing weaving also. Best results guaranteed. Terms moderate. Dorabji Khursedji Daruvala, Opp. Podders Blocks, Meher Vila, Besant Street, Santa Cruz, B. B. and C. I. Rly.

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Marine First Class Engineer, with extra qualifications and experience desires job on land or with a shipping concern. Excellent references. Terms reasonable. Please reply to K. P. Ghandy, New Bombay-Agra Road, Thana.

Well qualified textile canvasser with six years experience seek position with any reputable Textile firm or manufacturer. Willing to represent in Mysore State on reasonable terms. Good references. Please write to N. Sethu Ram, C|o. A. K. Kothanda Rama Iyer, High School, Tiptur.

Experienced Indian seeks engagement responsible position. Thorough in Accounts, Correspondence in fact every aspect of modern business. Moderate terms acceptable. P. N. Sarma, Jayasinh Building, Sir Bhalchandra Road. Bombay, 14.

An experienced advocate with 10 years' Secretariat experience seeks suitable employment as Secretary, office assistant, personal secretary to legislative members. Please write to Box No. 2782. "Bombay Chronicle".

Ex-Service man can work in any capacity—electrician, store-keeper, clerk, yarn testing master, salesman, cashier, etc. Any reasonable salary will be accepted. Excellent references furnished. Please write to Box No. 2727, "Bombay Chronicle".

Young man with 6 years' experience in business lines seeks situation on reasonable salary. Desire position with any reliable firm or manufacturer as canvasser, representative or commission agent. Apply to Box No. 2764, "Bombay Chronicle".

European with good references, seeks a post as Advertising Representative in a Newspaper or as a Canvasser with a Job Press. Well experienced in the Printing trade. Reply to Box No. 2762, "Bombay Chronicle".

Efficient Stenographer with five years' experience in a Semi-Government and Commercial offices seeks situation. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. Y. S. Sarang, J. K. Building, No. 1, 1st floor, Room No. 14, Gamdevi, Bombay 7.

Young Parsee seeks job of clerk, typist or salesman. Well experienced. Will furnish excellent references. A good all-round cricketer too, having played well-known cup matches. Apply Box No. 2774, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

To Let—For Parsis or Hindus from June on Pedder Road (entrance also Carmichael Road) 1st and top floors together of new small bungalow. 1st floor sitting-room with cloak-room and dining-room with pantry. Top floor 3 bed-rooms, fully up-to-date with hot water service. Big garage and servant's room. Separate garden and entrance. Big terraces back of 1st floor and on top. Quiet spot. Rent Rs. 300. Apply Box 8077 "Bombay Chronicle".

To Let A Pucca-built Godown at Belv. Rd., off Wadi Bunder Road. Suitable for a small factory. Rent Rs. 125. Apply Velji Lukhamsi, Dana Bunder, Bombay. Telephone: 21805. (8083).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET

To Let—Excellent situation, eminently fitted for shop which was lately occupied by Marcks and Co., now by Hoar and Co., at Esplanade Road, from 1st May 1937. Apply Secretary, Haji Zenal Abedin Shirazee Trust, No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort. (8014).

15 HOUSES & FLATS WANTED

Wanted a Film Godown in Fort or in vicinity of Cinema locality for a new distribution office to be started shortly. Write stating rent. Box No. 8072 "Bombay Chronicle."

29 PLOTS & PREMISES WANTED

Wanted Bungalow in Suburban: Open land or garden about 2,000 yards with or without small cottage on lease or purchase cheap near Bandra Post Box 448 Bombay. 8078.

DAIRY REQUISITES

For Sale—Milk Separator Crescent Incubator, Apply to Box No. 2777, "Bombay Chronicle".

FOR SALE

For Sale—Santa-Cruz East of Railway Half mile from station—a property comprising 12836 sq. Yards land with two two-storeyed bungalows and outhouses. Apply Box No. 5177, "Bombay Chronicle."

44. MEDICAL.

For Obstinate Skin Diseases— Weeping eczema, Ringworm, Hongkong foot, Dhobi's itch, Barber's itch, blisters on toes, fingers, etc., use Skin-boone Lotion. At Kemp Thomson Taylor and all chemists. 8070.

Ankhi Khoosh Eye Drop, for sore, inflamed watering eyes, stys, conjunctivitis (Ophthalmia). Recommended by All-India Blind Relief Association. Boon for students, motorists, cinema-goers. At Kemp, Thomson, and all Chemists. 8071.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

The Mutual Life Assurance Corp., Ltd., paying unheard annual bonus Rs. 62-8 on Whole Life and Rs 60 on Endowment per Rs. 1,000 requires Chief District Agents everywhere on liberal commission and handsome allowance. Persons experienced and can guarantee business need apply Post Box No. 50, Baroda. (5237).

Agents Wanted—A lucrative business opportunity. Our 'Mother' sewing machine is of the most up-to-date design and superior quality, universal stand, central bobbin type. It is fast gaining ground in the far and near East markets and preferred by the public to any other well-known machine. Write for terms and particulars to G. Azherali Bros. 94, Nagdevi St., Bombay, 3. 8076.

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE.

Bargain To Hairdressers. For Sale: Brand new Belleville Wireless Portable "Perm" machine. Just unpacked. Owner proceeding England immediately. Perfect results. (Simple quick, economical). Reasonable offer accepted. Box No. 8080 "Bombay Chronicle".

156 MISCELLANEOUS.

Sexus Paste, best contraceptive jelly. Gelotube, best venereal preventive. Write for Catalogue. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (7954)

DEALERS WANTED

To handle tea consignment. Best quality tea in original packing at very reasonable price Only dealers should write for supply straight from the plantations. Write to Box No. 2579 "Bombay Chronicle."

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

Wanted—Ellis' Psychology Of Sex similar books, Carrington publications. Art books photos. Murray's Oxford English Dictionary. Ency. Brit. 14th edition. Apply to Box No. 2639, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—Military Engineer Services Handbook Vol. II (Architecture) and Vol. IV (Elec. Mech. and Water Supply). Secondhand copies of either or both accepted for full original price. Write to Box No. 2769 "Bombay Chronicle"

JEWELLERY

For Sale—Two Fine Emeralds of extraordinary size and several antique curios, very old collection. rate attractive, quick transaction. Apply to Box No. 2748 "Bombay Chronicle"

HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES

For Sale—Refrigerator—H.M.V.— Medium Size—Rs. 400/- Carpets crockery, glassware, kitchen utensils, etc reasonable. Apply to Box No. 2779 "Bombay Chronicle".

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

All-Steel Shelving Ronco Cabinets, office furniture, Partition, etc. every article a bargain. Apply to Box No. 2753 "Bombay Chronicle".

AUTOMOBILES

Morris Eight 4-door Saloon, mileage 9,300. European owned, new battery. Rs. 1,900. No. brokers. Apply to Box No. 2754, "Bombay Chronicle".

Morris 8 H.P. Tourer, taxed end December, new paint, hood, upholstery, carpets, magnificent engine, new tyres. Absolute bargain. Apply to Box No. 2770, "Bombay Chronicle"

1936 Morris Saloon, Series 11, 18 h.p., for sale, Calcutta, 7000 miles, new Rs. 5,800 for Rs. 3,250, going on leave must sell. Apply Box No. 2788, "Bombay Chronicle".

For Sale—1935 Model Baby Ford— Engine and appearance like new mechanically guaranteed, absolutely sound. Even plugs not touched. Original tyres like new. Very sparingly used by owner Engineer driver, 35 miles per gallon. Lots of spare fittings and tools. Price Rs. 1,500. Apply to Box No. 2633, "Bombay Chronicle".

KNITTING SUPPLIES

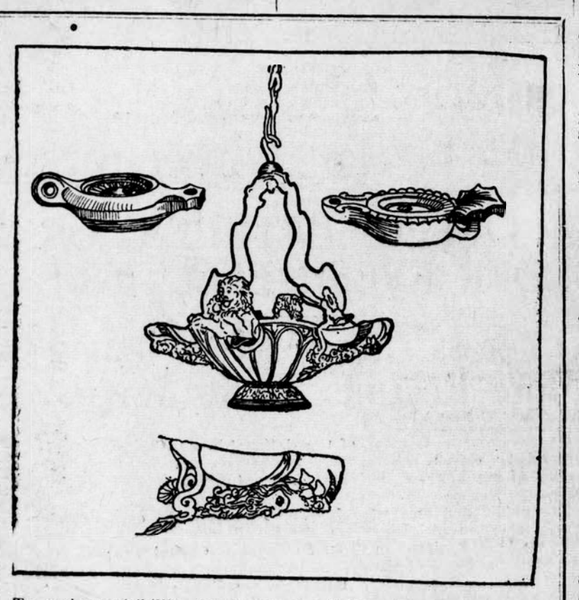
Over 500 thrilling colours, combinations Fashion columnists Economical knitters raving over our famous novelty yarns. Imported for discriminating knitters Begin knitting your winter garments now. Cashmeres, Tweeds, Zephyrs, etc. Re. -/8/- an ounce and up. Apply to Box No. 2800 Bombay Chronicle"

CAMERA EQUOIPMENT

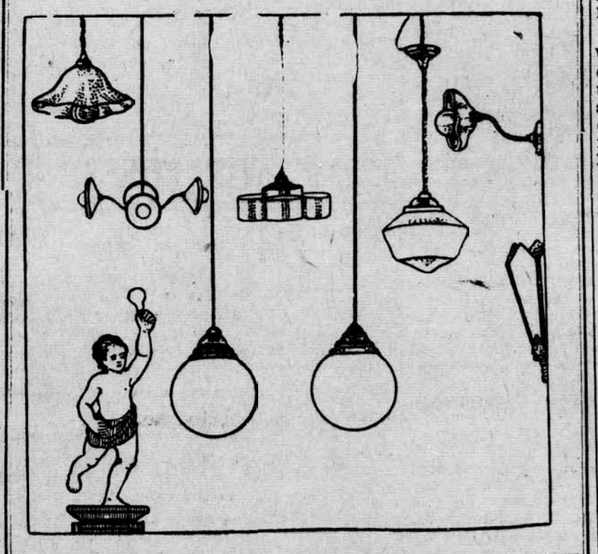
Wanted—To buy Pathe Baby and 16 m.m. Projectors of Bolex preferred also films. Apply Box No. 2749 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Offers for 16 M.M. Movector projector and Movex 3.5 Cine Camera, as new Highest offer secures Apply Box. No. 2765 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A 3 1/2" x 2 1/2" Revolving back reflex with f2.7 or f3.5 lens and preferably with a telephoto lens. Must be in very good or almost new condition. Reply stating condition of the outfit and price wanted to Box No. 2793 "Bombay Chronicle".



To prolong visibility, so to say day-light, deep into darkness man's ingenuity and inventive power devised stone lamps. These were filled with fat and used to lit up his cave-home in the Pleistocene period. The direct forerunner of lamp was torch. For instance, Demeter went forth to search for her daughter with a torch as stated in earlier myth but in later myth Psyche carries oil lamp and to her grief a drop of hot oil falls on Cupid and awakes him. At this point one may wonder if utility was the sole reason for man to devise lamps. It was not so. Because, man from earliest times worshipped light as the symbol of life-giving power, and of joy. Among Parsees light is the visible expression of Ahura-Mazda, the eternal principle of enlightenment and righteousness. Hindus honour light as divine and omniscient and to celebrate the goddess of prosperity Lakshmi they observe Dewali festival. In Jewish ritual light symbolises the presence of Yahweh. In Islam lighted lamps mark things and places specially holy such as Ka'ba at Mecca, and so on we find examples where utility is not only the reason but also the sacredness of light. And as centuries rolled on and on fat for burning in lamp gave way to oil obtained from vegetables and minerals. The lamp used in the 18th century and later was a shallow vessel containing oil into which a short length of wick was placed and lighted. The result was smoky flame, acrid vapours, maximum smell and minimum light. Dissatisfied with this troublesome lighting arrangement . . . . . .Ami Argand in 1784 made first notable improvement in burners. But with the advent of electric lighting in 1808, most of the ancient types of lamps gradually fell into disuse so much so that to-day as times have changed all those who could afford think of using clean and bright electric lights with beautifully designed shades in various colours and patterns for illuminating purposes. Such lights, shades in multi-colour and design, and other electrical fixtures can be easily bought and sold daily through the classified columns of Peoples' Own Paper—"The **Chronicle**".



An active young man of excellent character and references, knowing many modern languages seeks employment as a clerk or rent collector. Ready to work outside Bombay also. K. G. Salian, 28, Manohardas St., Fort.

Wanted situation by experienced shorthand typist with knowledge of Engineering and Machinery business. H. J. Soneji, Dalmia Building, Matunga, Bombay.

Situation wanted by England-returned Agriculture and Forestryman. Good business organising capacity. Write to Box No. 2761, "Bombay Chronicle".

Fourteen years' experienced Inspector of Co-operative Societies, knowing correspondence and accounts works seeks employment. Apply to Box No. 2713, "Bombay Chronicle."

TO
ALL THOSE WHO
ARE UNEMPLOYED

"Chronicle" in order to assist all those who are without employment requiring full time or part-time positions, offers to insert an advertisement in the Tabulated adlets columns, FREE OF CHARGE provided the unemployed are married, have been out of job for one full year, and have experience at anyone trade or profession for five continuous years. Only three names will be accepted for free advertisement in any one class of work.

The management reserves the right to revise or refuse any advertisement without assigning any reason for doing so.

Undergraduate stenographer, 8 years experience, good correspondent, thorough knowledge of accounts, office routine seeks employment, reasonable salary. R. Ramanarayanan, 17 Bhoj Terrace, Vincent Road, Matunga, G.I.P.

An experienced, energetic and honest teacher and businessman wants employment as a tutor, guardian or travelling agent with a consolidated allowance or pay or correspondent clerk Apply to Box No. 2680, "Bombay Chronicle."

Competent, energetic and young Parsee gentleman with 18 years of experience as assistant steward in European-Shanghai Club seeks employment anywhere in India. Best references. Will furnish security. Willing to accept reasonable salary. Please write to Box No. 2685, "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced Parsee youth, well-conversant with Accounts work, correspondence and general office routine, seeks employment in Bombay or mofussil as accounts clerk. Willing to work out-door if necessary. Excellent testimonials. Will accept any reasonable salary Please write to Box No. 2703. "Bombay Chronicle."

Very influential, honest, hard-working former businessman, widely travelled in India, now seeks job of salesman with any reputable business concern or manufacturer either locally or in upcountry. Will accept reasonable salary. Best references. Please write to Box No. 2789, "Bombay Chronicle".

One perfectly efficient in Paper, Stationery, Printers' requirements and machinery seeks employment as canvasser or manager in any office trading in the lines Applicants experience extends over 20 years. Can give best references Reasonable salary acceptable. Please write to K. S. Krishna Rao 7|51 J. K. Building, Gamdevi, Bombay, No. 7.

15 years experience in printing, business, Hindu seeks position as Manager, Superintendent or Canvassers, write to G. V. Bhagwat Bhagirathi Bldg. No. 2 Block No. 7 Chikalwadi, Grant Road, Bombay 7.

Young and experienced Cashier wants position as accountant with reputable firm. Write to Vrijlal D. Mankad, Nagarchakla, Jamnagar.

Chief Clerk and Accountant with excellent references seeks situation Has experience of oil business. Served as Manager of sports club. Please write to Box No. 2695. "Bombay Chronicle."

20. OFFICES TO LET.

Portion of Office room, in Kothari Mansion, opposite G.P.O. Apply D. E. Mistry, Architect, Mint Road, Fort. 8082.

EDUCATIONAL

Public School Education has proved the best in the world. It is what we give at this School. Term reopens June 10th. Information from, The Principal, Shri Shivaji Preparatory Military School, Poona, 5. 5257.

Do you want to learn Shorthand, Typewriting or Accountancy: Please inquire at Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Success guaranteed. Fees moderate. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (8040).

BOX NUMBER ADS

Reply by letter to the "Chronicle" Office will be placed at once in the Box of the Advertiser.

For Mofussil and Local, see the information on Tabulated Adlets.

Rs. 100 REWARD

Will be paid by the "Chronicle" for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone obtaining money fraudulently through Tabulated Adlets published in its columns.

AD-WRITING ASSISTANCE

"Chronicle" maintains an Adwriting Department to help you word your Tabulated Adlets to secure the best results

There is NO CHARGE for service.
Time: 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

CONVENIENCE

A Tabulated Adlets Ad-Viser is near you as your telephone. If not and if you prefer, a "Chronicle" man will call at your home or office in the Fort Area only or advice will be given by Post.

IMPORTANT

All Tabulated Adlets from our Mofussil patrons should reach our Office at least one day prior to the date of publication. And in order to correctly insert the advertisement "Chronicle" requests that the matter should either be typewritten or written in block-letters to avoid mistakes.

OUR SERVICE

Every day of the year except Sundays and Public Holidays our Office is open to receive your Tabulated Adlets and to give you service during office-hours from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Call "Chronicle" Ad-Viser—Telephone 22037
or you are invited to come to Chronicle office,
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Rate one anna per word.
For discount ---- See Information.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.		Name of the Insolvent	Dividend intended to be declared.
1.	380	of 1935	Re: Bapnad Suba Rao Shrinivas Rao.	First.
2.	443	of 1935	Re: Major Raghunath Ganesh Dani.	First.
3.	675	of 1931	Re: Goculdas Khimji Thucker (Jamnadas Goculdas).	First and Final.
4.	407	of 1933	Re: Gulam Nabi Abdul Hamid Surti and Anr.	First and Final.
5.	162	of 1935	Re: Shamji Nensey Sha	First and Final.
6.	392	of 1935	Re: Vishnu Pandurang Kamath	First and Final.
7.	430	of 1935	Re: Haji Umar Haji Sumar Memon ..	First and Final.
8.	433	of 1935	Re: Haji Syed Ali Kazrani.	First and Final.
9.	438	of 1935	Re: Moreshwar Balwant Tendulkar. ..	First and Final.
10.	449	of 1935	Re: Ramzanalli Kassam Thaver.	First and Final.
11.	379	of 1932	Re: Dhondu Tukaram More.	Second.
12.	415	of 1932	Re: Damodar Hari Waknis.	Second.
13.	429	of 1933	Re: Joseph Abadon Pink.	Second.
14.	439	of 1933	Re: David Abraham Kazi.	Second.
15.	447	of 1933	Re: Shamrao Balkrishna Desai.	Second.
16.	429	of 1932	Re: Tukaram Bhawoo Powar.	Second and Final.
17.	566	of 1932	Re: Shivram Laxman Ghodke.	Second and Final.
18.	511	of 1934	Re: Athelstone Marvis Fenwick Cabral.	Second and Final.
19.	412	of 1925	Re: Merwan Manekji Karbhari.	Fourth and Final.
20.	478 & 837	of 1928	Re: Lalbhai Kalyanbhai and Keshrichans Devchand Zaveri.	Supplementary and Final.
21.	647	of 1928	Re: Allibhai Tyeballi Chawalwalla. ..	Supplementary and Final.
22.	145	of 1931	Re: Charles William Gordon.	Supplementary and Final.
23.	367	of 1935	Re: Mukundrao Krishnarao Hathangdi (C.I.B. Hounsa).	Preferential distribution.
24.	429	of 1935	Re: Krishnarao Ganpatrao Dhairyawan.	Preferential distribution.

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the office of the undersigned within fourteen days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rents, lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within fourteen days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay, this 10th day of April, 1937.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILLIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
5254

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch Per insertion

1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The Bank will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 19th instant, that day being a Public Holiday (RAMNAVAMI) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. D. MACGILVRAY,
Secretary & Treasurer (Offg).
Bombay, 9th April, 1937.
5240.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Appeal No. 15 of 1937.

Suit No. 2051 of 1936.

THE PERFORMING RIGHT SOCIETY, LTD. ..... Appellants and Plaintiffs.
vs.
THE CROWN RESTAURANT. ..... Respondents and Defendants.

To,
The Respondents abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the abovenamed Appellants have filed this appeal against the decree of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kania dated 27th January, 1937, and the Court has fixed Monday 28th June, 1937, for the hearing thereof. If you object to the said decree you must file your cross-objections in my office within 1 month from date of service of the Notice of Appeal upon you. In your absence the appeal will be decided ex-parte.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

8th March, 1937.
Messrs. LITTLE & CO.,
Appellants' Attorneys.
5260.

Public Notices.

BOMBAY, MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

Landlords are hereby advised to get their buildings examined by Licensed Surveyors as a precautionary measure against collapse during the ensuing monsoon so that they may be repaired in time if necessary.

N. V. MODAK.
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay.
5255.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

From 12th April, 1937
Office of
AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LIMITED.
will be situated at
MUBARAK MANZIL,
Apollo Street, Fort,
P. Box No. 959, BOMBAY.
Phone No. 27547. Cable AIRTAXIES
AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AIR PLANES OF ALL TYPES ARE AVAILABLE FOR HIRE FOR ANY DISTANCE AT MODERATE RATES.
5239

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 700 BALES COTTON (SURAT: C.P. No. I: MOGHLAI: BERAR: KHANDWA, BURHANPUR, HINGANGHAT, ETC.)

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY the 15th April 1937 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot Sewree near the Cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the above mentioned Cotton slightly damaged by fire and/or water and salved from the fire that occurred in the godown of Messrs. Volkart Bros. on the 7th April 1937.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MENESSE & CO.

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO PERSONS DESIROUS OF INVESTING IN A SOUND BUSINESS CONCERN.

Sale by the undersigned of

(A) The Goodwill of the business in respect of provision and General Stores carried on by Shirinbai Merwan Irani and Motibai Behram Irani under the name and style of B. K. IRANI, at Shop Nos. 4 to 6, E Block, Sitaram Buildings, Market Road, (near Crawford Market).

(B) together with its stock of tinned provisions, patent medicines, perfumery and general stores in great variety including Lightfoot-cold storage installation complete with motors, engine, plant and machinery, furniture, one electric slicing machine, one cheese slicing machine, frigidaire-show-case with compressor, frigidaire-fish-cooler, Neon electric signs, National Cash Register and all other articles and things belonging to the said business and lying at the said shop premises

and

(C) The outstandings of the business as appearing from books of account of the business,

Under instructions from Messrs. Damkewalla & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees-in possession and on account and at the risk of the above mentioned parties the Mortgagers.

The sale will take place at the premises mentioned above at Sitaram Buildings (near Crawford Market) on Friday the 16th day of April 1937 at 3-30 P.M.

The Goodwill, stock-in-trade, furniture cold storage and the outstandings will be put up in one lot.

Full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Damkewalla & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees-in-possession, 361, Hornby Road, Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

PLAZA
(DADAR: B. B.)
SHOWING THIS WEEK
AWAKENING
Starring: ENAKSHI RAMRAO
Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 2-15 p.m. on Sat., Sun., and Holidays.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR-CAR SPARE PARTS.

Pursuant to the Consent Decree dated 20th December 1934 passed in Suit No. 1308 of 1934. (Joachim P. Gomes vs. C. A. B. G. Iyer) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (to-day) Wednesday the 14th April, 1937 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at their rooms.

Motor-car spare parts such as gaskets, exhausts, cut-outs battery cables, dish caps, gears. screws, bearings, brakes, hub-caps, rings, axles, rivets, bolts, speedometers, pestons, pins, valves, springs, axleshafts, universal joints, wheels, etc., etc., in one lot.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

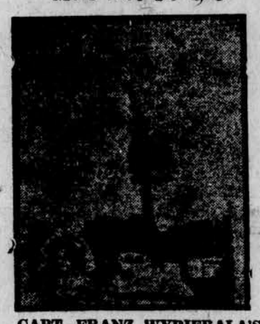
AUCTION SALE OF ONE VALUABLE PANEL STUDDED WITH PRECIOUS STONES. SATSUMA & CHINA JARS, CURIOS, ETC.

Under instructions from the Party concerned and on account and at the risk of Gulam Mohidin Master, Messrs Bennett & Co., will (To-day) Wednesday. the 14th April, 1937, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms.

One Valuable panel, one pair Satsuma jars, one pair China jars, one pair full size Copper-enamel vases etc.

The above articles are on view.
BENNETT & CO.,

SJT. K. F. NARIMAN will preside.
COMING SHORTLY
Behind Charni Road Station.
PROF. DEVAL'S **CIRCUS** and Royal Menagerie
Miss Not To See



CAPT. FRANZ WYBIERALA'S HUMAN CANNAN BALL
GRAND OPENING 17TH INST. AT 9-30 P.M.
GRAND GALA MATINEE ON 18th instant at 5-30 p.m.

FOLLOW The CROWDS
IT'S THE TALK OF THE TOWN
Touching melodrama of a forgotten woman to be remembered by all the times—
Profulla Pictures' Maiden Hit
"MA"
(MOTHER)
Starring:—
KANAN BALA, ZUBEIDA, JAL MERCHANT
(Jal in dual role—as father & son at his best)
Directed by:—
SJT. PROFULLA GHOSH.
THE ROXY
TALKIES—NEW QUEEN'S ROAD.
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun., & Holidays at 2-45

IT'S A "CLASS" PICTURE
Is the unanimous verdict of all who have enjoyed Minerva's
ATMA TARANG
(Broken Sympathy)
Directed and Produced by
SOHRAB MODI
IN THE 4th WEEK at
MINERVA
TALKIES
Lamington Road
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

THRILLS!
YES!.... There are thrills which will stop your blood flowing in your body .... Such terrible thrills you must never have seen before ....
Republic Pictures'
25-part serial in 2 instalments.
UNDERSEA KINGDOM
(This Week 2ND INSTALMENT LAST 12 Parts).
Starring:
World's Strongest Man
RAY "CRASH" CORRIGAN
with
Luis Wilde, Monte Blue, Jack Mulhall, Lon Chaney (Jr.), etc.....
DO NOT MISS IT
THE GLOBE
TALKIES Sandhurst Rd.
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45
Sat., Sun., & Holidays at 2-45

WELLINGTON
CINEMA, Dhobi Talao
Commencing Saturday Next!
SITA HARAN
The thrilling and magnificent episodes from the Ramayana, depicting the ancient glory of Ind.!
The mighty events that led to the kidnapping of Sita and Hanuman's terrible revenge.
NARMADASHANKER
Miss LILA
Miss COOPER
Miss LAXMI
and an all-star cast
MELODIOUS MUSIC, DELIGHTFUL SONGS,
ENTERTAINING STORY OF HEROISM and DEVOTION

COMING!
SEE
SULOCHANA
in
IMPERIAL'S
"JAGAT KESARI"
A romantic tale of Rajput Chivalry with
D. BILLIMORIA, JAMSHEDJI, GULAM MAHOMED, JAMNA, LAXMI, SAYED AHMED, AND GULAM RASOOL
Director:—HOMI MASTER
at
IMPERIAL
CINEMA
Lamington Road, Bombay

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA Gaekwar Of Baroda
GANDHARVA
NATAK MANDALI
AT
BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE
Sunday the 18th April at 3-30 p.m.
KANHOPATRA
By Mr. N. V. Kulkarni
Monday the 19th April at 3-30 p.m.
Specially for Ramnavami
SAVITRI
by Mr. K. P. KHADILKAR
Booking daily from 8 to 11 a.m and 5 to 8 p.m. at the theatre.
Plans open at the theatre

The Greatest Talkie Picture
that has won unprecedented popularity wherever it was shown. . . .
TUKARAM
Prabhat's Greatest Devotional
It's now in its
18th GLORIOUS WEEK
AT
CENTRAL
TALKIES: Girgaum Naka.
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and holidays. . . .
Special Matinee for Ladies and Children on Tuesdays & Thursdays AT 2-30 p.m.

हंस कृत
The name "Asha" as this picture was called-being registered earlier by some other company, "3rd Huns Picture" shall be known as
BEGUNAH
Huns Pictures' 3rd Social Super
Starring
PANNA, SITARA, SHAHU MODAK, BABURAO PENDHARKAR
and Directed by
GAJANAN JAGIRDAR
BEGUNAH
Story by
PRINCIPAL P. K. ATRE
Commencing Soon
at
MAJESTIC
TALKIES Girgaum
हंस कृत

VISIT KASHMERE
Also Nainital, Simla, Mussoorie, Hardwar, Peshawar, etc. Starting on 6th May 36 days tour, Apply to:—
INDUKUMAR R. SHROFF,
Vasant Niwasa.
2nd Parsee Lane Bombay 4.

BANDRA TALKIES
D'Monte Pavilion Perry Road
SATURDAY, 17TH APRIL 1937
SHIRLEY TEMPLE
in
"The Poor Little Rich Girl"
A 20th Century Fox Picture
Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-15 p.m.

THE EMPIRE
Daily 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
FITZPATRICK PICTURES Ltd. presents
"David LIVINGSTONE"
WITH
PERCY MARMONT
Directed by JAMES A. FITZPATRICK

Released by UNITED ARTISTS
NEXT SATURDAY
"FIRE OVER ENGLAND"
with
FLORA ROBSON
LAWRENCE OLIVIER
A Alexander Corda Production
LONDON FILM'S
SUPER SPECTACLE
Plans open. 'Phone 20286

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897)
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund .....Rs. 25,00,000
Head Office:—BARODA.
BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Surat, Navsari, Karjan, Dabhoi, Mehsana, Patan, Petlad, Port Okha, Kalol, Kadi, Sidhpur, Bhavnagar, Amreli, Dwarka, Harij (N.G.), Bhadra—Ahmedabad, Panchkuva—Ahmedabad, and Kapadwanj.
LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.
Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short, Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities
W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

THIRD Glorious Week
It is
NEW THEATRES LTD. (Calcutta)
THAT LEADS
In Indian Film Production where ART and LIFE go hand in hand.
Photographed and Directed by:
Sjt. NITIN BOSE.
UNANIMOUS VERDICT
of the Press and Public
"It is the BEST Indian Picture Produced so far!"
THE President
Starring:
Idol of Millions SAIGAL
with Kamleshkumari, Lila Desai, Nawab, Jagdeesh, B.A., Bikram Kapur.
THE KRISHNA TALKIES
Dubash Theatre.
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45 Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

Infringement Of Elementary Right

SECRETARY OF CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION ON EXECUTIVE ACTIONS ON HARTAL DAY

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Secretary, Indian Civil Liberties Union, Bombay, writes:—

The decision of the C. P. Government to withdraw all prosecutions for alleged seditious speeches during the election is a confession of the original innocence of the persons involved. It is also indirectly a confession of the partisan attitude of the Government in the election. Sufficient amends however are not made to the aggrieved parties by the mere withdrawal of the prosecutions.

The Executive have time and again made use of ordinary emergency powers of a State to limit the freedom of the people for the purpose of suppressing any opposition or criticism of the Government. Under this pretext an order has been issued under Sec. 144 C.P.C. banning the holding of the Jamui Kisan Conference. Similarly the Police Commissioners of Calcutta and Karachi have issued prohibitory orders against peaceful meetings and processions organised by the Congress for April 1st. It is straining the meaning of this restricted right of interference to an absurd degree to imagine that these meetings are called to incite the people to violence or are likely to cause any breach of the peace. We cannot but strongly protest against these infringements of elementary right of citizenship.

Government have declared a state of the emergency in Hooghly and have conferred special powers on the Executive under the Public Security Act. The notification gives no specific reasons for the exercise of these emergency powers. The order is supposed to be in connection with the Jute Strikes in those areas. No violence or breach of peace has so far happened to justify this extraordinary step. We see in it a move to restrict the legitimate rights of labour to strike.

HIT AT LABOUR WORKERS

The right of labour to strike is practically nullified when labour leaders are either externed or otherwise restrained. Mr. B. C. Paul, Secretary of Kushtia Textile Workers' Union, has been asked to leave the town on the ground of his taking active part in the organisation of the recent strike of the textile workers. An undertaking not to attend or address any meeting in connection with the Jute Mills strike has been taken from Thakur Singh by the Howrah Police. Chingalpat Police have served a notice on Mr. B. Srinivasa Rao restraining him from holding meetings or taking out processions in connection with the Toddy Tappers strike. An order of the Magistrate prohibits Gokak strikers from taking out processions, holding meetings or singing songs. The workers of Gokak have been remarkably peaceful during the last four months of the strike. Messrs. Nimbkar, Dange and Karnik of Bombay, who went to Calcutta to attend the Jute Workers' Conference have been served with orders by the Police Commissioner asking them to abstain from organising, convening or addressing any meeting. Mr. P. S. Numboodiri, convenor of the Cochin Tin Factory Strike Committee, it appears, was beaten black and blue by a policeman.

DOUBLE PUNISHMENT

The Punjab Government appear to be very solicitous of the religious susceptibilities of the Muslims. They have demanded a security of Rs. 2,000 each from the editor and printer of the Lahore daily "Karmvir" on the ground of publication of a news-report calculated to wound the religious feelings of Muslims. To demand a security from the editor and another from the printer is punishing the newspaper twice over for the same offence. It is hardly fair.

As a "precautionary measure" it appears security deposit of Rs. 500 each have been demanded from two Sunni and two Shia Urdu papers. Very few Indian newspapers will escape the hatchet if this policy is widely adopted by the Executive.

The same Government have proscribed a pamphlet in Punjabi words entitled "Kukroon Ghoon" under section 4 of the Indian Press Emergency Powers Act, 1931, the language of which section according to Justice Jenkins is "as wide as human ingenuity could make it."

IN COCHIN.

Mr. C. R. Iyyunni, M.L.C., President of the newly-organized Cochin Civil Liberties Union, is under arrest for an alleged seditious speech. The motive back of this move is obviously to nip in the bud any organized effort to protect Civil Liberties of which there are only very few left in Indian States.

To search house after house for stray copies of leaflets and handbills seems to be a wasteful occupation for the police and a nuisance to the public. Hindusthani House in Ansari Nagar was searched last week by the special branch of the police for leaflets captioned "Kranti-Ki-gunj." Similar searches occurred in New Delhi and Lahore.

The latest news of the Executive irresponsibility comes from Patna. Mr. Jay Prakash Narain, the General Secretary of the A. I. C. S. P., has been arrested for breach of the order prohibiting him from leading a procession or speaking at a meeting on April 1. There cannot be any justification in such an order. It is the ordinary right of a citizen to be at any place to speak and protest lawfully against any act of the Government. The meeting and the procession on April 1 were organized by the Congress to protest against the Government of India Act. There certainly is no breach of the peace in this act except that what does not suit the executive.

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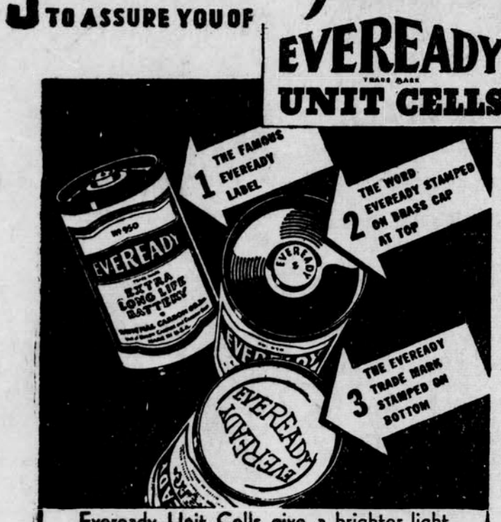
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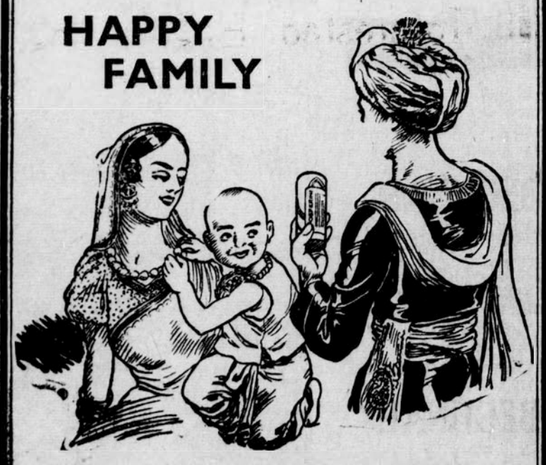

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GSH 21.47 Mc/s. (13.97 m.), GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86 m.) GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. A Programme of Light Music. 8-0 'The Vale of Evesham.' 8-45 The BBC Empire Orchestra. 9-45 Variety. 10-0 The News and Announcements. 10-20 Dance Music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. The VUB Indian Orchestra. Madhumalati. 8-15 Marathi Bhajan. Eknath Hatiskar. "Yere nachu ya." Deskar. 8-30 Exposition of the Gatha. By Ervad Framroz A. Bode. 8-45 Gujerati Bhajan. Eknath Hatiskar. "Sunder maro savaro." 9-0 Popular Hits. (Recorded H. M. V.) 9-15 Hindustani Bhajan. Eknath Hatiskar. "Ankhiya Hari darasan ki pyasi." (With the VUB instrumentalists). 1-0 p.m. Market Report and Announcement. A Classical Concert. 5-30 A Selection of Gujerati Songs. Rajkumari. (Recorded H. M. V.) 5-45 A Violin Recital. (South Indian Music). Sangit Vidwan Brahmarsi Pudukode Mahadev Bhagwatar. Ananthrama Bhagwathar. Mridangam. 6-25 Bhajans. Shidayal Batish of Patila. (Recorded H. M. V.) 6-30 Classical Music. Prof. B. R. Devdhar. "Maru kavana desh." Khayal Marwa. 6-45 Talk (Marathi): "Panning Your Home." No. 1 By Krishnabai Mote. 7-0 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. 8-0 Classical and Light Music. Prof. B. R. Deodhar. "Rajanake Raja" Khayal Kausik Kanada. "Tan man dhana baji lagi re," Dadra. (With Sarangi. Harmonium and Tabla). 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "Some Modern Books." By C. P. G. Wade. 9-15 The News. 9-30 A Potpouri. 10-0 Shakespeare's "Hamlet". Adapted and produced by the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Club. 10-30 An Orchestral Programme.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

7-0 a.m. AIR Orchestra. Ahiri Todi. 7-10 Kumari Jaswant Kaur. Shobd, Khayal, Thumri. 7-40 Gowardhan Das. 8-0 Naghma-i-Raqs on Sitar and Sarod. 8-10 Rafique Ghaznavi, Thumri, Ghazal and Geets. 8-45 Azizal Hussain. 12-0 noon. Indian Music (Recorded). 12-55 1st News Bulletin (Hindustani). 1-0 1st News Bulletin (English) 1-5 A Programme of Classical Overtures. (Recorded). 6-0 AIR Orchestra. Khammaj. 6-10 Kumari Jaswant Kaur. Classical and Light Music. 6-30 Narani. On Sitar. 6-40 Kumari Jaswant Kaur. Classical and Light Music. 7-0 "For Villagers Only." 7-30 p.m. Time Signal and Delhi Market Rate). 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Readings." No. 1. 8-15 Rafique Ghaznavi. Folk Songs and Geets. 8-45 Mock Trials (Hindustani): "Sarkar Banam Jhingam." No. 1. By Hem Chandra Rai. (Performed by Air Artists). The first of a series of mock-trials depicting some common cases of human interest. 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report. (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "Imaginary Dialogues." No. 1 Napoleon vs Gandhi. By N. Sen and R. B. Mathur. 10-0 Gowardhan Das. "Dekhi Krishna surat aj." Thumri Sohini. "Waqt-i-akhir puchhte no kia hamari arzu, Ashkbari hai tammanna beqarari arzu." 10-20 AIR Orchestra. Bahar 10-30 Rafique Ghaznavi. Light Music.

Calcutta Programme

All transmissions will be on VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s and 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

12-36 p.m. The Grand Hotel Orchestra. From the Palm Court of the Grand Hotel. 1-16 Talk (English): "In Your Garden." No. 1. First Steps in Gardening. By S. Percy Lancaster. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Religious Song. Bani Ganguli. 1-51 Kirtan. Kanaklata Ghose. 2-6 Talk Women Status Through the Ages." No. 1. Woman's Place in the New Constitution. By Sm. Jyotirmoyee Ganguli. 2-21 "Baisakh Elo Elo Rey." New Year's Day Musical Extravaganza. By Romen Choudhuri. Produced by Bella Halder. 5-6 A Broadcast for Rural Areas. 5-36 Folk Song. Ashalata Roy. 5-51 Bhajan. Uttara Devi. 6-6 Light Bengali Song. Amiya Sarcar. 6-21 Instrumental Music. The Betar Orchestra. Conducted by Tarak Nath Dey. 6-31 "Rupabhisara." Pala Kirtan. By Nava Gopal Mitra Thakur; Govinda Gopal Mitra Thakur and party. 7-26 The Betar Orchestra. (Continued). 7-36 Talk: "Law for Laymen." No. 2. By Jatindra Nath Dutt. 7-51 Kheyal (Anandi Kalyan). Asfaq Hossain. 8-6 The News and Weather Report (In Bengali) 8-21 Thumri (Gara Khamaj). (Hindustani). Rathin Chatterjee. 8-41 Gazal and Dadra. (Hindustani). Kamalabala (Jharia). 9-1 Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 The News and Announcements. 9-21 Musical Interlude. (Orchestra). 9-25 "Chin-Chin-Chinaman." A Tabloid Thriller in 1 Act. By Percy Walsh. 9-55 Musical Interlude. (Orchestral.) 10-0 "The Stranger." A Comedy Drama by L. du Garde Peach. 10-15 Roy Menjou. Entertainer at the Piano.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc/s.

6-0 p.m. Time Signal. Naghma Bhopali. Khyber Radio Orchestra. 6-10 Nawab Khan. Khayal Puria Kalyan. 6-20 Dilbar Raj. Persian Ghazal. 6-30 Karim Dad. Ghazal—Film Song. 6-45 Sarenda. 6-50 Nawab Khan. Classical Music. 7-0 "Hagha Dagha." (A Programme for villagers). 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Ek Adabi Sohbat." By Mohd. Umar "Qaza." 8-15 Play (Hindustani): "Vichitr Privartan." By Dhani Ram 'Venod.' Performed by the members of the Krishna Dramatic Club, Peshawar. 9-15 The News and Weather Report (In Hindustani). 9-30 The News and Weather Report (In English). 9-45 Indian Music. (Recorded).

COTTAGE INDUSTRIES TRAINING

The 1936-37 Summer School of Cottage Industries for the training of village young men and women arranged by the Rural Reconstruction Centre, Baroda State, will be held at their Centre at Kosamba, B. B. & C. I. Ry. from Wednesday the "14th April to Saturday" the 3rd July 1937.

The size of any one class is limited to forty students. In each class 14 scholarships will be available. Selection, if the number of applicants exceed forty for any one class, will rest with the Superintendent of the Centre.

Theoretical and practical training will be available in the following rural and cottage industries:—(1) Vegetable and Fruit growing, (2) Poultry, (3) Village Milk Supply, and (4) Spinning and Weaving.

FEES.

Admission to the School is open to bona fide rural young men and women of all castes and creeds. Those who cannot be content with minimum comforts need not apply. English and Gujerati will be the languages used for instruction. Instruction will be free to all Barodians, but those who are not subjects of His Highness The Gaekwar should pay a nominal fee of Rs. 3 towards cost of each course. The teaching staff consists of men and women who are experts in their subjects.

Every admitted applicant must pay in advance a sum of Rs. 7-8-0 for boarding and lodging for every 3 weeks of stay at the school. The mess will be vegetarian. Students should bring their own bedding, hurricane lanterns and drinking vessels. No cots will be provided, but those that want them must bring their own camp cots. Separate and satisfactory arrangements will be made for lady students.

RAM MOHAN SCHOOL.

The 9th annual social gathering of the Old Students Union of the Ram Mohan English School was held on Saturday night at the Bombay Theatre when Mr. P. W. Wagh, M. L. A. was in the Chair. Messrs. V. S. Sohoni, S. K. Naique, D. V. Shrikhande, Profs. Hatalkar, Manerikar, V. N. Naik, and R. M. Desai were present on the occasion.

After the performance of Udyacha Sansar, Miss Chitrarekha Naik read the report. The Union had done social service by collecting funds for the Cama Hospital Centenary Fund, for the Blind Relief Association of Poona for which the entertainment programme was held under the presidentship of Her Excellency, Lady Brabourne; and for the Arya Mahila Samaj Charity Fund.

The President appreciated the work of the Union and said that occasions like that brought together persons of diverse temperament or separated by the different avocations pursued by them and a feeling of real brotherhood was felt. He further added that they, as a nation, lacked the quality of team work. If students developed the spirit of team work, he could say without hesitation that they as a community had happy days in store of them. After a vote of thanks by Mr. V. N. Kamat the function was over.

A social dinner was held at the Shree Pant Bhuwan, Charni Rd., on the Sunday following.

FRENCH SUBMARINES IN BOMBAY WATERS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Two submarines belonging to the French Navy, "Pegase" and "Monge" on their way to France from Indo-China will reach Bombay to-morrow morning and probably remain here for a few days.

Select your tooth brush with Care

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2,000 RUPEES

These wonderful and efficient medicines give fullest satisfaction even in 'Summers.' If any one proves that these medicines are not true will be awarded 'Two Thousand Rupees.'

(1) PULVE REJUVENATION:—This medicine is a declared enemy of 'Thin Semen.' If semen goes with urine, it will stop within 3 days and within 7 days normal density is restored. By using this medicine for 14 days, best r... is obtained even in 'Summer.' The users of this medicine even in this hot season experience a powerful emotion. Impotency, weakness of the brain and spine, laziness, paleness, etc., disappear as mosquitoes disappear before air. This powder is useful for unmarried and married also. For 7 days medicines Rs. 2-8.

(2) KAMSAKTI NAVA-JIWAN:—To those who have on account of excessive indulgence or self abuse or to men of 60 to 70 gives 'New Life.' Along with the use of medicine No 1 for 14 days this ointment should be massaged on the private part. It will remove impotency, weakness, smallness, thinness, etc., and the shameful disease will disappear as a rat disappears before a cat. Rs. 2.

Howsoever the patient worst may be the external and internal application will relieve him from the miseries.

Our tonic has belied those who say that tonics do not suit this climate. It gives the enjoyment of life within 14 days of application

Extra postage for 1 or 1 and 2 As. 8 only. Prescription with the medicine The Manager.

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Girgaum, Bombay No. 4.
Those who want to order by V.P.P. should write to head office, Nagpur.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL AMUSEMENTS

ENGAGEMENTS OF THE DAY

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 4, 1993
Muslim: Safar 2, 1305.
Parsi: Avan 11, 1306.
Hightide: 1-31, 14-27.
Lowtide: 7-41, 20-27.
Sunrise: 6h. 22m.
Sunset: 6h. 56m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Municipal Schools Committee, 5-40 p.m.
Exhibition Hockey Match—Bombay Customs vs. Y.M.C.A., Lahore—Bombay Gymkhana Ground at 4-45 p.m.
Aga Khan Hockey Tournament—Paraders' Hockey Club vs. Kirkee Ordinance or Armed Police—Bombay Gymkhana Ground at 5-40 p.m.
St. John Ambulance Association, Bombay Provincial Centres, annunal General meeting, Governor presiding, Government House, 6 p.m.

Thursday, April 15.

Municipal Corpporation, 3-40 p.m.
S. S. "Rawalpindi" with English mails of April 1 due at 4 p.m.
Society of Honorary Presidency Magistrates of Bombay: Annual general meeting, Esplanade Court, 5-45 p.m.

Saturday, April 17.

S. S. "Ranchi" with mails for London sails at 1 p.m.

Monday, April 19.

Ram Navami: Public Holiday
Banks closed.

THE MYSORE ASSOCIATION

Shree Ram Navami will be celebrated from 19th to 25th instant at the Association premises.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Professor M. R. Parekh will meet his students in French to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Buildings.

KHADI BHANDAR CLOSED

A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar, Kalbadevi Road, will remain closed for public sales on Wednesday the 14th instant on account of the completion of the National Week reduced price sales

RECEPEION TO MR. JOSHI

There will be a reception to Mr. P. N. Joshi who has returned recently from South Africa, at Dhru Hall, Dadar, today (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. by his friends and admirers. Professor Ranade will preside.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan per S. S. "Rawalpindi" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 15th instant.

FEATS OF MEMORY BY PROF. T. D. AVADHANI

Under the joint auspices of the Young Men's Parsi Association and the University Students Parsi Union Prof. T. D. Avadhani will give a very interesting demonstration of his Feats of Memory to-day, (Wednesday) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute (Sukhadvala Building, Ravelin Street, Foft), at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.).

GOWD SARASWAT CRICKET CLUB

At the Special Meeting of members of the Managing Committee held on Sunday the 11th instant the following resolution in connection with the very sad and premature demise of Mr. K. N. Divekar was passed, all members standing:—

"Resolved that this meeting of the members of the Managing Committee records with deep regret the very sad and premature demise of Mr. K. N. Divekar who was an active member and as a very promising young cricketer rendered in valuable services to our club in particular and the Hindoo Cricket in general. It is a great loss not to the Hindoo Cricket alone, but to the Indian Cricket in general too. His unassuming manners and loyalty to the Captain on the Cricket field will be ever cherished in our minds.

CAPITOL—"I Dream Too Much." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"David Livingstone" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"His Lordship". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Undersea Kingdom" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Kulvadhu" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President" Time as usual
MAJESTIC—"Sundari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Atma Tarang". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"God's Country and the Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Awakening". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"One in a Million" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Ma". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Forward March". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST-END—"Lure of Gold". Time as usual.

BEST LECTURES FOR 1937.

Mr. A. S. Trollip will deliver the inaugural address to-day, (Wednesday), at 5-45 p.m. in the Conference Hall, Electric House. It is hoped that Mr. H. J. Goddard, Editor, Engineering Supplement, "The Times of India", will preside. The meeting will be followed by a social. Present and ex-apprentices of the B.E.S.T. Company and members interested in the engineering profession are cordially welcome.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Celebes Maru" left Singapore on April 10 and is due to arrive in Bombay on April 23 via Penang and Colombo.

Thana Catholic Association

A successful Social was held on Saturday the 10th inst. under the auspices of the Thana Catholic Association in the Thana Gymkhana. There was a large gathering present.

The Teetotalers Dance Band provided excellent music. The function started with a Whist Drive followed by dancing which continued till the early hours in the morning. Aution Bridge also included one of the items of the evening.

The prizes were distributed by Mrs. S. D'Silva. The following being the recelpants.

Fox Trot Competition (Cups presented by Mr. D. M. Caslings), Miss Rayna Almeida and Mr. Maurice Concessio.

Chocolate Spot Dance (Cups presented by Dr. T. Wells), Miss Dolly Pereira and Mr. H. Flineighen.

Auction Bridge (Cups presented by Capt. A. D'Silva), Mr. J. Karim Mr. G. Purandas.

Ticket Tag Dance. Miss Linda Baptist.

Whist Drive, Miss B. Cowan (Presented by Mr. George Aguiar), and Mr. Joe Lucas Almeida.

Red Cross Pageant Lucky Number Programmes

With reference to the numbered Programme Scheme conducted by the Red Cross Pageant Committee, holders of a number of programme bearing lucky numbers have not yet come forward to claim prizes aggregating to a total of Rs. 1,800/. The numbers of the lucky programme together with the prizes drawn by them are given below:—

UNCLAIMED PRIZES.

Programme No. Pride.
27956 Rs. 1,000, 10382 Rs. 100, 17300 Rs. 100, 38473 Rs. 100, 46y73 Rs. 100 4370 Rs. 100 5134 Rs. 100, 33600 Rs. 50, 9367 Rs. 50, 53868 Rs. 50 and 35605 Rs. 50.

Rural Study Tours For Students

The Bombay Presidency Students' Federation has organised tours to Villages during the vacation. Students will visit different villages in batches of four or five settle down for some days in some of the villages and study the rural problems of the country. We shall learn something from them and give something in return.

The tours will be conducted from three centres. Those who desire to visit the villages in Gujarat (Jallalpore, Bardoli and other Districts) will get all the information from Mr. B. R. Desai, Guards Chawl, Santa Cruz, East. those who desire to go round about Poona may write to Mr. K. R. Puranik, 38, Purandare Colony, Tilak Road, Poona 2, and the others who like to visit villages in Nasik District may write to Mr. G. S. Pohekar, Gokhale Wadi, Bavani Shankar Road, Dadar. All Students who wish to join these tours should writes to the respective persons before the 24th instant.

These tours will last for about a fortnight and the estimated expenses will be about Rs. 15.

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By: A SUBURBAN MAN)

During the last week-end Miss M. K. Davis, Secretary, Children's Aid Society, Bombay, had quite a busy programme in the suburbs. On Saturday she delivered a lecture at the Bandra Gymkhana Pavilion on "The Cry of the Unprotected Child" which proved a very interesting subject and quite a good gathering was present. This was organised under the auspices of the Children's Aid Society, Sub urban Sub-Committee, and the Collector of the Bombay Suburban District presided. On Sunday a party was given to Miss Davis, who is shortly to leave for England, after devoting many years of her life to the uplift of women and children of this Presidency. This party was given on the beautiful grounds of Mr. S. C. Cambata's, Versova Villa and a large select gathering was present. The guests included prominent people, among whom were Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto, Sir Richard Temple, Sir Ishwardas Lakhimidas, Mr. T. E. Streatfield, Dr. P. A. Dias, and Mr. Sultan Chinoy. After the party the guests were entertained to aquatic displays arranged by Mr. Cambata.

VILLAGE UPLIFT AT BASSEIN

The various village uplift schemes formed at Nirmal and Manickpur in Bassein, I am told, are rapidly progressing. Owing to encroachments put by the villagers along the roads, some of the road passages have been narrowed to an extend that makes a single car pass with great difficulty. This matter was represented to the authorities by the Young Men's Catholic Association of Manickpur, an association that is a very active body in the uplift of the village. This representation was responsible in getting the Mamlatdar, Rao Saheb B. R. Muley, to make a thorough inspection of the villages; and the Rao Saheb requested the villagers to remove the encroachments. The villagers have promised to do so.

The other grievance represented to the Rao Saheb was about a long standing grievance of the Nirmal weaver of baskets, who usually purchase their requirements of bamboos from far off places that makes them undergo heavy expenses as well as untold hardships. This grievance was amended by the Rao Saheb who ordered cart loads of bamboos and has made storage arrangements for them. These bamboos are now being sold at a nominal rate. This is highly appreciated by the weavers and it is said to be a great boon to them.

TRIPLE CELEBRATIONS AT BANDRA

On Sunday morning, Chapel Road was 'en fete'. Crowds of villagers and friends lined the road to watch the three celebrations pass.

The occasion was the singing of his first mass by Rev. Thomas Archie Gonsalves and the marriage of his two sisters, Mary Mildred and Julie Rose, children of Mr. John D. Gonsalves, a landlord of Bandra.

The two brides were led to the altar of the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel by their father, and the nuptials, were celebrated by their brother priest who said his first mass on the occasion. The bridegroom were Mr. Bray Amara and Mr. Willie Vandrine.

After the services a reception was held in the St. Aloysius School Hall, when Rev. D. Desa, Dean of West Salsette took the toast of the new priest and Dr. P. A. Dias, Mayor of Bandra raised the toast of the bridal pair.

The young priest Rev. Fr. Gonsalves, is well-known throughout the suburbs especially in Bandra and is a good musician. Nine years ago before he left for Mangalore Seminary, he was a good actor on the stage and was a member of the well-known Colwad Dramatic Union..... his transfer from the stage to the pulpit, I am sure, will find in him a good preacher.

Dr. Hamid Kazi addressing a public meeting at Jinnah Hall on Monday evening on Present Political Crisis and Muslims.

GRADUATES AND SENATE ELECTIONS

The General Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Students' Federation writes:—

ELECTIONS.

The Senate elections will be held in the last week of June. Various candidates have announced their candidature for those elections The B.P.S.F. has received assurances from Messrs. S. K. Shah of Bombay and Manilal K. Desai of Baroda to stand by the Federation in its fight for rights of the Students. Therefore, the Federation has decided to support their candidature.

We request other Candidates who desire the support of the Federation to send in their Manifestoes and a letter defining their attitude towards the Federation and its fight for the rights of the Students.

We appeal to the Young graduates not to promise their votes without considering the serious problems before them. Only those persons who promise to stand by us and who are prepare to fight for the rights of the Students boldly and independently without the fear of victimisation from any source shall get our support. Messrs. S. K. Shah and M. K. Desai are the two persons who promise to fight boldly without fear of Victimisation from any source. They are absolutely free from any sort of direct or indirect pressure as is the case with the Government Servants or the other employees.

We therefore commend these two names to you for your support.

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Arr. Ahmedabad Tuesday and Fridays 10-20 hrs.

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Dep. Ahmedabad Tuesdays and Fridays 14-20 hrs.
Arr. Bhuj Tuesdays and Fridays 15-55 hrs.
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1937

NO COMPROMISE

Among the latest replies to Gandhiji's suggestion of an impartial tribunal may be noted those from the Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastri, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad and Lord Lothian. Sir Chimanlal suggests no new point, no argument against the Congress demand that has not been previously answered. When he remarks that "the electors who have given such great support to the Congress candidates are entitled to expect that those for whom they voted will, without any delay, begin to function as Government, he evidently suggests that Congress should straightway accept office unconditionally. If it is to this end that he pleads for negotiations, he might have spared himself the trouble, for there cannot possibly be any negotiations on the basis he suggests. As for the voters' wishes, if he really respects them, he may remember that the voters have elected Congressmen with the full knowledge that they might not accept office at all and that the public meetings, now being held all over the country, are proof of the electorates solidly supporting the stand taken by the Congress.

Autocarcy Or Autonomy?

Mr. Sastri naively suggests that the Congress should be satisfied with the assurance that the Governor would "ordinarily" refrain from using his special powers. Is he really unaware that the addition of the vague word "ordinarily" makes the assurance practically worthless? Indeed, such an assurance has already been given by the highest authorities, of course, with the knowledge that it will enable the Governor to use his powers whenever he likes. The precise point at issue here needs to be noted carefully. Where the Ministers and the Governor agree, there is no need for any special understanding. But where they disagree, whose view must prevail? That of the ministers who are collectively responsible to the legislature or of the Governor who, in most cases, is a bird of passage, and who is always constitutionally irresponsible? Let Mr. Sastri answer this question unequivocally. If he decides in favour of the Governor, he virtually declares for autocracy. If he really wants autonomy, he must stand up for the ministers.

Lord Lothian's Suggestion

Distinctly more gratifying is Lord Lothian's reply. He calls Gandhiji's plea for arbitration as 'a helpful suggestion,' but points out that the minorities may protest if the arbitration is in favour of the Congress. To this we say first, that the question to be referred to arbitration is, not the political one, whether the assurance demanded by the Congress should be given by the Governor, but the constitutional one, whether such an assurance can be given. If Lord Lothian suggests that the assurance should not be given, even if it can be constitutionally given, then there is, of course, no question of a tribunal. Secondly, we repudiate the assumption that the Governor is, or is accepted by all the minorities to be, a better protector of their interests than the ministers responsible to the Legislature as a whole. However, the best part of Lord Lothian's statement is the concluding one in which he suggests what he considers to be a better way out of the difficulty, a better arbitration tribunal. He says:

"The discretion which the Governor has to exercise is whether his special responsibility will be better discharged by accepting or rejecting the advice of his ministry, when attempts at an agreement have failed. His decision, as all past history shows, largely depends on whether the majority in the legislature is united and resolute and whether it can count on the support of the electorate in the event of a dissolution. If it is, the Governor has usually decided not to provoke a constitutional crisis from which there is no solution save the suspension of the normal functioning of the Constitution. That is why responsible Government has always led to self-government. If, on the other hand, the ministry is pursuing a policy, which raises vehement opposition to a point of imperilling peace and tranquility or the rights of minorities it is right that the first remedy in the hands of the Governor should be to refer the matter to the electorate. That is the true safeguard for democracy itself. Is not the most promising way out of the present difficulty to recognise that once responsible government is in being the ultimate "arbitration" will almost inevitably be exercised by the electorate?"

We agree that the ultimate arbitration must be exercised by the electorate. And the Congress demand clearly implies the same. For, in the first instance, the majority elected by the electorate should have its way. If in any extraordinary case the Governor thinks he must intervene in spite of his assurance to the ministers, he can do so. Only he will have to dismiss his ministers and take upon himself the full responsibility for his intervention, and then refer the dispute to the arbitration of the electorate. If this is the procedure that Lord Lothian has in mind, there is evidently no difference between his view and that of the Congress.

Dehlavi Raises An Issue

After a very long silence—the Muzzafferabad Hall meeting is an ancient affair now—Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi has now broken his, shall we say, self-denying ordinance and made another important and constructive contribution to the solution of political problems in India. In its quality of tendenciousness it yields nothing to his last pronouncement. It seeks to damn the Congress, the Congress President and Mahatma Gandhi with the same unmistakable unctuousness of the poor innocent patriotic would-be martyr who means well by his country and echoes British Imperialism and its hangers-on. Sir Ali Mahomed Khan has entered the arena against Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress in the fight against the Governor's Special Powers. And he has done so on behalf of—the minorities and "vested interests." British Imperialism, "Europeans-in-India" and "vested interests" will duly appreciate the ex-Minister's courageous loyalty with which he has attempted to specify and amplify—all in the interests of the country, let it not be forgotten—what Lord Zetland and Tory journals shrewdly suggested. But the Muslim community which gave its answer to the new Constitution will not feel exactly proud of Sir Ali Mahomed.

But our worthy ex-Minister is the leader of the Muslim League Party in Bombay and as such the right hand man of Mr. Jinnah. He, therefore, deserves some further consideration. Says Sir Ali Mahomed: "The people of India not in the limited sense Lord Snell seems to conceive, are fully aware of the genesis of these Special Powers, much debated and, therefore, feel rightly entitled to find out definitely and fully as to what the abrogation of these Powers would really connote." This quite obviously suggests that Sir Ali Mahomed is in favour of the Special Powers of the Governors. That being so, the question arises: Is this also the position of the Muslim League? The question arises because of the resolution of the All-India body at its last annual session and because of Mr. Jinnah's speech in moving that resolution.

Again, Sir Ali Mahomed Khan says—and this is the pith of his long well-considered pronouncement—"To be brief, much as the assurances are demanded by the Congress from the Governors to relinquish their powers, the minorities are within their rights in demanding from the Congress what is the substitute they will put forth *in place of those powers*" (our italics) Sir Ali Mahomed Khan has transferred the minority question from the Indian sphere of inter-communal details to the Imperialist sphere of an Indo-British principle. He, the leader of the Muslim League Party, all but openly proclaims that, as between two alternatives, he would prefer a foreign Governor appointed by a foreign Imperialist Power to an Indian National Congress Ministry. Is this the position of his party? Sir Ali Mahomed has raised the issue "British Governors or Congress?" In fairness to Muslims who are thus sought to be cynically exploited, Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League must answer the question.

SOCIAL PROGRESS IN CHINA

Why Does India Lag Behind?

(By "MAZDOOR.")

People in India may be inclined to think of China as a backward country suffering from a surfeit of internecine strife. But there is a method in China's madness. In spite of its domestic difficulties, the Chinese National Government is slowly, but surely, achieving a measure of national consolidation which bids fair to put China on its feet again.

Minimum Wage.

It is however not only in the political sphere that progress is being registered. Despite the distractions of the political situation, the Chinese National Government has been neither slow nor unsuccessful in tackling the more urgent of the social problems of the country. The principle of a minimum wage, which is one of the fundamental demands of the Indian worker, has not been accepted in this country, and both Government and employers are agreed among themselves that the establishment of a minimum wage would be impossible here. China, however, has not been put off by such theoretical objections, and under the present go-ahead Nationalist regime there, a very useful piece of legislation has recently been added to the Statute book of the country prescribing machinery for regulation of minimum wages both for factory and home work, in industries in which wage rates are very low.

The Procedure.

Information on the new Chinese Minimum Wage Act which was promulgated in December 1936 is available in the issue of 23rd March 1937 of the "Industrial and Labour Information," a weekly published by the I.L.O. The Act applies to all factory work and home work carried out in industries in which wages are not regulated by collective or other agreements, and in which remuneration is exceptionally low. The procedure with regard to regulation of wages is briefly as follows. A Minimum Wage Committee of 9 to 15 members will be set up in each district or municipality. Each Committee will include one or two representatives of the district or municipal authorities, and four or five representatives of each of the parties concerned, employers and workers, who must each appoint, in addition, a person familiar with the industry but not directly interested in the matter in question When necessary a representative may also be appointed by the Minister of Industry or the competent provincial authority. The representative of the district or municipal authority will act as Chairman of the Committee, unless a representative is appointed by the Minister of Industry or the competent provincial authority. Members of the Committee are appointed for two years.

Basis of Assessment.

The Act lays down the principle that, in fixing the minimum wage in an industry, adequate regard must be paid to the living conditions of workers. Wages must be such as to enable an adult worker to support himself and two dependent members of his family in decent circumstances, while the wage paid to a juvenile worker may not be less than one-half of the minimum wage paid to a adult worker. Wages must be assessed on the basis of daily earnings. Board and lodging provided by the employer may be included at their average value during the last three months, but bonuses and overtime pay must not be included in the calculation of the minimum wage. When wages lower than the minimum rates have been established collective agreement, payment must be made on the basis of the minimum wage, unless the agreement has been sanctioned by the competent authority. When workers are employed at home, the minimum wage rates must be displayed in a prominent place in the premises where work is distributed and returned after completion. The employer must also keep registers giving the names of home workers employed, the kind of work performed, the number of pieces completed, etc.

Penalties.

Further, the Act imposes deterrent penalties against employers

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 5).

Our European Letter

New Currents In Central Europe

Significance Of Mussolini's Activities

(From Our Own Correspondent)

PRAGUE, April 2.

The last fortnight has been a period of considerable diplomatic activity in Central Europe, extending also greatly to South-Eastern Europe. It has seen the visits of various Ministers to different foreign centres, extension of significant discussions, and also conclusion of some pacts. The Austrian Chancellor has been on a visit to Budapest, the Roumanian Premier to Prague, the Italian Foreign Minister to Belgrade, and the Czechoslovakian Prime Minister to Vienna. In the course of the next fortnight, the President of Czechoslovakia, Dr. Benesh, is to visit the Jugoslavian capital, and the Roumanian Foreign Minister, Antonescu, is to proceed to Ankara or Angora the capital of Turkey. Rarely in recent period has this part of Europe, which, indirectly, if not directly, excercises a keen influence on the march of European events, been the scene of such intense political activity. The general tendency behind this activity is one towards a relaxation of tension and advance of a settlement more or less of a collective nature relating to this particular region. The Czechoslovakian Premier, Dr. Hodza, probably only in a different way, gave expression to this, when he stated four days back in the course of an interview, with Central Europe obviously well in mind, that if the chance of a tension leading to a conflict was five to five at the end of last year it is to-day only one to nine.

Significant Developments

The last four months then have seen some significant developments and stressed certain other factors of importance. To the former category belong, French advances in military spheres with a popular basis, an enhanced confidence on the part of Russia that found clear expression in a speech a fortnight back of the Russian Ambassador in London, extension of consolidation measures in Czechoslovakia in military and economic fields, and strengthening of understanding between Prague and Bucharest. To the second category belong. Anglo-Italian strain, a new alertness of Britain in directions, growth of internal rigour in Germany and a fresh orientation on the part of Austria. These two set of factors involve or carry with them jointly the tendency towards a relaxation of tension as relating to Central and South-Eastern Europe. The position at the same time, is important for various outer-Europeans units, for it implies the possibility of the European situation excercising a greater influence, as conditions and systems are, on more distant regions. This is clearly recognized by Britain especially in relation to Anglo-Italian strain, which is seen in association alike with an urge for alterations in Berlin and Tokio. Already the scope for the European situation tending to carry greatly its impress to more distant regions finds an expression in ways in relation to the Near and also Middle East.

Rome-Belgrade Pact

Bound with this has been the tendency to a reserve and detachment in various British circles towards Central and Eastern Europe, which has been viewed closely by important Nazi leaders in Germany. Italy's advance now to an understanding with Jugoslavia, as several careful estimates have it, reflects on the one hand Rome's closer attention to Western Mediterranean with its greater concern to Britain, and on the other hand a desire to make in accordance with this the best of a situation in regard to South-Eastern Europe, as an insurance in relation to Germany and also at the same time Britain. The Rome-Belgrade understanding has caused no undue apprehension in Prague or Bucharest. It is stressed that it does not go against the Little Entente idea, even as Czechoslovakia's understanding with Russia has not gone against this idea. The visit of Dr. Benesh to Belgrade this month is expected to lead to a good strengthening of the Little Entente collaboration. The Rome-Belgrade Agreement, in fact, it is viewed, might lead to a closer co-operation between the States of the Rome Protocol and those of the Little Entente, with the possibility of greater freedom of action to Hungary and Austria, which is well suited to the success of a Central European settlement as actively advocated by the Czechoslovakian Premier Dr. Hodza and to which Austria newly is held as showing favourable attention. This fact has added to the significance and importance of Dr. Hodza's meeting last week with the Austrian Chancellor Dr. Schuschnigg. Seen as a whole therefore the factors and circumstances stated above indicate the currents working for an understanding in Central and South-Eastern Europe as fairly well-rooted. The implication of German re-armament with an expansionist outlook linked with it and the Italian stand not quietened by the Abyssinian war in this background are likely to extend reactions more in other directions.

Italy's Activities

The civil war in Spain at the moment is seen closely from the view point of Italian attitude in relation to it. The recent fight round Madrid has evidenced clearly strong Italian participation on the side of the insurgents. This participation is taken as another evidence of Italy's added attention to Western Mediterranean. Though the last Abyssinian war in the military sense has already ended in Italian victory, Rome is yet not well confident of the security of the new hold and there is also much care about gaining economic advantages, factors that also lead to speculations about Italy moving to more assertive courses. Japanese penetration into Manchuria did not end in a cessation of Tokio's onward march, but has, as seen, added to an impetus to further assertive acts, partly under the pressure released by a system and partly under the keenness to safeguard a newly acquired hold. Italy's halt to-day reveals the same tendency. There is no absolute check to colonial expansion or in advance set limits. Its run is determined by inner economic organizations and urges and outer political estimates. The reaction to Mussolini's last Libyan visit in the British press and the discussions last week in the House of Commons showed a more critical attitude to Italy. Mussolini, declared Lloyd George, "is neither a mere bluffer nor braggart". Certain European papers in connection with the Libyan visit and proclamations, recall a speech by Kaiser Wilhelm II in Damascus in

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 4).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

BALDWIN'S CONFESSION.

The sympathy with which Mr. Baldwin's speech was received by his Tory constituents was well-deserved. Mr. Baldwin has served them for about a quarter of a century well and truly according to his own light and ability. Like the specialist that he is Mr. Baldwin confessed that "he considered his judgment to be as good as it ever had been, but was conscious that his vitality had somewhat sapped." This pathetic confession will cause immense gratification to Mr. Neville Chamberlain and the Tory rebels who are forcing Mr. Baldwin into retirement. But is it really true that Mr. Baldwin's judgment is normal? He spoke of Communism and Fascism like the traditional British democrat. But he went on to declare that "no man who brought about changes by force could maintain himself except by its continuation." Did he forget, we wonder, the administration of India under his own Premiership?

ALIGARH "POLITICS"

Doctor K. A. Hamied, himself an old boy and member of the Court of the Muslim University, has, we are glad to note, promptly taken Professor Halim to task for his irresponsible attack on the nationalist students. Condemning the Pro-Vice-Chancellor's "vicious propaganda" he pointedly asks if "Mr. Halim wants to make the Muslim University an isolated institution of Jeehuzoors". That, indeed, is the issue. The authorities are not evidently opposed to students taking interest in practical politics as such. Even the official organ of the University edited by the Vice-Chancellor (Doctor Ziauddin) actively propounds politics——of a most reactionary nature, of course. The Vice-Chancellor and his coterie have made of the Muslim University an institution not of Indian Muslims but of British Imperialism. It is an open betrayal, both educationally and politically, of the Muslim community. Our question is: Do the members of the Court of the Aligarh Muslim University owe any duty to their community or not?

INAUGURAL VICTIM.

The imprisonment of Shrimati Satyavati Devi on her refusal to execute a bond of good behaviour may or may not be correct in law, but one can hardly call it justice. The circumstances under which she was arrested are well-known and had their echo in the Legislative Assembly, when an adjournment motion was passed to condemn the part played by the police. A certain amount of excess of enthusiasm is only to be expected in mass demonstrations. But it would have been expedient not to take notice of such trifling incidents. If her conduct amounted to an offence, it is because of the lawlessness of the law enforced against her. In any case, apart from the fact that Shrimati Satyavati Devi was more sinned against than sinned, it was most inexpedient to prosecute persons for merely technical offences when they were themselves non-violent and urged others to be so.

CONGRESS AND MUSLIMS

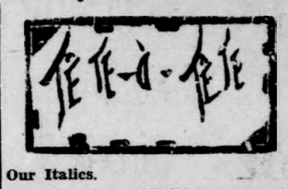
"The fact", writes an Anglo-Indian paper, "that a staunch Congressman like Mr. Brelvi admitted the existence of Muslim apprehensions at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee in Bombay last evening is significant". We refer to this extract because it almost implies, on the part of the speaker, the acceptance of and agreement with "the existence of Muslim apprehensions". The fact is quite the contrary. We quote the relevant portion of the speech below:

The heart of the Muslim community was sound, said Mr. Brelvi, and what was required was a proper approach. The Muslims had their apprehensions about the majority community and if the Hindus were in the position that Muslims were to-day he was sure that they would also have had similar apprehensions. He did not justify these apprehensions which, in his view, were baseless but they existed because the communalist leaders fostered them and the Congress propaganda had not been carried on among the Muslim masses as intensively and vigorously as it should have been. As he said before the minds of Muslim masses had been poisoned by a few people at the top and it would not be very difficult to get them into the Congress if the Congress workers approached the problem with greater interest than heretofore.

The whole point is that Muslims have been exploited long enough by communalists and British Imperialists and that too against their will Given the opportunity they will do their duty by their country in the interests of which are implicit their own true interests. Congress must afford them that opportunity.

UNTENABLE DEFENCE.

Mr. M. C. Raja's defence of his conduct in accepting a seat in the Madras Cabinet calls for a word of comment because he quotes Gandhiji in his defence, and, if it goes unchallenged, it might appear that Gandhiji approves of his conduct. Mr. Raja pleads that Gandhiji has advised Harijans not to fight the Constitution, as they are a weak community. We do not know if Gandhiji has not been misunderstood. But in any case, Mr. Raja has done the most unconstitutional thing by flouting the majority party and has thereby done a disservice to his community. Even Dr. Ambedkar thinks it unwise and unworthy to accept office without the necessary support from the legislature. Whatever Mr. Rajah may think, Harijans, as a body, refuse to accept the view that, merely because they are a weak community, they are exempted from their obligations to the country.



Our Italics.

"What they (Ministries) must do is to provide material proof to the electorate of the powers for *radical and much-needed reform* which the new Governments possess. Governors, we have no doubt, will be at pains to demonstrate that *indiscriminate interference* on their part has no place in the "new order."—"Times of India."

* * * *

Mr. Grenfell asked whether Government were taking note of Mr. Gandhi's declaration published in the Press.

Mr. Butler replied: Government are taking everything into consideration."

—House of Commons report.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi ought to cable a modest, but graceful, deprecation of his humble services.

* * *

Says Mr. Aney: "If the British Government are really anxious that Indian democracy, as represented by the Congress....."

The answer to the "If" is a big "BUT."

* * * *

Doctor A. Hameed Kazi declared at the Jinnah Hall, the other day, that the interests of minorities were safe in the hands of Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

True, true. But the question is one of the interests of Minorities within minorities, the Dehlavis, Nazimuddins etc.

* * * *

"The fact that a staunch Congressman like Mr. Brelvi admitted the existence of Muslim apprehensions at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee in Bombay last evening is significant."

—Anglo-India.

Aren't the sins 'vis-a-vis' Anglo-India and British Imperialism of Mr. Brelvi more than enough to involve our confrere in the necessity of "suppressio veri, suggestio falsi."

* * * *

"While there is speculation about the future of the Bombay Ministry, there seems to be general agreement among the members of the Bombay Legislative Assembly that the Congress would be making another mistake if they were to force a second election."

—Anglo-India.

The first blunder perpetrated by Congress was to come in in much larger numbers than anticipated by Anglo-India, its patrons and "members of the Bombay Legislative Assembly."

* * * *

By the way, there seems to be a general agreement among the Congress members of the Bombay Legislative Assembly to offer thanks for this solicitude—as an entertaining instance of subjective nervousness

* * *

Congress members: Have you obtained an assurance from the Governor?

The Premier: We do not need an assurance. We are sure of ourselves."

—Punjab Assembly Report.

Whereas the Governor is rumoured to have observed to the nearest A.D.C.: "Yes, quite. I too am sure of my Ministers."

* * * *

In a speech in the Punjab Assembly Sir Sikandar Hayat referred to "our revered leader Mahatma Gandhi."

The humour of the situation is bound to strike Gandhiji.

* * *

The Congress Party in the C. P. Assembly intends holding a convention to which Dr. Khare proposes to invite members of the other parties also.

Now, the Doctor mustn't. There is the grave danger of the interim-honourable Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao accepting the invitation.

* * *

It is reported that, to mark his retirement from public life the Order of the Garter will be bestowed upon Mr. Stanley Baldwin.

Honi soit qui mal y pense.

* * * *

"Karachi has been declared to be infected with plague from April 3, says a telegram of the Government of India."—With the compliments of the Director of Information, Bombay.

Quite sure about the date?

* * * *

"Mary has turned me down again," said Tom.

"I suppose you went the wrong way about proposing," suggested his friend. "You should have started off by saying that you are unworthy of her. The bait seldom fails to work."

"I was going to tell her that," said Tom, "but she said it first."

Indian Swaraj Or British Dictatorship?

DOES DEHLAVI REPRESENT LEAGUE'S VIEW?

A Question For Jinnah

The formal inauguration of the Bandra Congress Committee, which has been recently revived, took place on Tuesday night by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj at a public meeting held at the old Patkar's Block, Bandra Mr. S. A. Brelvi presided and among the speakers were Messrs. B. G. Kher, D. N. Wandrekar, Shantilal Shah, S. S. Naik and M. K. Deshpande. Mr. S. S. Naik in proposing Mr. S. A. Brelvi to the chair referred to the fact that the Committee had been started by the late Mr. Vithalbhai Patel and that Bandra had a very creditable record in securing a very large number of voters for Congress candidates at the last Bombay Assembly election. Mr. Deshpande in seconding the proposal pointed out that Muslims, Christians and Parsis had taken active part in the work of the Committee in the past and had fully co-operated with Congress workers during the Assembly election

MATTER FOR SHAME.

Mr. S. A. Brelvi while congratulating the Committee and Bandra on securing the co-operation of all communities in carrying on Congress work hoped that efforts would be made to see that Muslims, Christians and Parsis of Bandra would join the Congress in large numbers. The reasons why Muslims had not joined the Congress in sufficiently large numbers were, first, that they were misled by communalists who poisoned their minds against the Congress and second, that Congress leaders and workers had not carried the message of the Congress to the doors of the Muslims as vigorously and intensively as was desired. A proof of the manner in which Communalists misrepresented the Congress and misguided the Muslims was strikingly provided by the statement issued by Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi. Mr. Brelvi said that statement would not have deserved notice if Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi had issued it in his personal capacity but it could not be ignored as it had been issued by him as leader of the Muslim League Party in the Assembly. Mr. Brelvi was sure every Muslim with any grain of patriotism and self-respect in him would hang his head in shame on reading that statement. Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi had said in his statement that if the Congress considered it necessary to have an assurance from the Governors that their special powers would not be used, the minorities were just as fully entitled to ask the Congress to define what substitute they proposed to offer and they also wanted an undertaking that their interests would not be submerged in those of the majority. The plain meaning of Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi's statement was, Mr. Brelvi said that according to him, the Muslim League members had greater faith and trust in Britishers than in their own fellow-countrymen, that they regarded the existence of special powers of the Governor as essential and that, therefore, what they wanted was not Swaraj of Indians but the dictatorship of the Britishers.

AMAZING REVELATION.

Mr. Brelvi said this was an amazing revelation to him for hitherto he had believed that the Muslim League, along with the Congress and other political bodies, was entirely opposed to any special powers being vested in the Governors. He asked Mr. Jinnah as permanent President of the Muslim League to state publicly whether Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi was right in thus interpreting the attitude and policy of the Muslim League. For his own part, Mr. Brelvi said he had not the least hesitation in declaring that the view given supression to by Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi was as opposed to the Islamic tradition of self-reliance and independence as to patriotism and democracy and that the interests of Muslims would be much safer in the hands of a B. G. Kher, if he became a Minister, than in those of a Brabourne or a Lumley. The Congress, Mr. Brelvi, said, considered it its duty to safeguard the interests of Muslims and in fact, of every other minority as carefully as those of the Hindus and had never proved and would never prove false to it.

WORK OUTSIDE LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Wandrekar explained why the National week was celebrated and emphasised the need of citizens of Bandra belonging to all communities joining the Congress which belonged to all and he appealed to them to strengthen the Congress in order to forge an effective sanction for the national demand.

Mr. Shantilal Shah said that while work in the legislature was important, much more important was work outside the legislature and he trusted that they would join the Congress in large numbers and help to carry on that work.

FLOUTED AND BETRAYED THE COUNTRY.

Mr. B. G. Kher said that they had gone to the legislatures to carry out the behests of the Congress. The interim Ministry was unconstitutional and illegal and the Ministers had no right to occupy the posts they did. The Ministers had published a big paper programme in order to create a favourable atmosphere for themselves, but would they be able to carry out that programme? As soon as the Legislature met the Congress party which was in a majority would pass a vote of course and the Ministers would be turned out. The latter hoped that just as they had flouted and betrayed the country they would succeed in inducing some other members of the Assembly also to do so, but their hopes were drowned to be shattered and he had no doubt when the next elections took place, Congressmen would be returned with a larger majority.

CONGRESS IS FOR ALL.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj in formally inaugurating the revival of the Bandra Congress Committee congratulated Bandra on having shown its remarkable loyalty to the Congress and he hoped that men of all communities living in Bandra would join the Congress and thus give a lead to other parts of the Presidency. The Congress belonged to all communities and interests and the fact that it was criticised by certain Muslims as being pro-Hindu, by Hindu-Mahasabha as being pro-Muslim, by Sanatanists as being pro-Harijan, by Ambedkarites as being pro-Brahmin, by Labour as being pro-Capitalist and by capitalists as being pro-Labour—showed that it was for all and was the only truly national organisation in the country which impartially protected the interests of all. He appealed to all communities to unite and join the Congress as their disunity only helped the British to perpetuate their hold over the country.

The meeting then dispersed.

IS IT DOUBLE-EDGED WEAPON?

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi On Congress Demand

BOMBAY, April 12.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, Leader of the Muslim League Party in the Bombay Legislature in the course of a statement says:

If the Congress considers it necessary to have an assurance from the Governors that their special powers will not be used, the minorities are just as fully entitled to ask the Congress to define what substitute they propose to offer.

They also want an undertaking that their interests will not be submerged in those of the majority.

Lord Snell throughout his speech in the House of Lords on Friday last uses the words "the Indian People," and, strangely enough, uses them as a synonym for the Congress.

DOUBLE-EDGED WEAPON?

This rouses a certain amount of natural curiosity, if not apprehension, in the minds of Interests other than the Congress. These other Interests, namely, Parties in the country directly concerned, legitimately feel inclined to investigate as to what this move on the part of the Congress really means. Is it as simple a demand as Mr. Gandhi tries to make out, or is it a double-edged weapon to strike when and as necessary, both at the makers of the Constitution and at the other Interests referred to above, which are governed by these Special Responsibility Powers of the Governors. The people of India, not in the limited sense Lord Snell seems to conceive, are fully aware of the genesis of these Special Powers, much debated in the Round Table Conferences, and therefore, feel rightly entitled to find out definitely and fully as to what the abrogation of these Powers would really connote. Has Mr. Gandhi assured himself that the President of the Congress is with him in this loose sympathy for the minorities? And again, are these two great leaders put together sure whether the millions of the other advanced and caste Hindus, who are admittedly not with the Congress, are imbued with this same generosity of heart and nobility of mind towards the minorities. Whatever use the British Statesmen may wish to make of the minority problem (and Mr. Gandhi is plain enough in his view of the "Universal suspicion of the British Statesmen's intentions") the minorities on their part may assure the majorities, with the same sincerity of purpose as Mr. Gandhi might command, that it is farthest from their mind to put a spoke in the wheel of the national progress.

Mr. Gandhi in his statement to-day emphasises the fact that it a "gentlemanly assurance that the Congress has asked for." He may be asked whether he consciously believes that in asking for such a one-sided guarantee, he is entering into a gentleman's contract.—A.P.

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EXPULSION OF MAHOMED ALI FIRM

Why This Vacillating Policy With Il Duce Asks Labourite

LONDON, April 12.

In the House of Commons Mr. Grattan Doyle, Conservative, Mr. Fletcher (Labour) and Mr. Graham White (Liberal), drew attention to the expulsio of Mohammed Ali Firm.

Lord Cranborne replied that o. March 6, the Italian authorities a Addis Ababa ordered the Firn to close their premises and ceas all forms of commercial activity Similar order, coupled with inti mation that the employees mus leave the country, was given abou a week later and it was also inti mated that the Firm must close their branches. Representations had been made by the acting British Consul General at Addis Ababa and by the British Ambassador at Rome, with a view to ascertaining the reasons for the action of the Italian authorities and also in order to secure an extension of the period in which the Firm must leave Abyssinia. The Firm had been suffering severely from the Italian Exchange Restrictions and had for some time been contemplating entering into partnership with an Italian firm.

EXTENSION GRANTED.

Lord Cranborne announced that an extension of the time limit had already been granted but the extension was not regarded by the Government as adequate and the Government were making further representations to ensure that the Firm were given reasonable time to arrange their affairs and the result was awaited. There was no foundation for any suggestion that the Firm or any member of the Firm had been employed for intelligence purposes by the British Government. Mr. Tom Williams (Labour) asked: Did Government anticipate such action in view of the revelations in Marshal Delbono's book.

Mr. Alexander (Labour): Is it not time in view of the revelations in cold print that Government ceased the policy of vacillation and running away from Sgr. Mussolini.

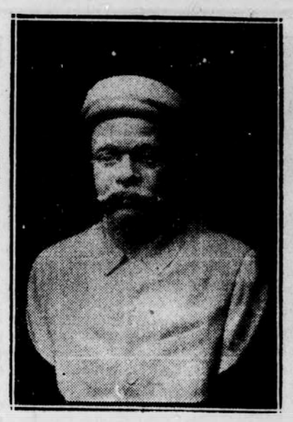
Mr. Archibald Sinclair: Are Government acquiescing in the expulsion of this Firm.

Lord Cranborne replied that Government were awaiting the answer from Italy They regarded the situation as most unsatisfactory.—Reuter's Special.

Secretary Of State For Burma

LONDON: April 13.

The King held a council at Windsor Castle this morning at which Lord Zetland received the seals of Office as Secretary of State for Burma.—Reuter's Special.



The marble bust of the late Mr. Vishnu Shiroikar, whose donation of one lakh of rupees helped the Chikitsak Samuha to erect a building of their own for their Primary School and High School in Girgaum. The bust was made by Mr. R. P. Kamat of Bombay and unveiled by Mr. S. S. Patkar, ex-Judge of the Bombay High Court on April 12, on the occasion of the opening ceremony of the building.

ROMANCE OF A DEBATING CLUB

Patkar Opens New Building Of Chikitsak Samuha School

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

The opening ceremony of the Chikitsaka-Samuha's schools in their new building at Kandewadi was performed this morning by Mr S. S. Patkar.

The building is a four-storeyed one with a spacious Hall in the third floor named Wagle Memorial Hall after late Mr. Jinabhai Wagle. The hall was also opened by Mr. Patkar. The school was renamed Sirolkar High School. The occasion was availed of for the annual prize distribution. Mrs. Shantabai Patkar gave away the prizes.

The institution is co-educational one. The Honorary Secretary of the "Samuha" Mr. S. L. Kapdi said that the building cost them Rs. 1,75,000 which enterprise they embarked upon after securing the site on which it stood through the munificent donation of a lakh of Rupees by Mr. Vishnu Narain Shirolkar in 1921 by his will. They issued debentures to the value of Rs. 1,25,000.

The hall in which they assembled, the 'Wagle Memorial Hall,' was the result of the donation of Rs. 21,215 by the sons of late Mr. Jinabhai Wagle.

The Chikitsaka Samuha Poddar High School came into existence in an humble manner. They bought a primary school of the same name in 1908 and registered it in 1909 which grew into its present dimensions.

The Chikitsaka Samuha was founded in 1906 as a debating club and later took up educational activities.

The Principal of the school Mr. V. R. Neururkar, read the annual report.

He observed that they were starting work there on the auspicious Hindu New Year day. He said they soon hoped to have a separate department for girls, as the strength was increasing in that direction.

After prize distribution, and a vote of thanks, the function ended with the 'National Anthem' 'Jana Gana Mana.'

The guests were treated to refreshments before departure.

ADJOURNMENT IN FRONTIER ASSEMBLY?

Alleged Govt. Interference In Ministry Formation

PESHAWAR, April 13.

The Frontier Assembly meets to-morrow for the taking of oaths. The Governor addresses the Assembly on the 15th after the election of the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker.

Dr. Khan Saheb, Congress Party Leader, has tabled an Adjournment motion to discuss a matter of public importance, namely, the interference of high Government officials in the formation of the Ministry in this Province.—A. P.

THREE DROWNED IN RIVER

New Year Day Tragedy In Lahore

LAHORE, April 13.

The Ravi River took more than its usual annual toll to-day the "Basaikhi Festival" (Hindu New Year-day). About a lakh of people bathed in the river.

Police, Sewasamiti Volunteers, Scouts and other public associations rendered all assistance to the volunteers. Rescue boats saved half a dozen persons, but three were drowned.—A. P.

Victory For Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, April 12.

A MAJOR VICTORY FOR THE GOVERNMENT IS REPRESENTED BY THE SUPREME COURT TODAY UPHOLDING IN FIVE JUDICIAL DECISIONS THE WAGNER ACT, WHICH HAS BEEN DESCRIBED AS THE "MAGNA CHARTA" OF LABOUR IN THE UNITED STATES.

The decisions which were given by five against four votes, except one which was unanimous, upheld the right of the National Labour Relations Board to regulate the relationships between the employer and the employee in businesses engaged between the State and the commerce.

It held that the Act was constitutional and upheld the Board's orders to various companies to reinstate discharged employees. The findings have prompted speculation whether they will affect President Roosevelt's efforts to organise the Supreme Court.—Reuter.

ONLY ROOSEVELT KNOWS, SAYS TREASURY CHIEF

WASHINGTON, April 13.

"Nobody but the President knows what we are going to do. Nobody else can talk about the price of gold", said Mr. Morgenthau, the Treasury Chief, speaking on behalf of the Administration at a Press Conference

Mr. Morgenthau stated that there had been no change either in American fiscal or monetary policy and added that the Government had nothing in mind regarding altering the price of gold.—Reuter

SOCIAL PROGRESS IN CHINA

(Continued from Page 6).

who infringe its provisions. Thus, any employer who fails to ob serve the provisions relating to minimum wages or the calculation of the minimum wage is liable to a fine of not more than dol. 100, while a fine of dol. 50 may be imposed on those who, on demand fail to produce the registers required by the Act or who do not display the minimum wage regulations in their premises as required by the Act.

Apathy in India.

One is certainly entitled to ask why, if China, a country with analogous or even worse economic and social conditions, can, in spite of the unsettled conditions prevailing there adopt legislation for fixing minimum wages and prescribe the necessary machinery, India cannot do the same. It is admitted on all hands that there are certain branches of industrial activity in this country in which the need for minimum wages is most insistent, and it is certainly regrettable that a matter of such importance to the well-being and happiness of large numbers of sweated workers has hitherto been treated with deplorable apathy.

The demand in this country for prescribing a minimum schedule of wages in certain industries is a fairly old one. Interest in the subject was heightened when the 11th session of the International Labour Conference held at Geneva in 1928 adopted a Convention on minimum wage-fixing machinery. The Convention, which is modest in character, contemplates the creation of minimum wage fixing machinery in the case of "trades or part of trades (and, in particular, home-working trades) in which no arrangements exist for the effective regulation of wages by collective agreement or otherwise and wages are exceptionally low." The response made by India to the call of Geneva has been very disappointing. The employers, as was perhaps only to be expected, are opposed to the introduction of minimum wages. Both the chambers of the Central Legislature agreed that the Convention should not be ratified, the Assembly adding the rider "pending the Report of the Indian Labour Commission." It is no matter for surprise that, in the circumstances, the demands of the workers' organisations for minimum wages is being treated as a cry in the wilderness.

Halting Recommendation.

Nor has the consideration of the question by the Whitley Commission advanced the prospects of minimum wage legislation in India to any considerable extent. In the opinion of the Commission a variety of factors—the absence of statistics, lack of education of workers, language handicaps and difficulties of enforcement—militate against any immediate action in this respect. The Committee, therefore, recommended that, before minimum wage fixing machinery can be set up, the industries in which there is a strong presumption that conditions warrant detailed investigation should be selected, and that a survey of conditions in such industries should be undertaken, and a decision taken as to whether the fixing of a minimum wage in each such industry is desirable and practicable. It is no wonder that practically no step has hitherto been taken in furtherance of so halting a recommendation, and that even in respect of minimum wages for the Assam tea industry, the institution of which, according to the Whitley Report, is both desirable and practicable, the authorities have adopted an attitude of almost complete passivity.

A HELPFUL SUGGESTION

Lothian Welcomes Gandhiji's Proposal

LONDON, April 12.

Mr. Gandhi's suggestion of arbitration has evoked a reply from Lord Lothian in a letter to the "Times" in which after remarking "Mr. Gandhi has courteously commented on my letter to the "Times" of April 6", the writer says, "it seems clear that after many years of imprisonment and repression as a result of their policy of civil disobedience the Congress wants to be assured that where they have majorities they will be allowed to assume the responsibility of Government in the provinces without constant interference by the Governors, with what their Delhi resolution calls their "constitutional activities."

That surely is a matter, which can be cleared up by little common sense and some human and personal contacts

Lord Lothian describes Mr. Gandhi's proposal of arbitration as "a helpful suggestion," but draws attention to the difficulty in that and asks, "would the arbitrators also be asked to decide what activities of ministers were "constitutional activities"? If the arbitrators said that the Governors could constitutionally give the assurance which the Congress Committee ask would not the minorities in each province protest vehemently against their giving this promise and would not such undertaking conflict with the basic principle of constitutional democracy, namely that neither the Party in majority nor the Governor should be able to exercise arbitrary power without appeal to anybody.—Reuter.

Eden Denies British Policy Lacks Precision

Co-operation, Not Antagonism Its Guiding Principle

LONDON, April 12.

BRITISH POLICY REGARDING SPAIN WAS RE-STATED WITH EMPHASIS BY MR. EDEN IN A SPEECH AT LIVERPOOL.

HE CLAIMED THAT NON-INTERVENTION AGREEMENTS HAD GREATLY REDUCED THE RISKS OF A GENERAL WAR WHICH WERE CONSIDERABLY EARLY IN AUTUMN LAST YEAR.

The new Agreement to supervise the Spanish land and sea Frontiers can be made effective in checking dispatch of foreign nationals, arms and munitions, whereupon prolonged period of rumour charge and counter-charge will end, because we shall be able to ascertain facts.

If, however, competent observers reported continued violations of the Agreements and that foreign volunteers were continuing to arrive in Spain, Britain would view the situation with the gravest concern. The Spain conflict emphasised the lesson of the Great War that there can be no short war within or between the States of Europe and that knowledge should further buttress peace.

British Policy

Mr. Eden denied that British policy was insufficiently firm or lacked precision. The British were certainly not going to take action calculated to divide Europe into two blocs, both heavily armed and keenly suspicious of one another.

While we were rearming at an unprecedented peacetime scale we should refrain from subre-rattling and help others to think in terms of co-operation instead of antagonism. It was easy and misleading to see nothing but bad under dictatorship or for the latter to see nothing but glaring red light when democracy was mentioned.

"We shall have gained much when it is realised that toleration itself is a sign of strength. If nations of Europe leave one another to work out their own national solutions such a policy of self-denial will soon have created an international atmosphere, wherein true collaboration will thrive and if the Spanish conflict is regarded as a field for co-operation and Non-Intervention it may lead to the realisation of the advantages of co-operation which will infinitely benefit all."—Reuter.

New Delhi, April 13.—The Governor-General has appointed Mr. Justice Wort to perform the duties of the Chief Justice of the Patna High Court during the absence on leave of Sir Courtney Terrel from April 26 to May 6. 1937.—United Press.

CHRONICLE ADLETS

Always Have A Strong Pull.

NARIMAN ON POLITICIANS' NEEDLE-ROOM PASTIME

Why Untie Knot?; Tighten It In A Manner As To Strangulate Act Itself, He Says

"From Non-Co-operation and Civil Resistance and Satyagraha, we have now come to the important problem of 'untying the knot' and best brains in the country, imperial as well as Indian, are to-day engaged in this needle-room pastime. Whilst we can appreciate and understand the anxiety and desire of British Imperialists to find a way out of this nasty and knotty situation that is of their own creation, we cannot understand the attitude of Indians who were till yesterday clamouring to revive the dying Act. Instead of engaging in future attempts to 'untie the knot' it should be the duty of every Congressman at least, if not of all Indians, who are hostile to the Act, to tighten the knot in such a manner as ultimately to lead to the fatal strangulation of the Act itself." Thus observed Mr. K. F. Nariman, presiding over the National Week public meeting held in Matunga on Monday night.

Untieing to-day may only put off the evil day. Working of a Constitution with such hedges of Special and Reserved Powers must inevitably result in dead-locks sooner or later. What difference does it make either in the constitutional or political situation, whether a deadlock is created at an initial stage or a year or two later when all admit that deadlocks are inevitable and are bound to come? Hence the present solution is mere patch-work and temporary.

INDIAN CASE PROVED.

All Indians, whether Congressmen or not, who are opposed to this Act should on the other hand strongly endorse and support the statement of Lord Zetland and attitudes of Governors, at least so far as the constitutional interpretation is concerned. By attempting to put them in the wrong, they are inadvertently and perhaps unconsciously giving a constitutional certificate to this hated Act. These declarations amount to a confession that the Act is so hopelessly bad an irreparable that constitutionally the Governors cannot, even if they willed, allow Provincial Autonomy to function normally, that such a farce is possible under the Act conclusively proves the Indian case and demonstrates before the world that all our agitation, hostility and propaganda against the Act was genuine and justified.

On the other hand if Zetland's constitutional stand-point is erroneous as even some of our Congress legal luminaries labour to prove, then a great force and argument is taken away from our drive and campaign against the Act. It means that the Act in spite of all its defects, has potentiality and seed for Provincial Autonomy and by mutual understanding, permissible by the Constitution, popular parties can function and give effect to their national programme as in other Provincial autonomies. Even a legal point that is politically detrimental should not be pressed by a lawyer-politician.

How serious and effective is this Imperialistic self-condemnation of the Act from White hall is proved by the magical effect it has produced on the pro-Government, semi-State organ the "Statesman." No amount of Indian anti-Act propaganda and agitation had any effect on it but this one authentic confession has so completely transformed it that it has the honesty to confess its previous error and openly declare with the Congress that the Act must go. There must be many more such secret transformations and new opponents to the Act created by this situation, who perhaps have not the 'Statesman's' honesty and courage to declare openly. Therefore let us not waste our time, energy and best legal talents in a patch-work temporary remedy by suggesting a constitutional conference 'to untie the knot.'

GOD-SENT OPPORTUNITY.

Let us take advantage of the unexpected but welcome development. Whatever intentions behind the Congress resolution, it has undoubtedly precipitated an Imperial crisis much earlier than expected. Let all Indians and Britishers who are opposed and hostile to the Act meet in a round table conference in India under the auspices of the Congress to find a permanent, lasting, peaceful and agreed solution an alternative to the Act. It is a God-sent golden political opportunity. Will Indian statesmanship rise to the occasion to strike while the iron is hot?

Mr. S. K. Patil, Dr. M.D.D. Gilder and Mr. Jinabhai Joshi also addressed the meeting.

Suspension Of Bombay-Trivandrum Air Service

The Bombay—Trivandrum weekly air mail service will cease operation with the Nortbound flight leaving Trivandrum on Monday the 19th inst. The last Southbound flight will leave Bombay for Trivandrum on Wednesday the 14th inst. The service will be reopened after the monsoon on a date which will be notified later. Air Mails for and from places served by this service will be diverted to the Karachi-Madras air service.

M. N. ROY FOR BOMBAY

ALLAHABAD: April 13.

Mr. M. N. Roy accompanied by Mrs. Roy left Allahabad for Bombay last evening.—United Press.

Miss Indira Nehru For Shantiniketan

ALLAHABAD: April 13.

Miss Indira Nehru, daughter of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru accompanied by S. D. Upadhyaya left this evening for Shantiniketan.—United Press.

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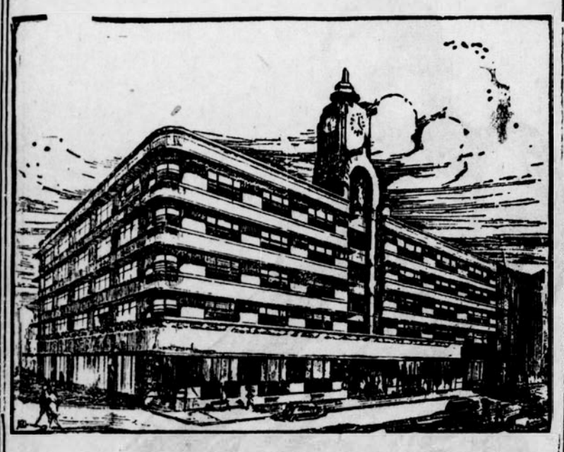

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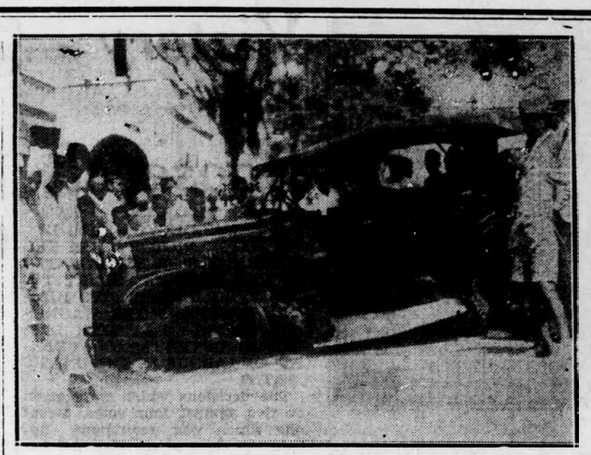

A motor accident occurred on Mayo Road on Monday when a taxi and car collided. The taxi was smashed as seen in the picture.

Government Will Climb Down

CHANCES OF SETTLEMENT NOT FAR OFF

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Event[illegible] the Indian Political world are moving faster than ever before in Indian history. The mighty British Government which only a week ago talked from the Himalayan heights through one of its principal Secretaries of State and tried to bluff the Congress, Gandhiji and other Indian politicians, has started the process of "come down". The threat of Lord Zetland had no effect on India and Congress politicians, excepting that it stiffened the attitude of Indians of all classes and tended towards the unity of all parties in the country.

GRACEFUL WITHDRAWAL.

The British Government conscious of the fact that the stand taken by it was absolutely wrong and further being made to realise that the political situation in India to-day was quite different from what it was ten years ago, has thought it fit gracefully to withdraw from the firm stand that it assumed to take up. Lord Zetland who made that "notorious" statement of his attacking Gandhiji, seems to have realised his mistake earlier than one expected the noble Lord to do.

ANGLO-INDIAN PRESS TOO!

Gandhiji gave a very effective reply to Lord Zetland and offered to accept the decision of an impartial tribunal as to whether the Governors could legally give the undertaking demanded by the Congress leaders. By the time Gandhiji's reply was issued, the reaction of Indian public opinion to the noble Lord's statement must have un-nerved the British Cabinet. It was a question of "You, too, Brutus" as almost all the Anglo-Indian papers deprecated the statement, in the manner it had been made. The "Statesman", one of the staunchest supporters of British Rule in India, went to the extent of saying that it would support the replacement of the Government of India Act 1935, if what Lord Zetland had stated regarding the Reserved and Special Powers was true.

"HELPFUL SUGGESTION"

Hence British politicians, known for their capacity to retreat and still maintain that they were not beaten, thought it fit to say that the last word on the question had not yet been said. That had to come through their mouthpiece the "Times". Then came the reply of Mr. Butler in the House of Commons that the British Cabinet were considering Mahatma Gandhi's statement. Then a few hours later Lord Lothian writes a letter in the "Times" and says that with a little commonsense, and some human and personal contacts, things could be cleared up. He considers that Gandhiji's suggestion of a arbitration was a helpful suggestion towards solving the present deadlock or constitutional crisis.

The British Government is obviously waiting to know what Gandhiji has to say regarding Lord Lothian's letter. They earnestly hope that he will say something which would be helpful for them further to come down without loss of prestige.

By now everyone both in India and in England should be fully conscious of the fact that though Gandhiji retired from active politics, he still commands the confidence of all sections of Congressmen and what he says is law to not only Congressmen as such but to many thousands of others. To-day, however, he is the central figure in Indian politics. He is in the very thick of it and the Britishers seem to have realised once again that the Farmer from Shegaon, is the man who can deliver the goods.

SETTLEMENT NOT FAR OFF.

From the trend of events, one can justifiably say that a settlement of the constitutional crisis is not far off. Gandhiji will carry the day and the Governors will summon the Congress leaders in the six provinces once again and request them to take office as they will be prepared to give the very assurances that they refused to give under orders from Whitehall.

MISCHIEVOUS LIES.

One is welcome to one's opinion and so is the "Times of India's" special correspondent welcome to hold the view that "the present Ministry (Bombay) has issued a popular programme; it is moreover widely representative."

But one can only condemn the mischief that is sought to be caused in the Congress ranks by the following, which by the way is miles away from actualities: "There are a number of members elected on the Congress ticket who are distinctly dis-satisfied with the dictatorial way in which the party in the Presidency is controlled by outside influence and who might be pursuaded to transfer their allegience without there being any grave difficulty in the way".

The 'Special" Correspondent is openly asking Congressmen to revolt. But he is absolutely mistaken when he thinks that some of them could be pursuaded to desert the Congress ranks. It was openly talked by a few interested parties that a few persons were leaving the Congress party as it decided not to accept offices. It was a false rumour let to find out how the land lay. Those Congress M.L.A.'s about whom such rumours were let afloat got scent of it and promptly came to Bombay personally to tell the Leader of the Party not to believe in such rumours. The Leader of the Party, of course, did not believe in those rumours nor did he even try to find out if rumours were true or not, but the members concerned felt offended when the rumours reached their ears. During the last fortnight, the Congress leader has got into personal contract each one of the 86 members and not a single member will leave the Congress ranks.

Then again it is absolutely wrong and incorrect to say that every individual Congressman in the Assembly is of the mind that the very last thing he or she wants to do is to fight another election. One can understand others saying it, because, there is every danger of their not being returned if they face another election, But to say that Congressmen or women are against fighting another election is saying an untruth. It is the Government which is trying to avoid another election as that would mean that the bare majority that the Congress has got in the Bombay Legislature would surely turn into a absolute majority then. As for expenses, the figures given, so far as Congress candidates are concerned are very much exaggerated. Though the exact figure is not available at present, the Poona figures, as given by the "Times," it is stated authoritatively, is very much above the actual amount spent. As regards Non-Congress candidates, it is a fact that not a few have spent Rs. 30 or even 50 thousand each and some even more.

KARACHI INFECTED WITH PLAGUE

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:

Karachi has been declared to be infected with Plague from April 13, says a telegram of the Government of India.

RELIEF FOR CAWNPORE VILLAGERS

Revenue Remission Of Rs. 90,000 And Taqavi Distribution Sanctioned

LUCKNOW, April 13.

The Associated Press understands that remissions of Revenue to the extent of Rs. 90,000 have been sanctioned in the Cawnpore District and Taqavi will be distributed on a large scale.

The Nawab of Chhatari, the Chief Minister and the Raja of Kotra, the Minister for Revenue and Agriculture, visited Cawnpore this morning and accompanied by the Commissioner of Allahabad and the Collector of Cawnpore, left for a tour of the area which suffered most from hailstorms and rains.

In Batara village, after inspecting the village Patwari's records, the standing crops and harvested crops, they announced the entire remission of canal dues and promised the cultivators, who had assembled in large numbers, that they would distribute "Taqavi" and arrange for the free supply of fodder.

At the request of the villagers, they also promised to start relief work. The Nawab and the Raja visited 14 other villages and held meetings with the cultivators. They spent the whole day moving from village to village returning to Lucknow in the evening.—A. P.

FOR REPLACEMENT OF OTTAWA

Burma Govt. Delegate For London Conference

RANGOON: April 13.

It has been decided that Dr. Thein Maung, the member of the House of Representatives for Prome District East, shall be the delegate of the Government of Burma at the negotiations to take place in London for the replacement of the Ottawa Agreements.

It is anticipated that the negotiations will begin about the middle of June. A further announcement will be made as to the method by which the Government representative will be kept in touch with the views of the commercial community of Burma."

Dr. Thein Maung is an ex-Member of the Indian Legislative Assembly.—A.P.

NO PARTICIPATION IN CORONATION

Kobe Indians' Decision

ALLAHABAD: April 13.

A communication received by the Foreign Department of the A.I.C.C. states that members of the Indian National Committee of Japan held a meeting recently in Kobe and passed a resolution deciding the non-participation of Indian residents in Japan in functions connected with the Coronation of His Majesty King George the Sixth. The above resolution was passed in persuance of the Congress resolution at Faizpur.—United Press.

WHEN JAMIAT CABINET MEETS

Mr. Ahmed Saeed, Secretary, Jamiat-ul-Ulma-i-Hind, wires from Delhi under date April 13:—

An important meeting of the Working Committee of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind will be held on May 3, 4 and 5 at Moradabad. Urgent matters will be under consideration. All members are requested to attend. Office sending agenda to the Reception Committee responsible for the boarding and lodging. Maulana Mohd. Mian Shahi Masjid should be informed of the exact time of the arrival.

NO APPREHENSION OF BREACH OF PEACE

Socialist Leader's Defence: Echo Of Hartal

PATNA, April 13.

The trial of Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, the Socialist Leader, Rambriksh Benipuri, President of the Town Congress Committee and others who were charged with taking out a procession in defiance of the Police ban on the First of April took place to-day before the City Magistrate.

Babu Rajendra Prasad was present to watch the proceedings.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narain made a verbal statement in Hindi in which he said that action under Section 144, Criminal Proceedure Code, was unjustified as there was no apprehension of breach of peace and Government only wanted to curtail the civil liberties of the people. Hearing was adjourned till to-morrow.

Babu Rajendra Prasad is leaving to-night for Hubli, Belgaum district.—A. P.

Aga Khan Hockey

A THRILLING ENCOUNTER

Karachi Goan's Lucky Victory Over B. B. & C. I.

A thrilling encounter was witnessed in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament, on Tuesday evening, when the Karachi Goans qualified to meet the Lahore Y. M. C. A. in the Semi-final round, beating the B. B. & C. I. Railway by a solitary goal. It was one of the fastest games played in the tournament so far and hard though aimless hitting was it's chief feature. The stands were packed to their utmost capacity and the big crowd watched the game with great interest, each movement being applauded vociferously.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne were among the keen spectators.

The losers were the better side was the general opinion at the close of play and with little luck they should have won. From the start, both the teams resorted to hard-hitting and it was lucky that none got hurt in a game played in such a furious manner. All the four wing-men were fast and were well-supported by others in the attack. Both sets of full-backs were "first-timers" and it was no mean job to get past them. The goalkeepers were tested on a number of occasions and they did not allow their "sang-froid" to be disturbed. The pivots were not very effective.

P. P. Fernandes, the All-India player, though not the most outstanding forward, proved to be the match-winner, for he was responsible for the only goal scored of the match. He displayed great opportunism in effecting this shot and if he had not been well marked throughout, he might have done more damage.

C. Nelson, the Railway right half-back was on several occasions cheered for helping his team out of difficulties.

THE GAME.

The game opened at a terribly hot pace set by the forwards of both the teams and the rival goals were visited in turn. During this period the Karachi defence had a comparatively difficult job to keep the Railway forwards in check.

Midway through this half, the Goans had two good tries, the Railway goalkeeper saving from the opposing centre forward, from close quarters, both the times. Near the interval, the ball travelled at a quick pace and the game had developed into a bout of end to end exchanges but the score-board was blank when the half-time was called.

A LATE GOAL.

After resumption, the Railwaymen broke away with a left-wing move, following which they were awarded a short-corner, which proved abortive.

The B. B. & C. I. had, slightly, the better of the exchanges at this stage, when Claudius their Inside-right, was seen dodging past the Karachi defence, now and then but his accurate passes were not accepted. The Railway returned to attack desperately when they had, one after the other, three excellent tries, but the opposing full-backs and custodian rose up to the occasion and brought off brilliant saves.

All hopes of a decision had almost been given up and a draw was in sight, when a few minutes from the end, following a short Melee in front of the goalmouth, P. P. Fernandes, the Karachi Inside-left, scored from the Inside-right position to give his side the lead. It was a good effort indeed. A little later the same player took a short-corner which was ably cleared by the railway goalkeeper.

To Increase Sales

Use "Chronicle"

The B. B. & C. I. men did their best to draw level but all in vain and the Karachi Goans came out lucky winners.

Result:—

KARACHI GOANS ..... 1 goal.
B. B. & C. I. ..... Nil.

The teams were:—

KARACHI GOANS: Correia; A. D'Costa and Ivo Fernandes; Mascarenhas, F. P. D'Souza and Branganza; M. D'Costa, M. Fernandes, H. Fernandes, P. P. Fernandes and Mendes.

B. B. & C. I.: D. Nelson; Waddell and I. Bartlett; C. Nelson, Page and Beezalt; Popin, Claudius, Dean, Lodrick and W. Bartlett.

UMPIRES: H. Lynn and O. Ernst.

TO-DAY'S GAMES.

At 4-45 p.m.: Exhibition Match Bombay Customs vs. Bangalore.

5-40 p.m.: Lahore Paraders vs. Armed Police.

Our Wadhwan correspondent wires to say that an imposing 'kutcheri' was held at Dhrangadhra State Uttaro to celebrate the betrothal of Kumar Shree Sir Vikramsinhji, son of Raj Kumar Captain Sivaisinhji of Jamnagar with Rajkumari Shree Rajnikunverba, daughter of Raj Rana Shree Shivsinhji of Hampur, (Dhrangadhra)

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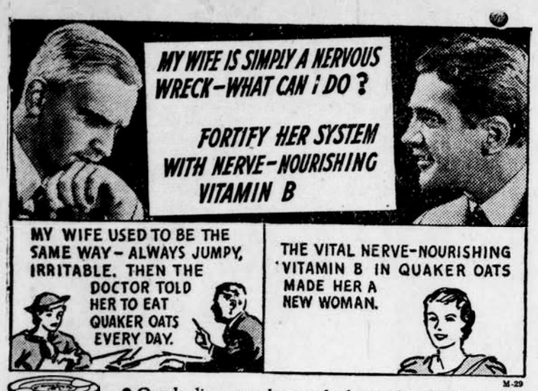
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Bulls Play Havoc With Public

Drastic Changes Needed To Control Powerful Operations

Will Stock Exchange Authorities Wake Up In Time To Avert Grave Crisis?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

THE DRASTIC DECLINE IN INDIAN IRON AND STEEL SHARES ON THE CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE WILL NOT BE FORGOTTEN FOR YEARS TO COME AS UNUSUAL STEP OF CLOSING THE MARKET HAD TO BE TAKEN.

Shares Shooting Up

Indian Iron Shares were going up daily under persistent buying and prices reached the dizzy level of Rs. 80. Although dealings on the Calcutta Stock Exchange are on a cash basis, the trading assumed gambling aspect in which Bombay operators also played their part.

Extensive business in these shares has been going on feverishly in the local Share Bazar and there was no need to go to Calcutta.

Recent activity in Steel Shares encouraged unprecedented buying and three scrips listed on the Calcutta Exchange were bought and sold daily in large volumes by local Brokers. These three scrips are, Indian Iron, Indian Copper and Burma Corporation.

Market Becomes Gamble

Unexpected extensive unloading in large volumes took place last week and in less than one hour prices declined to Rs. 60. The decline amounted to 25 per cent. Later on prices again slumped to Rs. 55.

The decline was mainly due to extensive long interest built up on account of speculative purchases as a result of overenthusiasm The market lost all aspects of cash business and assumed the nature of a gamble.

Bulls Play Havoc

Owing to shortage of steel and pig iron all over the world, prices are rising and profits of Iron and Steel Companies are increasing. Neither London nor Wall Street markets became overenthusiastic but Indian operators and particularly bulls played a havoc.

In the local Share Bazar, Tata Iron and Steel Dfd. shares were pushed up to Rs. 2,290 and Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 450. To-day they declined to Rs. 1,570 and to Rs. 325 respectively.

There is no change in the Steel industry and profits of Steel Companies do not show any change. On the contrary, Tata Iron and Steel Co. raised prices last week which means more profits.

But the movement of shares show contrary results. Indian Irons came down to Rs. 57 and Tata Steel Dfds. to Rs. 1,680 and Ordinary Shares to Rs. 337 on Saturday last.

Manipulations Of Powerful Operators

These wide and erratic fluctuations are due to manipulations of powerful operators and outside public is attracted with a view to get rich quickly.

The volume of business and daily turnover beat all past records and price levels are well over those seen during the last World War.

Weak holders are often caught to hold the burden of actual shares and at the end of the last month, weak buyers were forced to pay Rs. 50 as budlee difference on Tata Steel Dfds. Thus on an investment of Rs. 2,000 one can earn Rs. 50 interest in one month.

Drastic Changes Needed

All these developments go to prove that there is an absolute need to make drastic changes in the present methods.

The Morison Stock Exchange Inquiry Committee report is long since out and the Stock Exchange authorities have been requested by Government to accept all recommendations in toto as they are interdependent.

The newly elected Board of Directors of the Bombay Stock Exchange are now seriously considering the Report as a reply has to be given to the Government before the end of the month.

Board Opposed

It is understood that the Board is greatly opposed to the question of amendment of the Bombay Securities Act of 1925. The Morison report recommends under Section VIII (2) of the report as follows:—

"Ready delivery contract" has been defined in this Act as a contract for the purchase or sale of securities for performance of which no time is specified and which is to be performed immediately or within a reasonable time."

The question of reasonable time is in each particular case a question of fact. It is evident that this is a very vague definition was much as it lays down no definite time for the completion of the contract. This facilitates evasion and viviates any rules the Association might draft to define "ready delivery bargain."

The Committee therefore will suggest that the Act should be amended so as to make "ready delivery contract" mean a contract which must be implemented by the actual delivery of and payment for the security specified in such contract on any business day not later than the seventh day from the date of the original contract.

Pregnant Amendment

This amendment has a great meaning and must be adopted. If there was a clause like this on the Calcutta Stock Exchange, present difficulties would not have arisen. All contracts of cash delivery must be completed within seven days and the shares tendered must bear the name of the seller.

This is the best way to do away with speculative business from the Cash Section because sales and purchases on cash delivery will be without margins.

The Stock Exchange Board is in a difficult position because the amendment to the Indian Securities Act of 1925 must be sanctioned by the Legislative Assembly. As the moment there is little likelihood of Assembly meeting and speculation on the Stock Exchange will go on unhampered:—

Excessive Speculation Continues

The Board of Directors know well as to what happens every day in the share Bazar and will do well in putting into effect as soon as possible, amendments against which there is no objection.

Excessive speculation continues in steel and other shares in the local Bazar and prices are fluctuating widely every day. If professionals keep on indulging into reckless speculation, it will not take too long to see a real crisis and a worst crisis and then it will be too late for the Stock Exchange Authorities to blame outsiders who remain constantly exploited.

BRITISH LABOUR LEADER'S MESSAGE TO GUJRAT SOCIALIST

DOHAD, April 13.

Mr. Fenner Brockway, Secretary of the Independent Labour Party, London, has sent the following message to Mr. Kamala Shankar Pandya, Secretary of the Gujerat Congress Socialist Party in connection with the forthcoming Provincial Gujerat Congress Socialist Conference to be held at Dohad on April 24 and 25, 1937.

"On behalf of the Independent Labour Party, I send greetings to your conference. We are full of admiration of the magnificent fight which you are waging against British Imperialism and against Capitalism and Landlordism in India. More and more the fight against these three must become one and in your party lies the greatest hope of its being carried through to a successful conclusion."—United Press.

A provisional Reception Committee of the All-India Trade Union Congress Session which will be held in Delhi has been formed with Shrimati Chandobibi as the Chairman.—A.P.

NEW CURRENTS IN CENTRAL EUROPE

(Continued from page 6.)

which he declared:—"Let the three hundred million Muslims be sure that the German Kaiser will be their friend at all times." It is known that after the dinner where this speech was made, Prince Bulow apparently considering its reaction above all in London, sent for the short-hand report to remove this sentence before the report being made available to the press, and was disturbed to hear, that at the Kaiser's order the report had already been issued to the official Wolf Telegraphic Agency. The Swiss daily "Bisler National Zeitung" concludes a lengthy article devoted to Mussolini's Libyan visit under the title "Theatre or Threat" by stating that it would be a mistake to set it aside as mere "theatre". Italy's further halt in regard to Spain where Italian units have lately received some serious reverses is, in the circumstances, awaited with much attention and interest. There are suggestions or references of Italy making a keen stand to gain certain strategical advantages. Reports from Paris indicate a certain disappointment over the drifty attitude of London: for the latter it would seem both concern about forces retaining a keen radical bent asserting in Spain and estimates of striking for time are responsible.

Attention To Indian Affairs

In the European press there have recently been indications of an extension of interest to Indian affairs. This it would appear is bound with the approach of the initiation of the new Constitution and the election campaign which has shown the National Congress as a more vital factor than had possibly generally or widely come to be thought. Reports in some Continental dailies, as for instance a recent article in the important Swiss daily "Neue Zuricher Zeitung" show that trends in Indian quarters are followed with some attention. The article in question reveals a careful reading of Nehru's last Faizpur Congress speech. The reference in this speech to the international situation and Indian interest to it comes in for particular attention. There is obviously recognition that at a time when the European situation is of closer care to Britain and as mentioned earlier there is the opening of the tendency for this situation to exert its impress to more distant fields keener estimate is attached to India's stand, an outlook not without its significance also to India.

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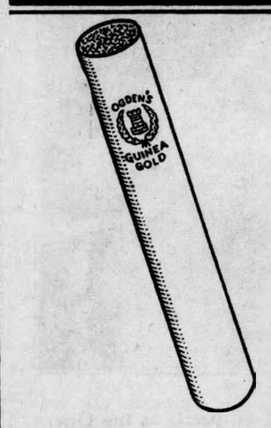

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Mainly About Motion Pictures

Syt. Jal Merchant and Kumari Umashashi at the Roxy.

"PREM KAHANI"

Ashok Kumar And Vimala Lead In Opera House Film

(CONTRIBUTED.)

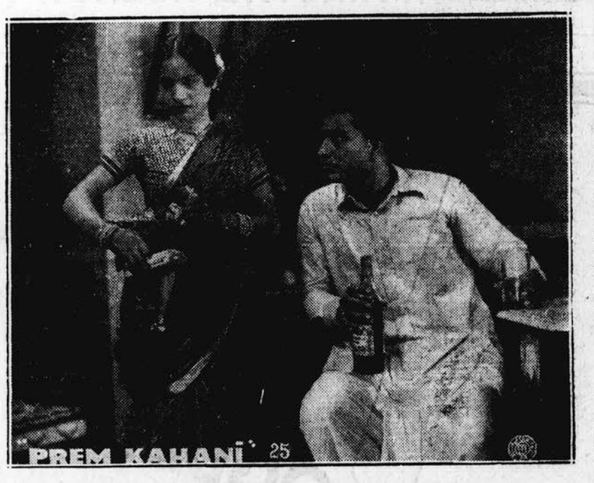
"Prem Kahani", the Bombay Talkies film running in the third week at the Opera House has attracted the attention of the discerning film critic as well as the average film-goer in search of good celluloid entertainment. Some have been roused to a controversy about its theme, others have marvelled at the bold treatment of a social theme of first class importance. Many more, however, have admired "Prem Kahani" as an interesting and intriguing story —a story which has lent itself admirably to filmic interpretation. the dramatic highlights of the picture have not been missed by the audiences and the pathos of its many poignant situations has evoked sympathy in the heart of everyone who has seen the film. The technique and particularly the depiction of the storm scene has rightly earned praise from all.

To a great number the lure of "Prem Kahani" lies in its many fine songs, duets and dances. It is the logical, coherent and intelligent interweaving of all these elements which has produced photoplay of admittedly outstanding qualities.

FINE ACTING.

But the success of a picture must ultimately depend on the artistes who interpret its diverse situations with appropriate variations of mood and gesture. And the success of "Prem Kahani" too must be ascribed in a very large measure to the uniformly good acting "put over" by all the principal members of the cast. Ashok Kumar vindicates his stardom with a sincere and unaffected portrayal of his role, with several flashes of histrionic talent of a very high order. As the obedient son torn between his duty to his mother and his love for Maya, he has scored a real triumph. Kamta Prasad, the veteran, is as usual very convincing as the Punditji while among the new comers Mohamed Nazir compel attention with his uniformly good acting. this young man has a future before him.

Among the young ladies who are featured, Vimala easily leads in her role of the city-bred girl, Ramla. She has poise and a command over her gestures which will carry her far. Maya, too, is good in the role of the same name and one can understand why there is reported to be a tie-up between the two in the "Prem Kahani" ballot contest. Both of them have sung well.



"Prem Kahani" with Maya and M. Nazir at the Opera.

New Theatres For A Modern Angle

'The President' At The Krishna

(By OUR DRAMATIC CRITIC).

The New Theatres, obviously, seek a modern angle or slant in their picture "the President" running at the Krishna. In the interpretation, situations and the method of their handling, "The President" is reminiscent of Hollywood. The New Theatres are neither the first nor the only Indian studio to see the slant or to make the Indian photoplay reminiscent of the methods of interpretation which Hollywood has specialised. But the New Theatres modern angle on socio-economic "problems reaches the phase plausibilities not yet attained by a great number of the Indian studios. And, in its desire to follow the methods specialised elsewhere it has given a thoughtful interpretation which brings the photoplay nearer the actualities of the new modes of life animating India of the present day.

The story has been more than once recounted on their page. Briefly, it is the story of the wage earner in a textile mill against the background of high romance. Two sisters, one the "President" of the mill and the other a vivacious college flapper happen to fall in love with the same man—the wage-earner raised to unexpected position of authority. It ends, inevitably, in tragedy. The photoplay moves smoothly. Saigal who plays leading role, ends with less conviction than when he begins. Kumari Leela Desai plays the high strung, restless, college girl with appreciable skill.

It is, however, Kamlesh Kumari who in her role as the "President" develops the effective appeal of the story. Her acting has power. There are few, very few, Indian films that depend for its success on the sheer strength of talented acting. "The President" is, surely one of them. And, Kamlesh Kumari is the artiste who has made and maintained "The President."

"ATMA-TARANG"

At The Minerva

(By Our Dramatic Critic).

"Atma-Tarang," now running at the Minerva, dramatises the idea of Social Service and the charitable solution of poverty. Running away, desperately, from a famine stricken area, the hero of the story is stopped saved and comforted by a "Sanyasi." The "Sanyasi" soon sees a good "Chela" for his lofty aspirations and ordains that the "Chela" should remain unmarried if he would help the poor in his community. The "Chela" is duly obedient and accepts the condition. The conflict begins when a "Rajkumari" falls in love with the unsuspecting "Chela."

The "Rajkumari" happens also to be the daughter of the tyrant unfeeling King against whom the hero of the story, in duly bound, crusades. The conflicts and the plot are thus obvious. The treatment involves a very sensational earthquake. The songs are appropriate to the story. Firoze Dastur as the leading character gives the ideas familiar to the dramatic manner of the Indian stage.

MID-WEEK CHANGE OF PROGRAMME FROM TUESDAY

At The Capitol

A great new gift is the divine voice and enchanting personality of Lily Pons. The famed diva, as petite and lovely as she is renowned scores a veritable triumph in he first motion picture "I Dream Too Much" which is being revived at the Capitol for four days from Tuesday, 13-4-37. Not only does she sing gloriously but she demonstrates striking talents as an actress and the vivacious, vital charm of her personality registers perfectly from the screen.

The story of a little French girl who is swept to unwanted fame by her matchless voice to face the loss of the martial happiness she prizes above everything, is repiete with tender gaiety and human interest. Not only does is afford a logical basis for introducing the superb singing gift of Miss Pons, but it also provide ample opportunities for the exercise of her talents as a Thespian

FOR CINE AMATEURS

The Motion Picture Society of India in collaboration with other enthusiastic Cine Amateurs in the City has decided to organise a group of Cine Amateurs with a view to encourage and promote amateur work in this field. This group intends to bring together all Cine Amateurs in this country, who are already in good number. Besides offering advice and assistance for the production of better films, the group brings them together periodically and facilitates the showing of each others' films. It will also maintain a library of periodicals, books, magazine films, etc., and will also bring about contact with similar organisations the world over. The scheme provides for two classes of membership, local and All-India and also admits those who are not actually in amateur cine work just at present but take keen interest therein. It is hoped that every co-operation will be extended from responsible circles in this venture of the Society.

Cine Amateurs' Group

The Motion Picture Society of India in collaboration with other enthusiastic Cine Amateurs in the City has decided to organize a group of Cine Amateurs with a view to encourage and promote amateur work in this field.

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"MA"

At The Roxy

(CONTRIBUTED).

Kumari Prabha enlivens the story with her faithful rendering of the leading melo-dramatic sentiment of the story. And the direction is appropriate to it.

Life, literature and romance are beautifully moulded into a stirring melo-drama in Profulla Pictures' social hit—"MA"—(mother) released at the Roxy Talkies, last week. Every cinema-fan who has seen this great masterpiece of literature from the pen of Smt. Anurupa Devi—Bengal's foremost of lady-writers, has greatly appreciated this picture.

Director Profulla Ghosh who gave you "Veer Abhimanyu" (Sagar) has directed this picture with his novel display of technique and artistic directorial touches His method treating some of the scenes is really impressive which count for the success of the film.

"MA,' is a touching tale of a newly-married bride—daughter of poverty-stricken parents who was abandoned by her money-mad father-in-law and thus became unhappy. She however goes to her parents and gives birth to a son who becomes her only hope to relinquish the old happenings. The son grows every day. The father of this son does not know about him. The father has a new wife—who nothing but like doll in the house became the subject of ruin of the house. The time event by. and one day the father knows that his son wants to see him. Soul-stirring days that the mother of this son goes through make this story a marvellous tragedy.

The main caste is Zubeidabannu, Kananbala, and Jalmerchant. The touching roles by Zubeida and Kanan demand praise, while Jalmerchant in his dual role is wonderfully good. His expressions are worth complementing.

The songs are really melodious. The story is moving and direction really worth appreciating.

You must see "MA" at the Roxy Talkies which draws crowded houses every week.

"Atama-Tarang" at the Minerva.

Zumbo" the forthcoming release from the Bhavnani Studios.

"KULVADHU"

At The Imperial

(CONTRIBUTED).

On Saturday the 10th instant Sagar's social masterpiece "Kulvadu" enters into the 6th week at the Imperial Talkies, having already had five crowded weeks. The story which is written by Sjt. Kanhyalal Munshi, the famous novelist of Gujarat, seems to have caught the imagination of the public and, consequently, the prize scheme of Rs. 750/- calling for comments on the picture has received a wonderful response from the people of all classes. It is a heart-rending story woven round the time-worn vicissitudes of the daughter-in-law in a Hindu family in a masterly way, the great writer has depicted with the help of numerous situations, the hard lot of a young married girl, and there are moments in the stofy where the audience are moved to tears.

Sabita Devi, the famous star of Sagar Movietone, has given a pathetic performance carrying the masses with her throughout the picture. Women in the audiences have shed many a tear in silent admiration of Sabita Devi's sparkling performance.

Motilal has also given a serious performance which commands respect considering the fact that in previous pictures his performances have been always given in light and semi-humorous roles.

Director Sarvottam Badami who has directed this picture goes a step further in the opinion of the world and in "Kulvadhu" he has promoted himself to the ranks of the best directors in India.

Sagar's "Kulvadhu is a picture for the human heart as it appeals everyone having touched upon several aspects of human life.

H. H. the Prince and Princess Aly Khan visited the Sangeet Film Co., and witnessed the shooting of "Jeevan Swapna"

Kamlesh Kumari in "The President" (New Theatres) reveals rare acting abilities. It is running at the Krishna

AT 73, HE ENJOYS PERFECT HEALTH

Had Sciatica 35 Years Ago

TAKEN KRUSCHEN EVER SINCE

Thirty-five years ago this septuagenarian was helpless with sciatica. Then he heard of Kruschen. Since that day, he has enjoyed perfect health. Here is his remarkable story:—

"Thirty-five years ago, I had a severe attack of sciatica, and could scarcely move for about six weeks. Then I started taking Kruschen—about half-a-teaspoonful every morning in hot water. In a few weeks, I got rid of the awful pain in my hips. I have taken Kruschen every morning since. I have never had to consult a doctor since, and am still in perfect health at 73 years of age, which I can only attribute to taking Kruschen Salts every morning."—T.A.

Most people grow old long before their time because they neglect one vital need of health—the need of internal cleanliness. Eventually, they start the healthy Kruschen habit. Then, probably for the first time in their lives, they start getting rid, every day, of all waste matter from the system.

Two of the ingredients of Kruschen Salts have the power of dissolving uric acid crystals—the cause of those aches and pains. Other ingredients of these salts assist Nature to expel the dissolved crystals through the natural channels.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars

SOUND ADVICE

In chronic diseases and surgical cases Always consult Dr. TANDON senior, M.D (U.S.A.), Scientific Veteran Homoeopath, of 80 years' experience and an eminent Physician of Bombay, who works wonders even at the eleventh hour without operation. His treatment is scientific, sure, simple, natural and harmless Chowpatty Sea Face, Bombay 'Phone 40307

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Noor Mohamad Haji Momin was it is alleged, stabbed by one Nathan Abraham on April 2. He died of injuries at the J. J. Hospital.

At the inquest to-day, the jury pronounced a verdict of death caused by internal haemorrhage following upon a homicidal stab wound on the left side of the chest on the evidence we hold that this wound was inflicted with murderous intent by the suspect Nathan Abraham, who ought to be prosecuted for murder under S. 302 I. P. Code.

Some sweeper women were suspected to have committed theft of seven maunds of pepper by boring a hole in the wall and slitting the sacks yesterday morning.

The Dongri police, in their remand application, stated that a small hole of about five inches in diameter was bored in the wall of a pepper and ginger godown at Clive Street and about seven maunds of pepper were removed.

It was also stated that they suspected the sweeper women, named Zhaiabai, who was found sitting in close proximity to the godown, was arrested. A search of her room yielded nothing incriminating.

As further enquiries are necessary, the Magistrate remanded her to police custody till April 20th at the Mazagaon Police Court, today.

After a raid carried out in room No. 20 on the ground floor of Nauman Building at Victoria Gardens Road, a Sub-Inspector of Police attached to the Prevention of Gambling Squad, arrested three Mohammedans last night.

Alleged Satta chits and cash including marked coins were stated to have been seized from them.

Hussein Chotekhan, Hussen Sheik Alli and Mohomed Abdulla the three suspects, were placed before Mr. I. S. Hajee to-day.

Pending further enquiries and were remanded to Police custody till April 21 at the Mazagaon Court.

Sub-Inspector Shewde of the Prevention of Gambling Squad arrested late last night four persons on Dadar Main Road, for alleged Sutta gambling.

Sutta slips and cash with marked coins are alleged to have been recovered from them, it was stated.

All the accused, Mahomedally Mumtaz Ali, Mahomed Ahmed, Sham Shankar and Syed Mahomed were bailed out till the 20th instant at the Dadar Police Court to-day.

The Bombay City Police have been scouring the nooks and corners of the city, and wires have been flashed all over India, for the apprehension of Kalicharan, a 'Panwala' Bhaya, who, it is alleged, murdered in cold blood, Bijay Bahadur (34) and Ram Dulari (22) his mistress on Monday in a room of a building situate at Sutta Gulli in Shaikh Memon Street.

The motive of the murder seems to be the woman.

Enquiries show that Ram Dulari has her husband living at Cawnpore but she left him and absconded with Kali Charan three months ago and they both came to Bombay. They knew Bijay Bahadur who was running a Pan shop at Old Sutta Gully and stayed in his room, and also started a Pan shop for their living.

All went on well for a couple of months, but recently Kalicharan suspected the fidelity of Dulari who had transferred her love to Bijay Bahadur. Kalicharan therefore suggested to Dulari to leave the room and accompany him elsewhere. This Dulari refused to do. Enraged at her refusal to shift, Kalicharan, it is suspected, took an opportunity to kill her as well as Bijay Bahadur. On Monday morning after killing them both Kalicharan closed the door and escaped.

He left a blood-stained knife in the room which has been taken charge of by the police. The suspect is still at large but the police are after him.

DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED

A sentence of death passed by the Sessions Judge of Belgaum on Dadu Ganu Kumbhar (50), an agriculturist, who was found guilty of the murder of a village officer was confirmed by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the Bombay High Court yesterday.

The Court rejected an appeal filed by him and found that obviously there were no good reasons for commuting the sentence of death.

The crime was committed at Mankapur, a village in Chikodi taluka, on December 15, 1935, the victim being Dhondi Parshuram Koli, a police 'Sanadi' (an assistant to the village Patil).

Drops Stone On His Head

It appeared that on December 14, 1935, a resident of the village found certain ornaments missing from his young son's person and mentioned the fact to a neighbour, who happened to have seen the accused with the boy that day. A complaint was lodged with the police patil, who sent Dhondi Parshuram, the victim of the murder, to fetch the accused.

At the village 'chavdi' (office) as the patil and the 'kulkarni' were busy. Dhondi was asked to question the accused and there was an altercation between the two. At 1 o'clock that night the police patil went home, but Dhondi, the accused, the 'kulkarni' and four others slept in the 'chavdi'.

In the early hours of the morning, one of the persons sleeping with Dhondi raised a cry, and the 'kulkarni' saw the accused dropping a large stone on Dhondi's head. The accused was seen by two other witnesses leaving the 'chavdi'. Dhondi died almost immediately.

Defence Disbelieved

The accused, who had absconded and who was arrested one year after the commission of the crime, tried during his trial to turn the tables on the police patil by stating that it was he who had killed Dhondi. His defence was, however, disbelieved.

The accused, it appeared, had a grudge against Dhondi, who had collected evidence against him in a previous case and had often hauled him up for committing petty thefts in the village.

After reviewing the evidence, the High Court found that the accused had been rightly convicted and, therefore, confirmed the sentence passed on him.

Mr. B. D. Belvi appeared for the accused; Dewan Bahadur P. B. Shingne, Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

OLD WOMAN'S TRAGIC END

An inquest was held to-day on the body of one Ramabai Bhiku Sunekar (75) residing at Kurla.

On Sunday last, while she lighted a naked kerosine oil lamp that was fixed on the wall and then tried to light another chimney lamp just above it her sari caught the flame of the naked lamp. As a result, she sustained injuries, and with the help of neighbours put out the flames. She was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where she died on Monday.

The jury returned a verdict of death due to burns sustained accidentally from a naked kerosine oil lamp.

NEW CITY POLICE POSTINGS

Inspector Bird Appointed To Officiate As Superintendent

The following changes are notified in the City Police Gazette:—

Off. Dy. Inspector C. W. Brown (Yellow Gate) to Passport Branch.

Dy. Inspector S. S. Nawalkar (Bhoiwada) to Yellow Gate Police Station.

Sergeant G. J. W. Guilter (Delisle Road P. S.) to officiate as Dy. Inspector, Bhoiwada Police Station.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay is pleased to appoint Mr. G. Bird, an Inspector of Police, Bombay City, to officiate as Superintendent of Police, Bombay City, vice Rao Saheb R. N. Nayampalli, proceeding on leave.

CELEBRATE MAY DAY

Ranga And Yagnik Issue Call To Kisans And Mazdoors

BOMBAY, April 13.

PROF. N. G. RANGA AND INDULAL YAGNIK, PRESIDENT AND JOINT SECRETARY OF THE ALL INDIA KISAN SABHA HAVE ISSUED THE FOLLOWING APPEAL FOR THE MAY DAY (MAY 1):

"We appeal to our Kisans to celebrate May Day, the day of all the peasants and workers of the world and thus demonstrate our Cameraderie with the whole of toiling humanity. Our peasants and workers have greater need than others to get together across national barriers and march onwards, hand in hand, towards the ultimate establishment of Kisan and Mazdoor Raj."

The masses are everywhere passionately patriotic. But they have to see that their patriotism does not lead them more and more into the stranglehold of the exploiting classes. The war clouds are gathering from every direction."

Concert Measures

Our masses must concert measures to avoid becoming gun fodder for these wars, waged by the Imperialist powers for the benefit of the Capitalists. Under the guise of Fascism or Nazism, Nationalism or Chauvinism, the modern democracies are involving our populations in suicidal and internecine warfare as that in Spain. Kisans and Mazdoors must beware of such pitfalls.

"This year's May Day falls at an opportune moment. On this day, we the Kisans and Mazdoors will have to organise our public meetings, explain to our audiences the world's present political and economic plight and reiterate the demands of the Kisans and Mazdoors and vow to do all in our power to fight Fascism in all countries, Capitalism and Feudalism in India and the Imperialism of the British."—United Press.

A foreign scholarship of £216 annually, exclusive of tuition fee, which will be borne by the Government, has been awarded by the Governor of the U. P. to Mrs. Madhuri Devi Dasania for the study of western methods of education for 19 months from October 1, 1937.

Yesterday the P. and O. liner, "Viceroy of India" sailed at 8-50 p. m. from Port Said.

SHAMDASANI IN HIGH COURT

Appeals Against Mazagon Magistrate's Order In Central Bank Case

Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court commenced the hearing of the revisional application filed by Mr. P. D. Shamdasani against the order of Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, 6th Court, refusing to allow him inspection of certain books produced during the hearing of his case against the auditors of the Central Bank.

The respondents in the case are: Sir Hugh Golding Cocke, partner in the firm of Messrs. A. F. Fergusson and Co., Sir Shapurji Billimoria and Mr. Nariman Ruttonji Paymaster, both partners in the firm of Messrs. S. B. Billimoria and Co.

The petitioner's case was based on the allegation that the auditors made a false statement by certifying that the balance sheet as at 31st December 1925 disclosed a correct state of affairs.

"Fictitious" Profit

According to the petitioner a fictitious profit was shown in the balance sheet. One of the ways in which this was done, he alleged, was by assessing the value of Government paper held by the Bank not at its face value but at the price ruling in the market at the time.

During the hearing of the case, under the orders of the Magistrate, the respondents produced certain books. The petitioner then applied to have an inspection of the books, and on the Magistrate's refusal, he approached the High Court in revision.

The case is proceeding.

AILING YOUTH DROWNS HIMSELF IN SEA

The Coroner's jury held an inquest to-day on the body of one Suleman Fakir Mahomed (22) residing at Tandale Street.

The deceased's brother stated that, on the 11th April at 5 a.m. he left the room, told him that he was going to the water closet. He did not return. Witness made inquiries and, not finding him, reported to the police.

He also stated that for the last two months he was in an indifferent state of health and was under the treatment of a doctor.

On Monday he received information that his dead body was found floating in the sea at Chowpatty. There were no marks of violence.

The jury returned a verdict of death by asyphxiation from suicidal drowning in the sea at Chowpatty.

L'ODHRA

WOMEN'S FRIEND & WEAPON AGAINST ALL ILLS.

Available at all Chemists & Druggists

KESARI KUTEERAM EGMORE—MADRAS.

Hastens the return to Health and Strength

DURING convalescence, when the weakened nerves and tissues must be built up to normal vigour, 'Ovaltine' stands alone in its gently restorative powers. Easily assimilated and readily digestible, 'Ovaltine' quickly re-invigorates, rebuilds wasted tissue and restores normal health and vigour to body, brain and nerves. In addition, its delicious flavour makes a special appeal to the jaded palate.

'Ovaltine' contains *all* the vital body and nerve-building constituents of ripe barley malt and creamy cows' milk, together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins, scientifically combined according to an exclusive process which cannot be copied.

Do not be induced to accept inferior substitutes for 'Ovaltine.' There are very important differences. Unlike imitations—'Ovaltine' does not contain any cheap ingredients, such as household sugar to give bulk and reduce manufacturing costs. Always remember, imitations lack the supreme quality and unique nutritional merit of 'Ovaltine.'

Packed in tins of 4½, 9 and 18 ounces weight, 'Ovaltine' gives you more in Quantity—more in Quality and, therefore, more in Value. By insisting on 'Ovaltine' you make sure of obtaining the highest possible quality at the lowest possible price.

'OVALTINE'

TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

Builds up Brain, Nerve and Body

Why 'OVALTINE' suits every individual taste. Practical tests constantly made over a long period of years, conclusively prove that the flavour of 'Ovaltine' suits every individual taste. It must be strongly emphasized that, unlike imitations, 'Ovaltine' does not contain any household sugar to increase bulk and lower manufacturing costs. Sweetness is a matter of taste, and sugar, which is cheap, can be added to 'Ovaltine' in the home, if desired. No one wants to pay a fancy price for sugar as an ingredient of a food beverage.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

Agent: James Wright, 85a, Ripon Street, Calcutta. Also at Bombay, Madras and Karachi.

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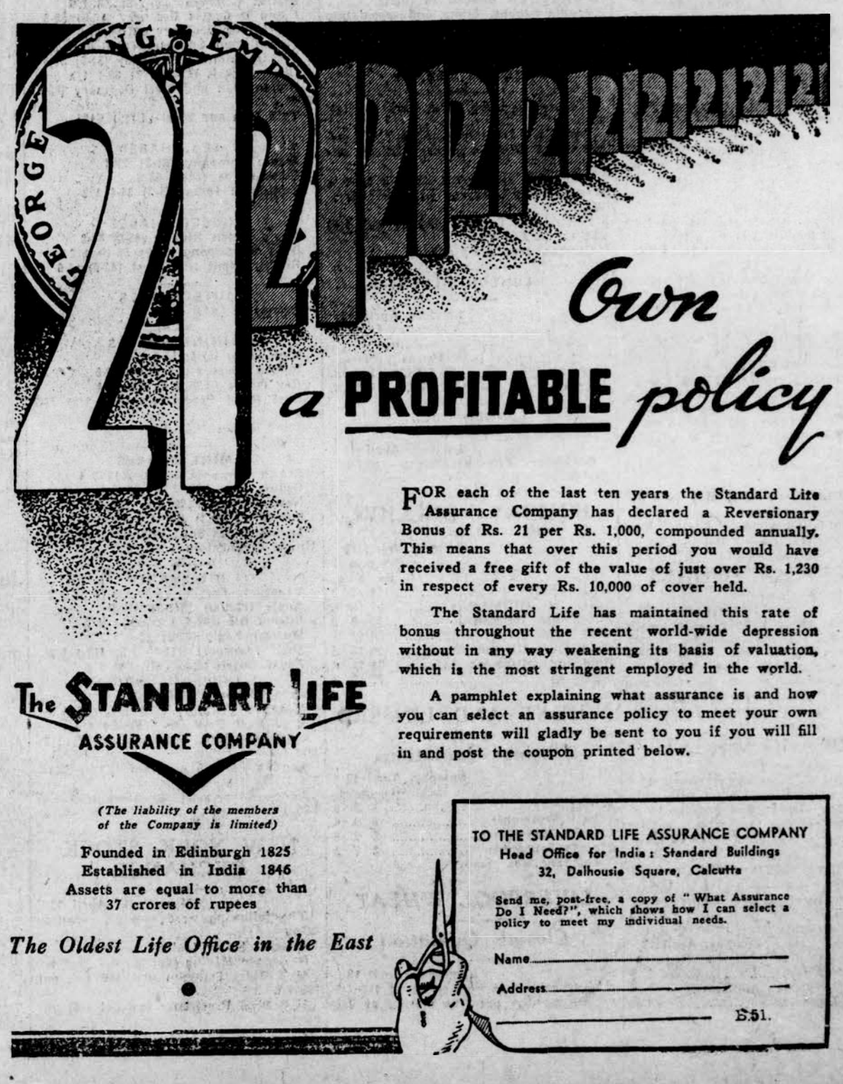

FOR each of the last ten years the Standard Life Assurance Company has declared a Reversionary Bonus of Rs. 21 per Rs. 1,000, compounded annually. This means that over this period you would have received a free gift of the value of just over Rs. 1,230 in respect of every Rs. 10,000 of cover held.

The Standard Life has maintained this rate of bonus throughout the recent world-wide depression without in any way weakening its basis of valuation, which is the most stringent employed in the world.

A pamphlet explaining what assurance is and how you can select an assurance policy to meet your own requirements will gladly be sent to you if you will fill in and post the coupon printed below.

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Founded in Edinburgh 1825
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Assets are equal to more than 37 crores of rupees

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Send me, post-free, a copy of "What Assurance Do I Need?", which shows how I can select a policy to meet my individual needs.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 9 POINTS DOWN

Gold And Wheat Easy But Silver Steady

BOMBAY, April 13

On Tuesday cross rates rlued steady.

NEW YORK COTTON RECOVERS

New York cotton opened easy but prices recovered later on trade support.

GULD EASY

London gold was easy and silver was quiet

WHEAT WEAK

Wheat was weak. Base metals were steady. Rubber was easy.

The London Stock Exchange displayed more activity on improved demand but business was restricted. Giltedged secuelties kept steady on scattered demand.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1937

New York, April 13

Previous closing	13.89
To-day's opening	13.76
Difference	—13
To-day's closing	13.80
Difference	—09

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1937

Liverpool, April 13

Previous closing	7.58
To-day's opening	
Difference	
To-day's closing	7.53
Difference	—05

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 244-3

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 13

Cotton showed very little interest with speculative enquiry at a very low ebb. However with improved technical position the market was able to offer considerable resistance with the result that firmer undertone prevailed.

Trading in May commenced at 13.76 i.e. 13 points lower than previous closing. Prices decline on lower Liverpool cables and scattered liquidation and foreign selling but thereafter rallied on good support to 13.83 with a steadier tone.

New York cotton finally closed at 13.80 with a decline of 9 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 13

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (13.97/13.96) 13.76/13.72
July (13.86/13.85) 13.62/13.60
October (13.43/13.41) 13.18/13.16

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 13

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (7.66) 7.59
American July (7.71) 7.64
Egyptian March (11.84) 11.74
Egyptia nMay (11.90) 11.80

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, April 13

There was no business at night. Broach A/M moved between Rs. 247-6 and Rs. 248-8 at night and closed at Rs. 248-2 in the Mahajan Association at night.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 13

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 3/4) 1-4 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4 1/2) 2-4 1/2

JUTE

New Crop April May (£21 3/8 sellers) £21 11/16 paid and value.
Dunlop April (£23 1/4 sellers) £23 1/4 sellers.
Lightning April (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (11 11/16 buyers) 11 5/16 value
Forward July September (11 15/16 paid and sellers) 11 9/16 paid and sellers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April May (£14 1/2 sellers) £14 7/16 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April May (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 sellers
Linseed La Plata April May (£13 3/8 sellers) £13 1/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal April May (£15 3/4 sellers) £15 5/8 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 13

Liverpool wheat opened weak with May at 119 3/4 and July 118 1/2 Early easiness was due to lower outside cables but later the market gathered some strength on reports of sales to Spain but subsequently prices again showed a tendency to fall under general liquidation.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 13

Chicago wheat opened quiet with July at 1.23. The market was very quiet in the absence of any important buying and general lack of speculative interest.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Delivery May 1937

Bombay, April 13

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 3 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 3 0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 3 9
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8 3 6

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 13

Previous closing	4.90 9/32
To-day's opening	4.90 23/32
To-day's closing	4.90 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 13

Previous closing	4.90.07
To-day's opening	4.90.45
To-day's closing	4.90.57

FRANC RATE

London, April 13

Previous closing	109.71
To-day's opening	109.75
To-day's closing	109.94
Difference	plus 23

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 13

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90.45 and then rose to 4.90.47 subsequen tly further improving to 4.90.75 on better support

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.90.57

Franc opened at 109.75 and then weakened to 109.78 but thereafter movements became narrow with the rate steadier.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 109.94.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.283) 8.300
New York on Bombay (37.07) 37.05
London on Milan (93.10) 93.20
London on Shanghai (0.92) 0.92 1/8
London on Shanghai (1-2 19/32) 1-2 19/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, April 13

The following cable information was received from London to night.

"India bought. China and speculators sold. Market quiet."

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£274 1/2 buyers £274 3/4 sellers. Easy) £272 1/4 buyers £272 3/4 sellers

Lead (£26 3/8 buyers £26 1/2 sellers. Weak) £25 3/8 buyers £25 1/2 sellers Weak.

Electrolytic Copper (£68 to £69 1/2) £68 1/2 to £69 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

LONDON SILVER

London, April 13

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices.
Spot	21 1/8d.	21 1/8d.
Forward	21 1/8d.	21 1/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 13

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-1-8) £7-1-6

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 13

10-0 p.m

	Rs a. p.
Silver ready	54 1 0
Silver 1st settlement	51 15 0
Silver 2nd settlement	54 8 0
Gold ready	34 13 6
Gold 1st settlement	34 13 0
Gold 2nd settlement	34 11 6
Sovereign	22 3 3

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 13

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat May	6 8 0
Wheat September	6 5 6
Linseed May	8 2 6
Linseed September	8 7 3

The tone was steady

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, April 13

Liverpool wheat May closed at 117 7/8 as against the previous closing at 121 1/4

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, April 13

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 92-10-6. The closing rate at 5 p.m. was the same.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	92 11 0
Highest	92 12 0
Lowest	92 8 0
Closing	92 10 6

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 13

The 3 1/2 p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed at £88 1/2 as against the previous closing at £88 1/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 13

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/2) £97 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£88 1/2) £88 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£111) £111
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106) £106
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102) £102

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£109 1/4) £109

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 5/8) £76 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£101 7/8) £101 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103) £103
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 5/8) £109 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 13

2-30 p.m.

After early hesitation markets developed better tendency but business was only moderate. Kaffirs copper shares, oil shares and rubber shares were firmer. Tin shares were easy.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (83-1 1/2) 83-1 1/2
Hydro Electric (£10 1/8) £10
Musical Industries (22-8) 22-3
Princhin Johnson (46-6) 46-6
Imperial Chemical (37-7 1/2) 37-7 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (76-3) 76-3
Realisation 1930 (£95 1/2) £95 1/4
Dunlop Rubber (35-6) 35-3
Unilever Ordinary (40-9) 40-7 1/2
Ford Motors (30-10 1/2) 30-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless (£7 1/8) £7 1/8
British American Tobacco (127-6) 126-10 1/2
Carreas A (£8 1/2) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (151-3) 150-7 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (36-4 1/2) 36-4 1/2
Distillers (110-0) 110-0
Bredfords Dyers (£9 3/4) £9 3/4
British Celanese (£8 7/8) £8 7/8
J and P Coates Ordinary (50-0) 50-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (51-3) 51-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (12-6) 12-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (31-3) 31-3
Inter Nickels (65-10 1/2) 66-1 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (83-9) 81-3
Tata Iron and Steel (£105) £105

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-3) 21-3
Donaro Tea (54-0) 53-6
Empire of India (35-0) 34-4 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (45-3) 44-3
Gula Kelampong (58-9) 56-10 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (43-0) 44-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£13) £13

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (57-6) 55-0
Burma Corporation (19-6) 19-6
Rio Tintos (£26 1/4) £26 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (70-7 1/2) 73-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£8) £8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 3/4) £13 3/4
Geduld New (£9 3/8) £9 3/8
New Modders (£29 3/8) £29 3/8
Sub Nigel (£11) £11 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (35-0) 35-0
Union Corporation (£9) £9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£58 1/8) £58 1/8
Anglo Iranian (118-9) 118-9
Burma Oil (109-4 1/2) 110-7 1/2
Musical Eagle (22-9) 23-1 1/2
Shell Transport (111-10 1/2) 113-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£45 7/8) £46 3/8

HUME RAIL SHARES

Grea tWestern (£57) £57
L and S Ordinary (£29 1/8) £29 1/8
L N E R Defd (£4 7/8) £4 7/8
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 1/2) £22 1/2
London Paris 5 per cent (£123) £121-3/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£89 1/2) £89 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 13

The following were to-day's opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 60) unquoted
N Copper Mining (dol 56) dol 57 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 110 1/4) dol 113 7/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 144 1/4) unquoted

GOOD GENERAL BUYING IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 13

On the Stock Exchange interest mainly centred on speculatives which after further easiness rallied strongly under good general buying and improvement in Wall Street, many kaffirs oils finishing at days best. Rubbers were erratic and mostly lower. Industrials were featureless but shippings were firm.

In commodities wheat was weak in sympathy with lower plate advices. Cocoa was firm covering speculative buying.

Wall Street was firm reflecting favourable business.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, April 13

Closing quotations:—

Sind cotton May	27	5	6
July	27	0	6
January	23	5	6
Punjab May	21	5	0
July	21	6	9
Desi American May	26	5	9
July	26	10	3
January	26	9	6
Tone: Weak.			
Wheat July	33	4	6
Tone: Dull			
Gram July	23	6	6
Toria May	42	9	6
July	43	3	6
Cottonseed May	18	1	6
July	18	8	3

D BYRAMJI. 13-4-37.

Bombay Metals

Bombay, April 13

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£62-10-3
Standard copper 3 months	£61-10-0
Electrolytic copper	£69-0-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 45
Copper sheets	Rs. 59

Tone: Easy

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 12-4-37	6353000	6598000
Receipts yesterday 12-4-37	37000	9000
Exports to date 12-4-37	4785000	5196000
Stock at Ports 9-4-37	1735000	1989000
Stock at Interior Towns 9-4-37	1500000	1871000
Stock at Liverpool 9-4-37	1007000	732000
Visible Supply 9-4-37	4877000	5293000
Quantity in sight 9-4-37	11894000	11366000
Quantity out of sight 9-4-37	10269000	91780000

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, April 13

April	280.30 plus 360
June	274.60 plus 310
July	272.40 plus 270
August	269.60 plus 190
October	267.60 plus 160

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 13-4-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.046 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m 79.8 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.9 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 87.7 degrees 0.6 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 73.9 degrees 1.6 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m 82 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8a.m. NW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 1 mile per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 129 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 20 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 13-4-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.03 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.83 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

HELP RELEASED PRISONERS

Justice Blackwell's Appeal To Public

"It is a melancholy fact that only 24 persons got employment out of a total number of 959 helped during the past year by the Bombay Presidency Released Prisoners' Aid Society, but still it should be noted that difficulties with which the Society was faced were great," said Mr. Justice Blackwell presiding over the annual meeting of the Society, while moving the adoption of the Report at the Corporation Hall on Tuesday.

It was a notorious fact that a man placed before the Sessions Judge, he observed, perhaps might be with 50 or 60 convictions and a hardened criminal that he had been, would actually ask the judge to give him a long imprisonment, because he knew his condition would be helpless after he would come out of the jail. One did not know, he added, the reason how he was driven to commit crimes so continuously.

Mr. Justice Blackwell finally congratulated the members of the Central Committee for the services they had rendered in the cause of the released prisoners.

A proposal made by Mr. P. L. Thakker, ex-Presidency Magistrate, Bombay City, and duly seconded to reduce the fees of the life and ordinary members, by fifty per cent. was unanimously carried after some discussion.

The great apathy shown by the public to this Society was mentioned by several members, while appealing for more funds and more recognition of the Society's services.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, April 13

L Edwards ss Lindenfels of 5193 reg tons, Captain A Focke arrived from Bremen via Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Portsaid, Portsudan, Suez and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

J Finlay ss Clan Macines of 2826 reg tons, Captain G Dunn arrived from Fowey via Glasgow and Liverpool with general cargo.

Scindia ss Jalarajan of 3148 reg tons, Captain C Gale arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Trivandrum, Quilon, Alleppey, Cochin, Ponani, Calicut. Badagra, Tellicherry Cannanore with passengers and general cargo.

LOADING

The following steamers booked for loading on 13-4-37.

S S Lindenfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports via Okha, Karachi, Bhavnagar, Kundla and Verawal.

S S Trautenfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports

S S Jalarajan (S S N) for Calcutta and Colombo.

S S Rawalpindi (M M) for China, Japan Ports via Colombo.

DEPARTURES

K Nixon ss City of Barcelona of 3524 reg tons, Captain W Hill sailed for Manchester via Okha, Bedi Bunder, Navlakhi, Karachi and Portsaid with local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N Cranfield of 3913 reg tons, Captain P A C James sailed for Bassein in water ballast.

L Edwards ss Tampa of 3703 reg tons, Captain J Dixon sailed for Calcutta via Colachel, Colombo and Madras with local and same bottom cargo.

O S Kaisha ss Taijin Maru of 3642 reg tons, Captain G Sorimochi sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

O S Kaisha Naples Maru of 4225 reg tons, Captain K Matsumoto sailed for Kobe via Penang and Singapore with local cargo.

DEFAMATION CASE AGAINST TATNIS

Ali Bahadur Khan Further Cross-Examined

Mr Ali Bahadur Khan's defamation case against Mr. Tatnis, Editor of "Vividha Vritta" in respect of an article published in its issue of October 18, came up for further hearing before Mr. R. Mathalone, at the Presidency Magistrate's Court, Mazagaon, on Tuesday.

Mr. Khan in the course of his evidence stated that he was never carrying on propoganda against the Hindus under any garb and it was false that responsible Muslim leaders unanimously passed a resolution to the effect that a recommendation be made to the Commissioner of Police to deport him from Bombay. Two orders served on him by the Chief Presidency Magistrate prohibiting him from making speeches writing or publishing articles which would promote feelings of enmity between Hindus and Mahomedans during the riot time were exhibited. Mr. Khan had also admitted that two months prior to the beginning of the riot he was writing articles about the Maruthi Temple.

WHO IS HAFIZ?

On further cross-examination, the complainant said that he was also addressed as Hafiz Ali Bahadur Khan—Hafiz meaning one who can memorise the Qoran and that he was a true Mahomedan with a religious turn of mind. "About three weeks prior to the riot I was writing and speaking against the ring leadership of the Mahomedans."

Questioned by Defence Counsel, he admitted that he had published in his issue of "Hilal" of September 26 a cartoon which was meant to caricature the Mahomedan members who refused to resign from the Corporation because they spent large sums of money for getting entrance into the House.

Asked whether he started any secret society in different mohallas he said that it was not true. The Society referred to by the defence had now been started some three weeks ago by the name of "Majlis Awam" Peoples Party.

Mr. M. T. Khaderbhoy with Messrs. E. M. Peirara and M. Ebrahim conducted the prosecution while Mr. V. P. Varde and Messrs. M. N. Talpade, S. D. Awar and M. H. A. Fazalbhoy defended the accused.

ACQUITTED OF MURDER CHARGE

Mr. Justice Divatia at the High Court acquitted one Jhiparia, a young man of 20, on the jury finding him "not guilty" of murder.

It's All Humbug Says Magistrate

Police Constable And Accused: Exciting Scene At Girgaum Court

Amidst a general scramble by the lawyers and litigants in the Girgaum Police Court to see a man discharged by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, on Tuesday, being apprehended by a Police constable watched by a huge crowd, the man was again brought before the Court at the order of the Magistrate.

The Magistrate resented the harassment of the public by the Police and remarked that the Police had no business to touch the men discharged by him in the Court premises without a warrant of arrest.

When Baboolal was ordered to be discharged by the Magistrate as there was no sufficient evidence to place him on a charge-sheet, he left the Court with a bundle of clothes, followed by a Police constable. The Police constable asked the man to stop but the latter not heeding ran down the staircase. the Police constable whistling ou side the Court and a large crowd collecting.

CONSTABLE CALLED BACK

The Police constable was ordered to be called back. When questioned, he replied that he had been asked by a Byculla Police constable to arrest him, as another case was pending against him.

C.: Was he in custody in the present case?

Police Prosecutor: Yes sir.

C.: Then was any remand taken in the other case?

P. P.: Yes Sir.

C.: On what charge he was arrested in the other case?

P. P.: He was arrested for escaping from Police custody in 1931. He is now under remand in this case.

C.: It is all humbug. I do not want that the man should be arrested in this Court. Leave him alone.

Turning to the accused the Magistrate asked if he wanted to go out he might do so whereupon the man replied that he had his money with the Court and he wanted it back.

C.: If you want back the money, you sit here.

After this exciting interlude, the Magistrate proceeded with the hearing of the case in which another man arrested with Baboolal was charged with accepting "satta" bets on Vithalbhai Patel Road on February 27, last. Vithaldas Vallabhji, the other man, who admitted three previous convictions was sentenced to three months' R. I.

RE-ARRESTED.

Later in the evening when Baboolal left the Court premises, he was re-arrested by the Byculla Police constable and marched to the Police station to stand his trial in the Mazagaon Police Court.

Leaders' Challenge To Governors

(Continued from page 1)

men would be returned to the Legislatures.

WHAT GOVERNORS WILL DO?

Speaking on the future developments, Sjt. Bhulabhai said that within the next six months, two ways were open to the Governors: They could summon the legislatures, have the 'nterim' ministries duly censured, send them out of office, and seek the help of the Congress as the majority party to form a ministry. Then the Congress would ask for the fulfilment of the Delhi formula again and the Governors in their turn would refuse. At that stage, the Governor might dissolve the legislatures and order fresh elections. And if the Governors still felt that Congressmen would be returned in greater numbers to the legislatures in case of fresh elections being held, he would declare a state of emergency on the ground that the constitutional machinery had failed and take charge of administration of the Province. The victory of the Congress then would be complete.

It was unfortunate that some people do not realise that Mahatma Gandhi had an intellect that was very keen and that can match with the intellect of any constitutional lawyer. It was, therefore, futile to talk of Gandhiji in a light manner.

NOT ANXIOUS FOR OFFICES.

Concluding Mr. Bhulabhai exhorted the voters to be ready at any moment to go to the polls and again give their verdict in favour of the Congress. The Congress was anxious to serve the people and was not anxious to accept offices. The British Government was more anxious about the present political 'impasse' than the Congress, and it was natural to expect a rapid succession of developments.

Messrs. Manibhai Desai, President of the 'C' Ward Congress Committee and Mr. Ganpatshankar N. Desai, Secretary, B.P.C.C. also spoke at the meeting.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT APPOINTMENTS

NEW DELHI: April 13.

The Governor-General has made the following appointments to the Bombay, High Court:—

(1) Mr. Justice Blackwell to perform the duties of the Chief Justice vice Sir John Beaumont.

(2) Mr. K. C. Sen to act as a Judge vice Mr. Justice Broomfield.

(3) Mr. D. R. Norman to act as a Judge vice Mr. Justice Wadia and

(4) Mr. G. N. Thakar to act as a Judge vice Mr. Justice Divatia during the absence on leave of the latter.—United Press.

COMMUNAL RIOT IN PATNA VILLAGE

PATNA: April 13.

A serious communal riot is reported to have occurred to-day at the village Silao in Bihar Sharif Sub-Division of the Patna District.

A Muslim woman is reported to have been killed. Looting and indiscriminate assault are also reported.

Further details are lacking.—United Press.

TRIBUNAL FOR SETTLEMENT

Indian Christian Conference Appeal To Mahatma And Govt.

MADRAS, April 13.

Important resolutions were passed by the Provincial Indian Christain Conference when it resumed its sitting to-day.

The Conference resolved that 'Inasmuch as the authorities have expressed fear that the grant of previous assurances by the Governor to the popular ministry in respect of his discretionary powers might be construed as a breach of faith with the minorities, this Conference desires to state that in its opinion, Indian Christians do expect just treatment as much from a popular ministry as from the head of the Government. In this connection, it also reminds the leaders of the Majority community to see to it that in all their activities, they inspire confidence in the minorities.

An amendment was moved that the resolution be circularised among local associations and opinion obtained and that the matter be brought to the next session. This was lost and the original resolution was carried.

In continuation of its resolution passed yesterday deploring the deadlock in the inauguration of the new constitution and appealing to Government and the Majority party to explore all avenues towards a compromise, the Conference resolved to-day strongly recommending the Government and Congress that Mahatma Gandhi's suggestion for the appointment of a tribunal for the settlement of the present deadlock be accepted as one of the avenues to be explored towards reaching a settlement.

Another resolution demanded the adoption of prohibition as the goal of Excise policy and requested the authorities to frame a programme to realise the goal in 20 years.—A. P.

"NEW PAGE IN SINO-INDIAN CULTURAL HISTORY"

SANTINIKETAN, April 13.

Prof. Tanyunshan, who is at present here in connection with the opening of the Visvabharati Chinese Hall to-morrow told the Associated Press that he had derived the inspiration to establish the hall from the Poet's teachings and his love of Indian culture. He approached leading scholars and personalities in China who appreciated the idea and formed a Sino-Indian Cultural Society.

Prof. Tanyunshan personally collected funds and returned to India and has now established the hall at a cost of about Rs. 35,000.

Prof. Tanyunshan said "with the hall we open a new page in our cultural history. Our aim is to create a new cultural friendship between India and China."—A. P.

Ban On Sikh Jathas

LAHORE, April 13.

An order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated at Fatehjang prohibiting the passing of Sikh Jathas through bazaars.—A. P.

Cotton Market's Nervous On Monetary And Labour Situation

PRICES RECOVER ON SHORT COVERING AND TRADE SUPPORT

Wallace's Caution Against Too Restrictive Production

BOMBAY, April 13.

"Wall Street staged a firm recovery on late dealings on Monday. The factor was the Supreme Court's decision on the Wagner Act but the improvement was attributd echiefly to a technical rally from a temporary oversold condition.

BAD SLUMP IN CHICAGO

On the other hand Chicago slumped badly with the weakness of foreign grain markets a dominating factor inducing general selling with rallying power feeble.

COTTON NERVOUS ON LABOUR SITUATION

The Cotton Market steered a straighter course but this market was very nervous on the monetary and labour situations, together with evidences of a change in sentiment both here and abroad. Considerable importance has been attached Mr. Wallace's Caution against too restrictive production and the statement that the twelve cent loan had undesirable consequences".

The U. S. Treasury officials have flatly denied the reported intention to abolish inactive goldfund or re-establish open gold market. Early action to abolish inactive gold fund is expected in the well informed quarters at Washington says Journal of Commerce while other arrangements would prevent renewed expansion of excess reserves. Re-establishment of open gold market adds the Journal, is understood to be receiving increasing favourable attention.

The U. S. Treasury officials have denied above reports but there must be a solution for the surplus world stock of gold.

Under the advice of U. S. Brain Trust, there was steady accumulation of world gold in America and the production has increased considerably. It is becoming a dead weight and there must be some solution. Everybody knows that gold has no commercial use beyond currency reserve and at the moment there is no move for an international gold standard. Thus America will have to revise its gold policy despite denials and the consequences will have far-reaching effect all over the world. Exchanges will be unsettled and new measures will have to be adopted to meet the new situation. Under such a state it will be advisable to await further developments and to have little or no business for some time.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened barely steady and declined on Wall Street and foreign liquidation and the absence of demand apart from price-fixing. Later on there was covering and little Liverpool buying on differences. Later on prices rallied on Wanger act decision and finally short covering appeared.

May delivery opened at a rise of 4 points at 13.97 and soon was quoted 13.98 which was the highest level for the day. Later on under heavy selling prices declined 31 points with May 13.67 which was the lowest level. Prices rallied on short covering and closed at a net 4 to 1 point. Spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 14.49c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 3 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices closed 6 points down at 14.12c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 4 points with July 7.70. There was scattered buying on the strength of Alexandria market and offerings were light. Later prices reacted on long liquidation in sympathy with New York and straddle selling and the demand was poor. The market closed at a net decline of 4 to 1 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed 4 points up at 7.84d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was fairly steady and Sakels futures closed 16 to 12 points up with spot cotton 29 points higher at 12.49. Uppers futures closed 9 to 11 points up.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

There was considerable buying and short covering in the Alexandria market which resulted in a sharp rise. Sakels futures advanced 70 to 54 points and Ashmouni contracts gained 54 to 32 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest 13.98 plus 05 (10-4 a.m.)

New York May lowest 13.67 —26 (1-3 p.m.)

Liverpool July highest 7.73 plus 07

Liverpool July lowest 7.62

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cable:—

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., New York:—

Fertiliser sales expected to be 25 per cent over last year. Farmers buy better quality. Tractors sales heavy. Mills report indicate small consumption, Long interest is large. Recommend taking profits immediately. Expect a better buying opportunity later.

Wheat: Weather reports generally favourable. Reaction of the market to crop estimate less bearish than anticipated indicates market top heavy. Chicago too low as compared with Liverpool but expect adjustment through Liverpool decline.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled:

New crop heaviest fertilized since 1930. Tractor sales heavy. Domestic cloths very slow. World production raised 175,000 on Brazil increase. World mill activity holding.

Their Liverpool Agents cabled:

Unsettled recovered on strength securities.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool:—

Market quiet. Improved on good Alexandria prices. Declined on outside support lacking and disappointing American cables. There are reports that weak Wall Street follow decline temporarily.

Market developed weakness on disappointing American cables owing to nervousness of parties who are 'long.' The feeling here is not 'Bearish. Lancashire yarn market affected favourably by East Indian advices.

Market again unsettled by gold rumours especially talk of inauguration of open gold market in N Y Wallace's advocacy of abundant production and official south Brazil crop estimate of 12,00,000 bales also construed bearishly.

New York:—

Market declined early on liquidation in sympathy with weakness of outside markets. Rallied on spot houses and trade buying.

Decline checked by trade buying. Rallied on short covering. Do not think market will go much lower because of considerable increase in consumption. Desirable cotton scarce. Prefer long side.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 12

May	13.89	—04
July	13.78	—02
October	13.34	—04
December	13.27	—01
January	13.28	—01
March	13.37	—03
Middling Spot	14.49	—04

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, April 12

May	13.77	—06
July	13.68	—06
October	13.33	—03
Middling Spot	14.12	—06

NEW YORK

New York, April 12

11-00 A.M. RANGES—

May	13.88/13.88
July	13.76/13.76
October	13.32/13.32

NUON CALL—

May	13.81
July	13.69
October	13.25

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, April 12

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	37,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	2,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	6,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	11,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 12

April	7.56	—04
May	7.58	—04
June	7.60	—04
July	7.62	—04
August	7.57	—03
September	7.52	—03
October	7.48	—02
November	7.41	—03
December	7.41	—02
January	7.42	—02
February	7.42	—01
March	7.42	—01
Middling Spot	7.84 plus	04

10-12 a.m. quotations

May	7.66
July	7.70

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, April 12

F G F SAKELLARIDIS—

April	11.76
May	11.81
July	11.57
September	12.27
F G F SPOT	12.49

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, April 12

BROACH—

Fully good (good staple)	6.25
Fine (good staple)	6.40
Superfine (good staple)	6.56

OOMRA—

Fine (No. 1 staple)	6.15
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	6.30
Choice (No.... 1 staple)	6.45

BENGAL—

Good	5.15
Fully good	5.25
Fine	5.40

LONDON SEEDS

London, April 12

Linseed La Plata Hull C.I.F.	
April sellers	£13/6/3
Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F.	
April May sellers	£15/2/6
Linseed Bombay London C.I.F	
April May sellers	£15/17/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont C.I.F.	
April May sellers	£15/2/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull C.I.F	
April May sellers	£14/10/0

LONDON RUBBER

London, April 12

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb dollars	11 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 12

T T London on:—

New York	4.90.07
Paris	109.71
Berlin	12.19 1/4
Madrid	78.50
Amsterdam	8.95 1/16
Brussels	29.10
Milan	93.10
Berne	21.53 1/4
Prague	140.50

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, April 12

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 13

Following a further decline of 4 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 250 for Broach J/A delivery and declined to Rs 249/8 while Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 245. The weakness in the local share bazar influenced some selling in the market. The undertone of the market continues easy and general sentiment is against the market. The market closed to-day at 3 p.m. as under, it being Parsi Holiday:—

Broach A/M	245	12	0
Broach J/A	250	0	0
Oomra May	242	12	0
Oomra July	235	0	0
Bengal May	201	0	0
Bengal July	203	0	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, April 13

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	F	G	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	206	203	200		197
Punjab	206	203	200		197
Oomra No. 3	240	237	234	231	...
C P No. 1	253	250	247	244	...
C P No. 2	244	241	238	235	...
Broach No. 2	250	248	245		242
Punjab-Ame	258	256	253		250
Surat	315	313	310		307
Rajpipla	310	308	305		302
Navsari	325	323	320		317

Steady Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 13

Bengal Superfine	207/08
Bengal Fine	202/04
C P 1	240/41
C P 2	231/33
Arvi	231/33
Ellichpur	231/33
Berar	228/33
Khamgaon	228/35
Mulkapur	223/26
Khandesh	218/21
Jalna/Sailu	218/21
Burwah Sanavad	226/31
Mathia	205/08
Broach Fine	250/53
Punjab/American	245/55
Sind N T	320/30
Punjab 289 F	335/40
Jagadia Ankleshwar	305/09
Kim-Kosamba	310/13
Surat	317/20
Navsari	327/30
Kampala	440/42

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, April 13

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	2 days. This	year.
Khandesh	174	201,857
Central India	175	313,616
Barsi and Nagar	655	160,907
Hyderabad Gaorani	138	90,642
Berar	984	525,832
Central Provinces	6	107,843
Total Oomras	2,132	1,400,697
Dholera	1,083	71,676

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Liverpool, April 13

Much warmer in entire Belt Light rains in San Antonio District. Official forecast says. Entire Belt partly cloudy.

N W Provinces	90	8,561
Rajputana	1,040	274,250
Sind Punjab	873	283,091
Broach	2,316	246,946
Coompta and Dharwar	1,859	22,751
Westerns Northerns	306	24,109
Cocoanada	...	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	425	4,607
Persian	..	10
American	...	8,290
Egyptian and African	3,911	245,259
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	22
Total	15,035	2,400,393

Export From Bombay

1st Sept to 8th April

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	1,134	326,739
Japan and China	2,950	1,008,245
Coast Ports	2	17,456
Up-country by Rail	...	178,669
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	55,840
Total	4,086	1,586,949

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, April 12

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£76
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£88 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 5/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£103
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 5/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£15 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£118
National Bank of India	£41 7/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LINSEED OIL

London, April 12

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt April sellers	29/3
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt May August value	29/4 1/2

LONDON PRODUCE

London, April 12

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe May July sellers	50
Wheat Barletta Russo	unquoted
Wheat South Australian April sellers	50/3

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, April 12

Bank bills 3 months market rate	9/16 to 9/16 per cent
Bank bills 6 months market rate	11/16 per cent to 11/16 per cent
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate	2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate	2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan	1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan	1/2 per cent

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 13

Yesterday London gold prices closed unchanged at £7-1-8. London Paris Exchange rate improved 46 points at 109.71. Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted at 4.90 9/32. London silver prices advanced 1/8 cent to 21 1/16d. India and speculators bought. Offerings were small. Later on there were buyers at fixed prices but sellers were reserved New York silver prices reduced 1/8 cent to 46 cents. Montreal futures closed 5 points up. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 19/32 to-day. The local market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range in silver Gold market was easy on increased offerings and prices weakened further as under:—

GOLD

Ready	34	12	0
Chaitra	34	12	0
Vaishakh	34	10	0

SILVER

Ready	54	7	0
Chaitra	52	3	0
Vaishakh	54	11	0

LONDON SILVER

London, April 12

Spot	21 1/16
Forward	21 1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, April 12

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-1-8

LONDON METALS

London, April 12

Uncertainty over U S Monetary policy and heavy liquidation depressed prices. Undertone easy, Speculative holdings are being liquidated.

Copper	£61 5 0
Spelter	£25 16 3
Lead	£24 15 0
Tin	£269 0 0

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, April 13

Yesterday Chicago wheat prices registered a sharp decline. Private cables state that weather reports were generally favourable. Reaction of the market to crop estimate less bearish than anticipated indicates of make top heavy. Chicago too low as compared with Liverpool but expect of adjustments through decline in Liverpool prices the local market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range and quotations were as under:—

Linseed May	8	3	0
Linseed September	8	7	9
Wheat May	6	1	6
Wheat September	6	0	9

Groundnut And Seeds

Bombay, April 13

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	43	9	6
Highest	43	10	9
Lowest	43	7	0
Closing	43	10	b
Groundnuts August—			
Opening	45	4	0
Highest	45	4	3
Lowest	45	1	6
Closing	45	4	u
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	36	14	0
Highest	37	0	0
Lowest	36	13	0
Closing	36	13	6
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	39	0	0
Highest	39	1	0
Lowest	38	13	0
Closing	38	13	6
Cottonseed May—			
Opening	21	7	6
Highest	21	8	0
Lowest	21	6	3
Closing	21	7	0
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	22	10	0
Highest	22	12	0
Lowest	22	6	3
Closing	22	11	0

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, April 13

April	£15-12-6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, April 12

May 121 1/4d
July 120 1/4
October 111 1/4d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 12

May dol 1.37 1/2
July dol 1.23 3/4
September 1.19 3/4

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, April 13

Java ready	13	9	6
April June shipment	4	14	6
July September shipment	4	14	6
October December shipment	4	14	6
Kesar ready	11	4	0
Saraya ready	10	13	0
Spot Java	F.	5.65	

New York Sugar

New York, April 12

July 2.50 unchanged
September 2.50 unchanged
December 2.49 plus 1
January 2.47 unchanged

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 12

Broach A/M 1937 opening 245 1/2; highest 247 1/4; lowest 245: closing 247 1/4

Broach J/A opening 249 3/4, highest 251 3/4; lowest 249; closing 251 3/4

Oomra May opening 232 1/4; highest 234; lowest 232 1/4; closing 234 1/4

Oomra July opening 234 3/4; highest 236 1/2; lowest 234 3/4; closing 236 1/2

Bengal May opening 201; highest 202 1/4; lowest 201; closing 202 1/4

Bengal July opening 203; highest 204 1/4; lowest 203; closing 204 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (21-4-37) Rs. 5 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (30-6-37) Rs. 17 1/2

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 13

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	99/5
3 per cent 1951/54	101/4
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/12
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	92/11
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	105/1
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	106/9
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	116/14
3 per cent U P Bonds	97
5 per cent 1939/44	105/6
5 per cent 1940/43	108/5
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/14

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1945/55	118/15
4 per cent 1953 65 Loan	111
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	123

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974	106/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974	106
5 per cent M Deb 1959	117
5 per cent 1954	129
6 per cent K P T 1956	129
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 92/12 and declined to Rs. 92/10 to close steady at Rs. 92/11. Next settlement quotes 3 annas lower.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, April 13

B C. RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Bank, buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	273
Banks selling T T	271
Banks buying T T	269 7/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	820
Banks buying T T	835
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T (1/8 lower from June)	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	66 7/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/8
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81 3/8
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 3/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York London 12th instant	4.90 3/8
Japan London— 13th instant	1/2 1/32
Java London— 13th instant	8.92 3/4
Hongkong London— 13th instant	1/3
Shanghai London— 13th instant	1/2 9/16
London Paris 12th instant	109.71

TRADING IN NEW COTTON CROP MONTHS

Trading in new cotton crop months will commence from Thursday the 15th instant.

London Belgium 12th instant	29.10
London Switzerland 12th instant	21.53 1/4
London Berlin 12th instant	12.19 1/4
London Stockholm 12th instant	19.39 1/2
London New York 12 instant	4.90.07
London Amsterdam 12th instant	8.95
London Italy 12th instant	93.10

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Firm.

Gold 10th instant	£7-1-8
12th instant	£7-1-8
Silver London Ready 10th instant	20 15/16
12th instant	21 1/16
Silver London Forward 10th instant	21
12th instant	21 1/8
Silver New York Ready 10th instant	45
12th instant	45
London Discounts 3 months 10th instant	9/16 p.c.
12th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 months 10th instant	11/16 p.c.
12th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:— Call	1 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Steady.

Indian Sterling Loans

London, April 12

Call Loan London	1/9
3 per cent	76
3 1/2 per cent	88 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	102 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	106
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	113 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	112 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	97 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	76 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	102
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	103

Produce Receipts

Bombay, April 13

Wheat	22,530 cwts.
Linseed	21,246 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	549 cwts.
Gingellyseed	4,278 cwts.
Poppyseed	509 cwts.
Groundnuts	8,561 cwts.
Castorseed	3,504 cwts.
Rice	7,926 cwts.
Myrabollams	5,059 cwts.
Cottonseed	4,007 cwts.
Gram	930 cwts.
Joowar	1,837 cwts.
Maize	179 cwts.
Barley	272 cwts.
Bajree	976 cwts.
Indian sugar	10,717 cwts.
Coal	322 tons.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, April 13

June	81.30
July	82.00

Rapid Fall And Rise In Steel Shares

SHORT COVERING AND PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT AFTER HEAVY LIQUIDATION

Technical Position Strengthens

BOMBAY, April 13.

The local Share Bazar opened quiet and prices declined on stale long liquidation. Later on there was active professional support and scattered short covering which resulted in steady improvement.

Heavy long liquidation is improving the technical position of the market but in view of uncertainty over gold situation, all world markets are nervous awaiting developments.

The U. S. Treasury officials have denied all rumours but in the absence of any satisfactory solution for the surplus world gold stocks, we believe there will be nervousness in commercial circles.

Tata Steel Deferreds opened to-day at Rs. 1,650 and improved to Rs. 1,690. At this level there was considerable unloading and prices declined to Rs. 1,575. Short covering and professional support arrested the decline and prices rallied rapidly under improved buying and Deferreds were quoted at Rs. 1,680.

Cotton mill shares also fluctuated both ways. The tone of the market at the close was steady.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, April 13.

	Rs	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	322	8
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	971	4
100 CENTURY	221	14
100 CEN INDIA (Rs. 4)	312	8
100 COLABA (nil)	156	4
100 Coorla	107	8
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	375	0
L E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0	11
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	152	8
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	230	0
1000 Hindustan (Rs 75)	1,725	0
100 Indore	55	0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	105	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	327	8
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	665	0
250 Madras United	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100	0
250 Model	71	14
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118	12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	247	8
100 Oosmanshahi (Rs. 1)	55	8
100 Phoenix (10)	812	8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	77	8
1,000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	2,600	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-2)	102	8
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	266	4
100 Swan (nil)	110	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1440	0
100 Western	805	0

BANKS.

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	109	4
25-50 Central (As. 12)	34	8
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1,515	0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	375	0
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	132	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	129	12
5 Unon (As. 4)	5	11

CEMENTS

100 Associated	178	0
10 BUNDI, (As. 10)	43	8
100 Coimbatore (Rs. 10)	221	4
70 Gwalior (Rs. 4)	155	0
160 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	583	12
40 Baltimi Def (Rs. 83-8-9)	2,570	6
100 KATNI ORD (Rs. 10)	430	0
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	340	0
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	32	4
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	558	12
70 United (Rs. 5)	184	0

INSURANCE.

80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1,155	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15	0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	44	2
20 Mercantile	55	0
200 Oriental (125)	5,870	0
10-50 Universal Fire (As. 4)	5	7
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	10

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	182	8
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (45)	1690	0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	151	4
100 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6)	190	0
10 Broach	14	4
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	285	0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	210	0
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5) XD	179	6
1000 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1490	0

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	910	0
100 C. Province	94	8
100 Dhond Baramati	102	0
100 Gujarat	92	0
100 Mandra Bhon	97	8
100 Pachora Jamner	97	8
100 Sara Sirajgunje	100	0
500 Tapti Valley	766	4

MININGS

10 Shivrajpur (As. 8)	65	8
30 TATA STEEL DEF (Rs. 7-8)	1680	0
75 Tata Steel ord. (Rs. 6)	342	0

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	355	0
50 B. Sugar (Rs. 7)	183	12
200 Bday Safe Dep (Rs. 40)	00	
250 B. Steam (Rs. 15)	298	12
125 B. Burma (Rs. 12-9)	716	4
50 Do Contry (Rs. 5)	237	8
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	7	3 6
50 B. Telephone (Rs. 1-8)	116	0
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	13	8
2sh. Indian Copper	4	2 6
10 Indian I. and Steel	58	0
100 I. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	150	0
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs 2)	54	
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	650	0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	530	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	626	
15 Scindia	29	15
30 PREMIER CON.	101	8
25 Tata Oil (nil)	28	4

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c Andhra Valley	1550	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	299	6
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	84	8
5 p.c Central India (T.F.)	537	8
7 p.c Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146	4
7-1/2 p.c Punjab Cement	13	10
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const 1st	104	8
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const. 2nd	100	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	153	12
7-1/2 p.c Tata Power	1560	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st.	200	0
7½ p.c Tata Steel 2nd.	179	8
7 p.c Vishnu	692	8

DEBENTURES.

3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	0
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	110	0
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51	4
7 p.c. Sholapur	84	0
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110	0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward list.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, April 13

Century (225) 221 223 216 222 221
Bombay Dyeing (981/4) 970 977 955 957 950 970 971
Kohinoor (327/8) 326 328 322 325 517 328 326 327
Central India (320) 312 315 302 311 308 312
New Great (247/8) 243 246 240 248 246 247
Simplex (103/2) 103 98 101 102
Swadeshi (268/12) 267 260 267 266
Bundi (45) 45/5 44/4 44
I Cement (585) 586 580 585 583
Punjab (32/14) 32/12 32/4
Shahabad (561/4) 567 552 557 558
Andhra (1675) 16685 1690
Tata Hydro (181/14) 181
Tata Power (1492/8) 1490 1495 1480 1490
Tram Ord (151/4) 151/4
T Steel Defd (1680) 1650 1705 1640 1600 1620 1580 1645 1620 1685 1670 1680
T Steel Ord (337) 318 342 340 341 328 333 326 330 378 336 330 342
Tata Steel 2nd pref (179/8) 179/4
Bellapur (181/4) 183 181 183
B Steam (301/4) 300 296 298
B Burma (717/8) 702 715 687 701 6990 715 712 716

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 12

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amr Water Works Com	21
Amr Gas and Electric	37
Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	58
Ame Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	66
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	78
Electric Bond Common	20
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	68
Columbia Gas	15
United Corporation	6
American Tel and Tel	168 3/4
Western Union Telg	71
Baltimore and Ohio Rly	36
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly	60
Erie Rly	19
Great North Pfd Rly	51
New York Central Rly	48½
Southern Pacific Rly	58
Firestone Rubber	37
Bethelehem Steel	91
Republican Steel	42
United States Steel	112 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	57 3/4
Int Nickel of Canada	65 1/4
Chrysler	116
General Motors	59½
General Electric	54
Barnsdall Oil	32
St. Oil of N J	50
Socony	19
National Dairy	24
Chase Bank	55
National City Bank	49
Amr Celanese	35
Crucible Steel	72
National Steel	85
Youngstown Sheet	88
United S Smelting	92
Northern S Power A	24

Supreme Court upheld Wagner Labour act constitutional. Decision well taken by market. Turnover 1½ million shares.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Bombay, April 13

New York Liverpool: May 159 July 178 October 194 at cross rate 4.90 9/32

Bombay Liverpool:

JUPITER GENERAL
is a progressive Insurance Co.
J5

REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
can be consulted by the Insuring public on all occasions and for all Insurances.
J6

PEASANTS' PLIGHT

Acute Situation In Almora District: Apathy Of Authorities

(From Our Correspondent)
ALLAHABAD, April 13.

Distressing details of the famine raging in Almora District have been received at Anand Bhawan. Majority of the poor people including the Depressed Classes have got no land to cultivate.

Peasants in Almora District are generally tenants—at—will and depend on high caste landlords for livelihood.

The distribution of 'takavi' loans has been of little use as according to rules, 'takavi' loans are distributed only to persons with property or hissedars as they are called on hills. Needy people, old young men and women are flocking to Almora from distances of forty to fifty miles trudging on foot, even during rains, to get supplies to some family from starvation.

At Almora the non-official Scarcity Relief Committee has opened cheap grain shop. Workers have been detailed in affected areas to distribute tickets to the poor people for getting supplies at cheap rates. Government were approched for a loan of Rs. 10,000 for purchase of grain but the request has not been granted and fresh appeals for loan are being made to Government as conditions are worsening, but Government are sitting tight.

PEASANTS LEAVING BRITISH INDIA

Famine Drives Them Into Gondal State

BARODA, April 13.

A report received from Patan in Mehsana Dist., states that there is acute scarcity of fodder and cattle are dying in large numbers. Urgent relief is needed.

Another report from Jamnagar narrates the same tale. Due to acute poverty and inadequate relief measures peasant families in border of the state are leaving the state and migrated to Gondal state.—United Press.

400 WEAVERS ON STRIKE

BHAVNAGAR, April 12.

400 weavers of the Mahalakshmi Mills have struck work as a sequel to the dismissal of a worker. The workers are adamant and peaceful. —United Press.

NO POLITICAL SIGNIFICANCE

NEW DELHI, April 12.

The Associated Press understands that no political or other significance is attached to the incident at the bungalow of the Chief Commissioner, in which Richard Collins, a young Indian Christian received bayonet injuries in a scuffle with the sentry on duty.—A.P.

A hut in suburb Alkapuri (Baroda) was burnt causing loss of about Rs. 500. The poor family is now staying in an adjoining building. It is expected that a good sum would be collected to help the distressed family.

The Government of Bombay have appointed Mr. J. T. Day, Deputy Traffic Manager, G.I.P. Railway, to be a member of the Provincial Fruit and Vegetable Market Committee constituted in last October.

In connection with the second anniversary of the Rohidas Mitra Mandal a 'Haldi-Kunkum' ceremony was held under the Presidentship of Miss Bachubai Wagle (centre) at Elphinstone Road Parel.

'Terrible Wastage' In Primary Education

Educational Commissioner's Charge-Sheet Against Ministers

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

"What is wrong with education has been pointed out time and again and the necessary steps to put it right indicated, but these steps are not taken. No Provincial Ministry since education became a transferred subject has had the courage to tackle the evils fundamentally. They could not reorganize and readjust in the higher stages of the educational system as there are too many vested interests to antagonize, while in the lower stages they are helpless to stem waste and extravagance."

This is the comment which the Educational Commissioner with the Government of India makes in his report reviewing the general progress of education in 1934-35.

CHANGE IN PUBLIC OPINION.

But so far as the upper stages are concerned, says the report, there has been a change in public opinion and an awakening to the necessity of educational reorganization. In the United Provinces the opinion has been expressed in a Government resolution that "the value of University education is impaired by the presence in the universities of a large number of students who are unfit for higher literary or scientific education; that these students cannot hope to obtain employment which would justify the expense of their education; and that the only feasible remedy is to divert them to practical pursuits in the pre-University stage." The Inter-University Board at its third Conference also made similar recommendations, while the Punjab University Committee stated that a scheme of school reconstruction was a vital preliminary to the improvement of University teaching. Similar opinions were expressed all over India, and there seems at last a general disposition to tackle the problem in earnest.

CHARGE AGAINST LOCAL BODIES.

While the problem has at last been handled in the higher stages, little has however been done to diminish the waste and extravagance which characterizes the administration of primary education. Primary education as a rule is controlled by local bodies. But when no less than 74 per cent. of all boys attending primary schools never attain literacy, it is obvious that the administration by local bodies of primary education has entirely failed. Local bodies complain of inadequacy of fund, but the waste involved is such that three-fourths of the expenditure on primary education is rendered entirely unproductive.

The degree of control exercised by the local bodies varies from Province to Province, but broadly speaking, it is correct to say that Boards are very susceptible to local influence and open schools where there is no demand, and keep them going when they are dead for personal and not public reasons.

The position must be retrieved, and the method of retrieval is undoubtedly closer co-operation between local bodies and the Departments of Education.

NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS.

Coming to actual statistics, the number of institutions has decreased by 461 from 256,724 in 1934 to 256,263 in 1935. The quantitative increase in numbers undergoing instruction, however, continues.

TERRIBLE WASTAGE.

But the figures take no note of the wastage at the primary stage, that is, of the large number who fail to complete the course and attain literacy. For the whole of India this figure is no less than 74 per cent. for boys and 87 per cent. for girls. These are terrible figures The Education Departments are striving everywhere to reduce this figure, and that their efforts are showing results may be seen by the comprehensive reduction in the figures of wastage which were in 1931 79 per cent. for boys and 90 per cent. for girls. In the first flush of enthusiasm, when education became a transferred subject, quantity rather than quality was the goal; but the defects have been diagnosed and everywhere primary education is being improved and mistakes retrieved.

EXPENDITURE.

The total expenditure from all sources on education in British India shows an increase of Rs. 34,46,234, the total for the year being Rs. 26,52,11,420. 43.7 per cent. of this expenditure was met from Government funds, 15.7 per cent from local funds, 25 per cent. from fees and the remaining 15.6 per cent. from other sources.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

Increasing interest is being taken in physical education. There is a general recognition that the old type of drill is of little value, and physical training on modern lines is being introduced in most Provinces. The growing interest in games is reported to have created a demand for more playgrounds everywhere, but much leeway has yet to be made in the matter of physical training and games.

Scouting continues to grow in popularity.

More attention is also being paid to the medical inspection of schools, specially in the United Provinces where special school clinics have been set up in the larger cities and milk is also given to those needing it.

SPECIAL CLASSES AND COMMUNTIES.

There has been an increase in the number of Muslim boys under instruction by 47,014 to 2,828,481, while the number of girls has increased to 749,375 by 29,272, which is, considering the circumstances, a satisfactory figure. All stages of education share in the increase, and there is a welcome addition of 101 girls reading in the University stage.

The segregate school for Muslims undoubtedly retards the progress of primary education among them. "Maktabs" and schools of the same type are popular, but as factors in educational progress they are of little or no value as they are regarded primarily as religious institutions and not as part of the educational structure. The teacher or teachers are engaged for their knowledge of religion and not for pedagogic qualities. It is time, says the report, the situation was recognized and real efforts made to tackle it.

MUSLIMS VOTE HINDU FOR PRESIDENT

KARACHI (By Mail).

THAT HINDUS AND MUSLIMS IN SIND STAND FOR JOINT ELECTORATES WAS ONCE MORE IN EVIDENCE WHEN IN A HOUSE WITH PREDOMINANT MUSLIM MAJORITY, A HINDU WAS ELECTED PRESIDENT WITH MOST OF THE MUSLIM VOTES.

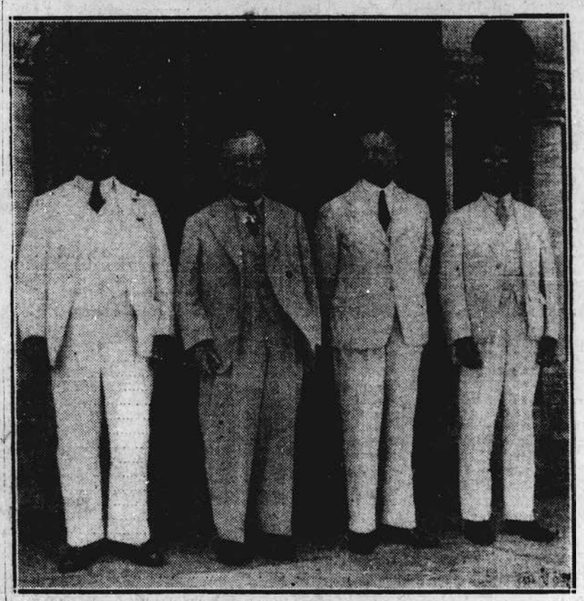
The election of the President of the Karachi District Board came off on the morning of April 10. All the 28 members including 18 Muslims and 7 Hindus were present.

There were two candidates for the Presidentship of the Board, namely, Rai Bahadur Shewaram Dewanmal and Khan Bahadur Fazul Muhmmud Lajari. Rai Bahadur Shewaram polled 19 votes while his opponent Khan Bahadur Lajari secured 7 votes only.

Most of the Muslim members voted for the Hindu candidate.—United Press.

Sultan Mohamad Bin Omer, Prince and heir-apparent of Shehr and Mokalla who sailed for Europe by the Strathnaver.

What Notable Improvement Did
AMI ARGAND
Make in
LAMPS
?
Please See Page 2



Group of the Bombay Public Services Commission members who met on Monday. L. to R. Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto, (member) Mr. H. B. Clayton (Chairman) Mr. C. W. E. Arbuthnot (member) and J. B. Fernandez (Secretary).

Rising Tide Of Mass Awakening

KAMLADEVI ON NEW ORIENTATION OF INDIA'S FIGHT FOR FREEDOM

(From Our Own Correspondent)
JAFFNA, April 8.

After a lapse of about six years Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya visits Jaffna again. On the first occasion, she had come here to preside over the Youth Congress. To-day she comes on the invitation of the Lanka Sama Samaj Party to carry the message of National Independence and Socialism.

Mrs. Kamaladevi and party arrived here last evening from Trincomalee. This evening she addressed a mammoth public meeting. The theme of her speech was Socialism. She began with the spirit of revolt that was visible among all oppressed people in the world. This spirit manifested itself in the colonial countries in the form of the struggle for national independence. For the masses of people who felt the weight of the present economic system and political control heaviest, these struggles became a matter of life and death.

NEW ORIENTATION.

The Indian struggle was illustrative of the new turn in the nationalistic struggles. There it was no more a movement of the upper classes of the people. It was a mass movement and its content was assuming more and more a socialistic basis. Why was it so? The economic crisis had torn the veil off the present order of things and as the Indian struggle for independence itself became more intense the alignment of forces also became clearer. They found that the vested interests, the Rajas and Maharajas and Zamindars, went over to the side of imperialism. The struggle then became a struggle for the capture of political power by the masses.

HOME FOR THE FUTURE

To-day at the head of the Indian National Congress was a confirmed Socialist who carried its message to the masses all over the country. The fact that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was thrice elected to the high place of honour indicated the increasing strength of the Socialist appeal and the intensity with which it was favoured. Masks that interests hostile to the mass interests had worn to mislead the people could not last long. That was also demonstrated in the recent elections in India.

And with the realisation that they had as much right to all good things of the world as the others, the struggle became one for a higher social system. That higher social order was Socialism and it alone [illegible] hope for the future.

Mrs. Kamaladevi was loudly cheered as she completed her speech.

The leading members of the Lanka Sama Samaj Party addressed the meeting on the necessity of developing a strong nationalist movement based on the demands of the masses in Jaffna and link it on with the mass movement that was developing in the South of the Island. Such a mighty united effort alone would bring liberation from imperialism.

RECEPTION TO KAMALADEVI

(From Our Own Correspondent)
JAFFNA: April 9.

Hundreds of peasants of Tunnalai, Point Pedro, about 20 miles from here, had gathered early this morning to welcome Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya who addressed on the "Struggle of the Masses'.

Leaders of the Lanka Sama Samaj Party also addressed the meeting on the growing movement of the peasantry in the South of the Island. They exposed those who called themselves as the leaders of the land and betrayed the interests of the masses.

Mrs. Kamaladevi will be addressing two more meetings to-day before leaving for Colombo.

Karnatak Leaders For Coorg

(From Our Correspondent)
HUBLI, April 12.

Dr. N. S. Hardikar and Mr. R. S. Hukerikar, Secretaries Karnatak Parliamentary Board, and Mrs. Umabai Kundapur left for Haveri "en route" to Coorg Elections for Coorg District Board and Legislative Council will take place on 17th and 26th instant respectively. The party stays there ten days. Mrs. Kamaladevi joins them there.

CONVENTION IN MAHAKOSHAL

Congress Party Move For Session In May

NAGPUR, April 13.

The Congress Party, it is learnt, would shortly convene a Convention at which besides Congress Assembly members, other elected members to the provincial legislature will be invited.

Dr Khare, the Congress Party leader, said the venue of this Convention would be a suitable place in Mahakoshal (C. P. Hindi Districts), probably Jubbulpore, and it is likely to be some time in May. The exact date will be fixed after consultations with some of his colleagues.

The main object of the Convention is to consider the present political developments resulting in the formation of a minority ministry in the province and to draw up the future programme of work in the Legislature which according to present calculations may meet in August next.

It is understood that Dr. Khare who has himself favoured the idea of holding the Convention now has received a communication from Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel suggesting to him to convene it at the earliest possible date.

National Week In Nagpur

The National Week which concludes this evening was utilised by local Congressmen to explain to the public of Nagpur why the Congress Party could not form a ministry in the province though it had the majority in the legislature, at meetings in different suburbs.

The week was also devoted to enrolling Congress members and to pushing on sales of Khadi.—A.P.

BUDGET DEFICIT LESSENING

Income From Customs Beyond Expectation

NEW DELHI, April 12.

An improvement approximately of half a crore of rupees over the revised estimates is shown by the returns of the actual revenue under the main heads of Customs and Excise for the fiscal year ending March 1937.

The figures for the final month of March, separately, now available show that the improvement is not confined to particular items, but is spread over all items in the Customs list.

After allowing for the transfer of half the jute duty it seems probable that the budget deficit for 1936/37 will be less than that anticipated by between Rs. 30 and 40 lakhs.

Optimism with which the year closed has been strengthened by the fact that March figures confirm the progressive upward trend in returns, which first became apparent in December after successive declines month by month during the first eight months of 1936-37.

Money in circulation continues about 25 per cent higher than during corresponding period of last year, including approximately Rs. 7 crores increase in silver circulation during the past 6 months. —A.P.

"KELKAR HAS LITERALLY BURIED TILAK'S PHILOSOPHY"

JALGAON, April 12.

"It is rather a declaration of a Dictator from his War Office involving serious consequences than an argument on constitutional issues" said Mr. Haribhau Joshi, a Maharashtra Congress leader, referring to Lord Zetland's statement at a meeting held here last night in connection with the National Week.

Continuing Mr. Joshi said that the nation would accept this challenge and prefer going to wilderness than submitting to this political outrage.

Referring to Mr. Kelkar's statement regarding Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's accepting Ministry he said:—

"Mr. Kelkar as usual, while suspending his judgment on the matter has encouraged Mr. Mehta to accept Ministry by saying that he would await the outcome of Mr. Mehta's efforts.

Mr. Kelkar has literally buried Tilak's philosophy by suggesting that Mr. Mehta's good Government may be accepted as Self-Government. It is exactly for uprooting this liberal notion that Tilak lived and died."

In conclusion he warned the audience not to be carried away by the paper schemes. He made a passionate appeal for strengthening the Congress ranks for a fight which might be thrusted on the Nation any time.

Mr. Wadekar, pleader, presided over the meeting.—United Press.

15 POLITICALS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

NEW DELHI, April 12.

HUNGER-STRIKE HAS BEEN RESORTED TO BY FIFTEEN PERSONS ARRESTED IN CONNECTION WITH THE HARTAL ON APRIL 1, AND WHO ARE NOW IN DELHI JAIL. THIS IS STATED TO BE THE SEQUEL TO SOLITARY CONFINEMENT ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN AWARDED THEM FOR REFUSING TO CARRY OUT THE ORDER OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE JAIL TO FILE THEMSELVES IN LINE IN THE WEEKLY PARADE THIS MORNING.

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